



# **2022 INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REVIEW & EVALUATION WORKSHOP** MANAGEMENT REPORT





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#### I. Executive Summary

- 1) Very satisfactory level performance expected. The overall completion rate of Department targets shows that the Management is expected to show a very satisfactory level performance across clusters except for certain programs/activities/projects (PAPs) such as the utilization of intermediaries on the Listahanan results due to the pending completion of the reports generation and management phase; placement of children for domestic and intercountry adoption which barely reached half of the targets in the third quarter of the year.
- 2) Performance exceeded programmed targets that compromised operational capacity, procedures, and controls. Despite the Department achieving very high accomplishment rates for Assistance to Individuals in Crisis Situations (AICS) Malasakit Centers and Assistance in Communities in Need (ACN), the management must consider examining the agency capacity, procedures, and program controls. Reports show that the high accomplishment rate of 285% is a result of referrals from district representatives, local government units, and service providers, hand-in-hand with the mobilization of personnel from other operating units or offices to augment during payouts. However, reports show that respective operations of other operating units have also been disrupted and have to put these as an added work to their main deliverables. Similarly, support to operations services through the Social Marketing Service and its field office unit counterparts, for example, has displayed 200% to more than 400% accomplishment rates on their completed social marketing activities.
- 3) Human Resource challenges remain the most critical concern. Most pressing factors affecting the performance of offices are primarily on the employment status, high attrition rate of employees, and limited number of staff focused on the program itself to deliver the agency targets. Since programs and services are dependent on regular personnel who are only authorized to disburse funds especially on activities that directly releases cash (or similar means) to clients, offices resort into mobilizing personnel from various operating units which eventually disrupts their respective operations such as providing technical assistance to the local government units (LGUs), institutionalization of social technology projects, and monitoring of sub-projects.
- 4) Workforce assessment needs to be prioritized. in order to respond to the human and organizational capital needs of the Department. This is needed in the Integrated Cost of Service (ICOS) policy, proposals for plantilla positions, the agency's rightsizing measures, and the Devolution Transition Plan. The ICOS refers to a contract of services entered into between the hiring government agency and a private firm or non-governmental agency, through public bidding or negotiated contracts and subject to pertinent Commission on Audit (COA) rules and regulations<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In an institutional contract of services, the contracted agency is engaged to provide personnel who shall perform lump sum work or service related to or incidental to the hiring agency's functions and operations, for a specific period of time not exceeding six (6) months. Provided, that such contract of services shall be entered into when it is impractical or more expensive for the hiring government agency to directly undertake such service.



6) **Mobilizing and sustaining LGU participation needs to be strategized.** Programs that entail long periods of coordination and preparation such as the Kapit-Bisig Laban sa Kahirapan-Comprehensive and Integrated Delivery of Social Services (Kalahi-CIDSS) need management intervention in mobilizing support from other national agencies to make LGU participation attractive and sustainable for the completion and success of subprojects.

The personnel rendering the service remain the employees of the contracted agency and are precluded from entering into an employer-employee relationship with the hiring government agency. Source: COA-DBM Joint Circular No. 2, Series of 2020 https://www.coa.gov.ph/wp-content/uploads/ABC-Help/Various\_Transaction/a33.htm



#### II. Introduction

An institutionalized process to ensure that performance issues and strategies are documented and responded to by accountable offices, especially the leadership, the **Integrated Performance Review, and Evaluation Workshop (IPREW) Management Report** provides the executive officers the means to apply the necessary interventions to help the Department reach its targets and address issues that would impede the agency achieve its intended results that are aligned to its Strategic Plan. The Management Report is a result of multi-level reviews and evaluation of different offices of the Department of its programs, systems, and processes, vis-à-vis its agency objectives.

This report outlines the actions taken and recommendations to the management that will help address performance issues based on the progress of operating units on their contributions to the DSWD Strategic Plan 2018-2022 Results Framework and its corresponding Strategic Position under the DSWD Strategy 2028. Hence, this document communicates the critical management actions and recommendations to the Secretary and Cluster Heads to drive and support the offices in achieving their targets.

Specifically, offices utilized their respective Office Performance Contracts (OPCs) and Annual Work and Financial Plans (AWFP) in assessing their unit performance. Both of these documents contain cascaded agency-level commitments along the DSWD Strategy and compliance with the Ease of Doing Business Act and the Department-Wide ISO 9001:2015 Certification Project.

For CY 2022<sup>2</sup>, the report is limited to a total of nine (9) Central Office Bureaus, Offices, and Services (OBS)<sup>3</sup> - primarily under the Office of the Secretary Group (OSG); Operations Group (OpG); Standards and Capacity Building Group (SCBG); General Administration and Support Services Group (GASSG); and its 15 Field Offices (FOs) that have both conducted and completed their documented results which have become the basis of the Report. It also reflected the status of the implementation of agency-level targets, and more importantly, the operational factors that affected such performance. The remaining offices have either not yet conducted their respective Performance Review and Evaluation Workshops (PREW), not yet resolved the concerns that have emerged in their own office, or responded to their Field Office counterpart, and/or fully documented its results, actions/recommendations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As of 10 December 2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> International Social Services Office (ISSO), Program Management Bureau (PMB), Social Technology Bureau (STB), Social Marketing Service (SMS), National Household Targeting Office (NHTO), Department Legislative Liaison Office (DLLO), Legal Service (LS), Targeted Cash Transfer Program National Program Management Office (TCT NPMO), and Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration (OASA) only.



#### Policy Development & Planning Bureau

#### III. Performance Review and Management Recommendations

#### A. Office of the Secretary Group (OSG)

#### 1. Social Marketing Service (SMS)

The Social Marketing Service (SMS) is responsible of formulating and implementing the DSWD communication and advocacy plans and policies to promote social change undertakes advocacy, social marketing and networking activities to promote social change with publics and stakeholders. Moreover, it provides technical assistance on social marketing to OBSUs and Field Offices to generate broader support.

#### a. Completion Rate

**Outcome Level Indicator.** The measurement of SMS outcome indicator is the conduct of Online Knowledge, Attitude, and Practice (KAP) Survey conducted by the Social Marketing Units of the DSWD Field Offices. The KAP survey concluded that 93% of the respondents aware of at least 2 DSWD programs, aside from 4Ps. Two (2) DSWD programs with high awareness rating are SLP with 54.95% awareness rating and AICS with 42.93% awareness rating.

**Output Level Indicators.** Based on the third quarter 2022 accomplishment of SMS, all output indicators of social marketing activities for CY 2022 exceeded the annual targets with major deviations. Positive deviations of output indicators were associated to the heightened advocacy on various social welfare and development concerns and programs updates.

Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Outcome Indicator			
Percentage of respondents aware of at	93%	90%	3%
least two DSWD programs except 4Ps			
Output Indicators			
Number of social marketing activities			
conducted			
a. Information caravans On-Air	762	128	495 %
b. Press releases	1,699	432	293%
Number of IEC materials developed	4,590	712	545%

#### Targets vs. Accomplishments (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2022)

#### **b.** Review and Recommendations

Operational gaps and challenges on social marketing are manageable at the Division and Service level. Management shall expect that operational targets of the said office will remain fully achieved.



#### 2. Legal Service (LS)

The Legal Service (LS) provides legal assistance and support to the DSWD, its various OBSUs and personnel by handling administrative and litigated cases involving the DSWD and its personnel, providing legal opinions and advice on matters involving the DSWD's mandate and exercise of its official powers and functions, and rendering related services. The Key Result Areas of LS are Legal Management and Legal Assistance.

#### a. Completion Rate

The Legal Service received a total of 321 complaints from the start of CY 2022.

Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Percentage of disciplinary	100%	100%	0%
cases resolved within timeline	(3 cases)		
Percentage of litigated cases	0%	100%	Inconclusive
resolved in favor of the	(0 of 13 pleadings filed)		
Department			
Percentage of requests for	100%	100%	0%
legal assistance	(1,592 requests)		

Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)

#### **b.** Review and Recommendations

Operational gaps and challenges on this service are manageable at the Service and Field Office level. Management shall expect that operational targets of the said office will be fully achieved.

### 3. National Household Targeting Office (NHTO)

The NHTO ensures the development and adoption of relevant unified criteria to identify poor households who would be beneficiaries of social protection programs. It aims to improve access to, the utility of, the national database of poor households of and to various social protection stakeholders.

The Key Results Area of the NHTO are the (1) Management of the Database of Poor Households, (2) Household Targeting System Management, and (3) Data Sharing.

#### a. Completion Rate

The Listahanan 3 database was launched on 23 November 2022 with a theme: Bawat Bahay Magkakasama sa Kaunlaran. However, the NHTO has yet to publish the complete National Result of Listahanan 3 that specifies the magnitude of the poor, their housing preferences, their health and sanitation conditions, their educational levels, their economic characteristics, and other pertinent data. According to the directive of the Secretary to all DSWD Central Office and Field Offices, dated 7 November 2022, the national result of the Listahanan 3 will be



released after the Reports Generation and Management which is the final phase of its cycle.

However, the same memorandum provided no further information on how long the said phase will take. In effect, no evidence supports that its performance target will be met within CY 2022. This will result to further implication on the use of Listahanan by various intermediaries which may therefore reflect no accomplishments to their agency-level commitments.

### Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)

Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Percentage of intermediaries utilizing	No	100% LGUs	Inconclusive
Listahanan results	accomplishment	and NGAs	
No. of households assessed to determine	indicated due to	-	
poverty status	the pending		
No. of households assessed for a special	Reports	-	
validation	Generation and		
	Management (final		
	phase)		

#### **b.** Review and Recommendations

Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
Key Results Area/ Program	L		
<ul> <li>Delayed release of the Listahanan 3 database resulted in no accomplishment in this area due to the pending completion of the Reports Generation and Management Phase or</li> </ul>	Action taken: i. Memorandum from the Secretary dated 7 Nov. 2022 the national result of the Listahanan 3 after the final phase of its cycle: the Reports Generation and Management Phase	4Q 2022	Secretary
the final phase of	Recommendations:		
Listahanan.	i. NHTO to issue the National Results of Listahanan 3 as approved by the Secretary.	1Q 2022	Secretary
	ii. Following the launching of Listahanan 3, the top-level management led by the Secretary can discuss and come up with an action plan on how the result of Listahanan 3 can be applied in promoting convergence programs and other social protection programs by the	1Q 2022	Secretary



Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability		
Key Results Area/ Program: Data Sharing					
	national government agencies⁴.	2Q 2022	Undersecretary for Operations Group		
	<ul> <li>iii. Ensure implementation of social protection as part of the government's strategy. The Listahanan 3 result is vital through proper targeting of disadvantaged sectors (30.3 million poor individuals<sup>5</sup>) for the continuous provision of assistance by the government in the form of subsidies for affected individuals and households taking into account on how the Listahanan 3 database complements the Community-Based Monitoring System as stipulated in the NBM No. 143 s. 2022 issued by the Department of Budget and Management (DBM).</li> </ul>		Undersecretary for Social Welfare and Development		

### B. Operations Group (OpG)

#### 1. Program Management Bureau (PMB)

The Program Management Bureau (PMB) ensures the responsive and efficient implementation of social welfare and development (SWD) programs, projects and services. Currently, it implements a package of interventions for individuals or families in crisis or difficult situation and communities that are vulnerable to or affected by disasters, referred to as Protective Services Program. The program includes food assistance, educational assistance, transportation assistance, medical assistance and burial assistance, as well as cash/food for work and repair/improvement/construction of child development and senior citizens centers for communities in need of such support or facilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For instance, a percentage of the 2.7 million formal sector workers in the Listahanan database who can be hired for infrastructure projects must be referred to the national government agencies that implemented for their income that will help in the improvement of their well-being for the Department to use the infrastructure development of the Philippine government (as stated in the National Budget Memorandum No. 143 s. 2022 of the DBM).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> NHTO shared Listahanan 3 Sectoral Data as of December 2021



#### i. Completion Rate

As of September of this year, 3,515,705 clients were assisted through the AICS. Field Office VI had the highest percentage of served clients with 453,368 while Field Office CAR had the lowest with 62,735 served clients. Although it must be noted that across all offices, the number of served clients is way above the target number of clients.

#### Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)

Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Number of individuals	3,515,705	1,234,785	185%
assisted <sup>6</sup>			

#### ii. Review and Recommendations

Program management must be clear on what is the basis on how the Department was able to achieve the said accomplishment rate especially that the target is only programmed on the current appropriations of the Department which is also tailor-fitted to the current agency's capacity as well as controls and procedures. Otherwise, with these figures, the Department may have compromised not only its capacity, but as well as controls and procedures during the course of implementation.

Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
<ul> <li>Capacity</li> <li>1) Limited number of Special Disbursing Officers (SDOs) and approving officers to cater large number of beneficiaries since most of the Staff are COS/MOA who are not allowed to become SDOs that is required during the payout.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Actions taken:</li> <li>1) Augmentation by other offices to delegate a number of regular staff to act as SDOs during payout however affecting the workload of said offices and staff as well.</li> <li>2) DSWD filed an administrative bill that includes provisions of additional plantilla positions.</li> <li>3) Drafted the Administrative Order</li> </ul>	CY 2022	Undersecretary for Operations Undersecretary for Special Concerns

<sup>•</sup> Medical, educational, transportation and burial assistance are the types of financial assistance under the AICS. Also, material assistance (in the form of food and non-food items), psychosocial intervention and referral service are available



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	perational Gaps and Challenges	a	Recommendations nd/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
2)	Absence of security during payout to safeguard DSWD personnel during off site payout.		public vehicle or use their personal vehicle, subject for reimbursement of expenses.		
		<b>Re</b> 1)	commendations: Initiate or revisit partnerships with national agencies or the local government units to provide the DSWD official vehicles and security to personnel across regions.	1Q-4Q 2023	Undersecretary for Operations Undersecretary for Special Concerns
<b>Pr</b> 1)	ocedure There are no guidelines in process grievance and clients submitting fake documents.	<b>Ac</b> 1)	tions taken: Grievance tickets were provided with appropriate action within the prescribed EODB timeline (ie. 3- 7-20 working days)	CY 2022	Undersecretary for Social Welfare and Development
		<b>Re</b> 1)	<b>commendations:</b> Issuance of approved Guidelines which will be directly managed by the Agency Operations Center (AOC).	2Q 2023	Undersecretary for Social Welfare and Development

### b. Adoption Resource and Referral Division - Adoption and Foster Care

#### i. Completion Rate

About 217 children were placed for domestic adoption with Certification to Declare a Child Legally Available for Adoption (CDCLAA) from the annual target of 524 children. Also, 11 children were endorsed/cleared for intercountry adoption out of the 238 children planned for endorsement within the year.

Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3 <sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)					
Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance		
Number of children placed for domestic adoption with CDCLAA	217	524	-59%		
Number of children endorsed/ cleared for intercountry adoption	11	238	-96%		



Meanwhile, foster care services have placed 1,032 children in their respective families or parents with the assistance of LGUs and child caring agencies.

Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3 <sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)					
Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance		
Number of children placed	1,032	1,081	-5%		
for foster care					

#### ii. Review and Recommendations

Accomplishment rate of Adoption Services is at an alarming level and will likely cause the Department to not reach its targets by the end of CY 2022. The **Undersecretary for Operations** must prioritize levelling off with the operating office to trace the underlying issues of the performance by 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of CY 2023. If left unresolved, this will also affect the fulfillment of functions by the National Authority for Child Care (NACC) which can open loopholes on its establishment and funding.

#### c. Travel Clearance for Minors Traveling Abroad

#### i. Completion Rate

Travel clearance was issued for 14,955 minors. Most were from Field Office IV-A with 3,574 issuances and Field Office NCR with 3,531 issuances.

Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Number of minors issued	14,955	As need	Inconclusive
with travel clearance		arises	

#### ii. Review and Recommendations

Operational gaps and challenges on this service are manageable at the Division and Bureau level. Management shall expect that operational targets of the said office will be fully achieved.

#### d. Supplementary Feeding Program

#### i. Completion Rate

For the 11th Cycle as of September 2022, 1,984,923 children were served as beneficiaries or 102.45% from the annual target of 1,937,378 children. As to the 12th Cycle (starting in August 2022), 492,102 children were served as beneficiaries or 25.41% from the annual target of 1,936,868 children.



### ii. Review and Recommendations

C	Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
1) 2)	Current funding was not enough to cover the increase per capita cost. Lack of administrative cost for human resource	Actions taken: 1) Submitted request to the DBM and HOR for the additional 2.5B additional fund to cover the increased per capita cost for the SFP implementation.	CY 2022	Undersecretary for Operations Undersecretary for Finance
		<ul> <li>Recommendations:</li> <li>1) Update on the status of the approval of the request for 2.5B additional fund.</li> </ul>	1Q 2023	Undersecretary for Operations Undersecretary for Finance
3)	90% of the staff at the Central Office and Field Offices remain as Contract of Service (COS) workers however expected to implement a national scale program mandated by law. Employment status prevents staff to receive additional benefits to compensate the amount of accountability and bulk and deliverables every program cycle.	Recommendations: 1) Ensure that the PMB to have an update on the status of request for plantilla or contractual positions from DBM.	2Q 2023	Undersecretary for Operations

### e. Recovery and Reintegration Program for Trafficked Persons

#### i. Completion Rate

Performance has reached 74.04% of its annual target – allowing comprehensive package services that ensures adequate recovery and reintegration of victims of trafficking, in coordination with the Department of Justice (DOJ) and other government agencies.

Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3rd quarter 1
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Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Number of trafficked persons	1,488	2,000	-26%
assisted			



#### iii. Review and Recommendations

Operational gaps and challenges on this service are manageable at the Division and Bureau level. Management shall expect that operational targets of the said office will be fully achieved.

#### f. Center and Residential Care Services

#### i. Completion Rate

A total of 1,086 clients were served in DSWD centers/non-residential care facilities as of September 2022 or 88% of the 1,234 target clients. Most of the clients are in Area Vocational Rehabilitation Center with 481 clients and lowest in Center for the Handicapped with only 82 clients.

Facility	Number of Clients		
-	Target	Served	
Residential C			
Reception and Study Center for Children	923	545	
Regional Rehabilitation Center for the Youth	1,776	1,087	
National Training School for Boys	511	242	
MIMAROPA Youth Center	51	47	
Haven for Children	166	127	
Reception and Study Center for Children	923	545	
Regional Rehabilitation Center for the Youth	1,776	1,087	
National Training School for Boys	511	242	
MIMAROPA Youth Center	51	47	
Haven for Children	166	127	
Lingap Center	44	33	
Home for Girls	1,039	626	
Nayon ng Kabataan	128	78	
Haven for Women and Girls	572	273	
Haven for Women	1,056	795	
IACAT	54	158	
Marillac Hills	191	178	
Elsie Gaches Village	677	649	
AMOR Village	151	120	
Angel's Haven	60	28	
Sanctuary Center	237	215	
Jose Fabella Center	1,243	405	
Bahay Silungan	78	7	
Home for the Elderly/Home for the	809	609	
Aged/Golden Reception and Action Center for			
the Elderly and Other Special Cases			
Total	9,766	6,222	
Center/Non-Reside			
Rehabilitation Sheltered Workshop	133	115	
National Vocational Rehabilitation Center	259	206	
Area Vocational Rehabilitation Center	513	481	
Center for the Handicapped	86	82	
INA Healing Center	243	202	
Total	1,234	1,086	

#### Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)



Operational gaps and challenges on this service are manageable at the Bureau and Field Office level. Management shall expect that operational targets of the said office will be fully achieved. Nonetheless, it is important for the **Undersecretary for Operations** to closely monitor the compliance to SWD standards through their accreditation status of the DSWD centers/non-residential care facilities.

#### g. Social Pension for Indigent Senior Citizens

#### i. Completion Rate

**PDSN** 

As of September 2022, a total 3,586,492 senior citizens received their stipend or 87.80% of a target of 4,085,066 beneficiaries.

#### Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)

Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Number of senior citizens	3,586,492	4,085,066	-12%
receiving social pension			

#### ii. Review and Recommendations

Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
<ol> <li>The amount of PhP500 per month is a meager amount to augment the daily living subsistence of an individual senior citizen considering the inflation / high cost of commodities.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Actions taken:</li> <li>1) Submitted request to DBM and House of Representatives (HoR) for additional PhP25B for the provision of additional PhP500 per month as mandated by RA No.</li> <li>11916 (Social Pension Act) increasing the amount of social pension from PhP500 to PhP1,000 monthly. Hence, the Social Pension program will cost more than PhP51B from CY 2022.</li> <li>2) The comments/ recommendations on the draft IRR of the RA No. 11916 were already submitted to the CMT Secretariat</li> </ul>	CY 2022	Undersecretary for Operations



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Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
(ie. assignments on Centenarian Act and Unconditional Cash Transfer [UCT] Concerns) but very limited personnel.	existing personnel who are managing/ handling simultaneous tasks for program payouts / validation/ liquidation, Centenarian validation /payouts, UCT cash cards distribution and other concerns as part of the turnover of budget and program to National Commission of Senior Citizens (NCSC).		

#### h. Implementation of the Centenarians Act of 2016

#### i. Completion Rate

 $\Box$ DSWD

As of September 2022, 1,497 centenarians (or 87.85% of the 1,704 annual target) were able to receive their cash gift of ₱100,000.00 each.

#### ii. Review and Recommendations

Operational gaps and challenges on this service are manageable at the Bureau and Field Office level. Management shall expect that operational targets of the said office will be fully achieved.

#### i. Assistance for Persons with Disability

#### i. Completion Rate

As of September 2022, the DSWD accomplished the following: augmentation support for the purchase of assistive devices; and, implementation of auxiliary social services for persons with disability. A total amount of ₱6,453,913.90 was obligated or 57.79% of the annual allotment of ₱11,167,000.00 for activities promoting the rights and welfare of persons with disability and senior citizens.



#### ii. Review and Recommendations

Operational gaps and challenges on this service are manageable at the Bureau and Field Office level. Management shall expect that operational targets of the said office will be fully achieved.

## 4. Kapit-Bisig Laban sa Kahirapan-Comprehensive and Integrated Delivery of Social Services National Program Management Office (KC NPMO)

The KC NPMO is responsible for the overall management of the Kalahi-CIDSS Program and other projects implemented using the community-driven development approach.

#### a. Completion rate

For 2022, the KC-NCDDP aims to cover 13,970 barangays in 667 municipalities at 62 provinces across 15 regions. As of September 2022, 3,663 subprojects were completed or 95.56% of the annual target of 3,833 subprojects, benefitting 1,624,221 households.

The community subproject types include: basic services subprojects e.g., community water systems, school buildings, health stations and electrification; basic access infrastructure e.g., foot bridges, access roads and foot paths; community common service facilities e.g., pre- and post-harvest facilities and small-scale irrigation systems; environmental protection and conservation e.g., flood control systems, sea walls, artificial reef sanctuaries and soil protection structures; skills training and capability-building e.g., eco-tourism projects.

Performance Indicator	Accomplishments	Targets	Variance
Number of subprojects completed	3,663	3,833	-4%
Number of households served	1,624,221	-	Inconclusive
Number of families served	2,253	2,689	-16%

Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)

Meanwhile, under the Kalahi CIDSS – Kapangyarihan at Kaunlaran sa Barangay (KKB), there were 2,253 families served through the Balik Probinsya, Bagong Pag-asa (BP2) Program as of September 2022 or 83.79% of the 2,689 annual target families.



### b. Review and Recommendations

Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
KEY RESULT AREA: Impro systems	ved financial, organizationa	l, and prog	ram management
<ol> <li>There are a number of municipalities with Municipal Coordination Teams (MCT) that cannot</li> </ol>	Actions Taken: 1) Oriented local officials on their participation of communities during the conduct of	CY 2022	Regional Directors
exercise their full function because of other delegated work from the LGU since funds for hiring of staff are insufficient.	Community Empowerment Activity Cycle (CEAC) activities also enabled the progress of program implementation.		
Additionally, MCTs are also hired and can	Recommendations:		
only stay based on the incumbency of sitting officials.	<ol> <li>Consultation with the Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG)</li> </ol>	1Q 2023	Undersecretary for Operations
Their status and added work therefore affects the timeliness of facilitation of the program outputs and monitoring functions.	to mobilize Area Coordination Team (ACT) and align salary and integrate these into a Joint Memorandum Circular with them.		
institutionalizing elements	er of implementing municip	aiities maki	ng progress in
<ol> <li>LGUs are not fulfilling their responsibilities on the KC NCDDP implementation as stipulated on the Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) which causes delay on the implementation.</li> </ol>	Recommendations:1) Conduct "LGU Assessment" to measure the capacity of the LGU to comply with the requirements and identify the needed support from DSWD and other institutions for them to do so.	3Q 2023	Undersecretary for Operations
	2) Revisit the KC NCDDP communication strategy for local stakeholders.		



The ISSO delivers and provide appropriate, effective, and efficient programs and services for distressed, trafficked, and undocumented Overseas Families and their families.

The Key Results Area of the ISSO are the (1) Provision of Social Welfare Services to Overseas Filipinos, (2) Establishment of ISSOs at foreign posts, and (3) Supervision over Social Welfare Attaches.

#### a. Completion rate

While the number of trafficked persons provided with social welfare services reached 74% of its target, there was no mention of trafficked persons who became prostituted men and women assisted by the Department in countries with established Social Welfare Attaches.

Further, setting the physical target for CY 2022 using the prior accomplishment (relating to what has been served in CY 2020 and CY 2021) is incorrect because the pandemic has caused an influx of distressed overseas Filipinos.

Performance Indicator	Accomplishment	Physical Targets	Variance
% of assisted individuals who	No reported data nor		-
are reintegrated into their	targets set.		
families and communities	-		
a. Trafficked Person			-
b. Distressed Overseas			-
Filipinos and their			
families <sup>7</sup>		1	
Number of trafficked persons	1,488 <sup>8</sup>	2,000	-26%
provided with social welfare			
services			
Number of distressed	10,943	29,253	-63%
(undocumented) overseas			
Filipinos and their families were			
provided with social welfare			
services			

#### Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words undocumented and distressed are used interchangeably.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The served clients were assisted through the services under the Recovery and Reintegration Program for Trafficked Persons (RRPTP). The cases of trafficking in persons include forced labor, sexual exploitation, prostitution, slavery, adoption, pornography, removal or sale of organs, illegal recruitment, child trafficking, repatriation, involuntary servitude, drug trafficking, intercepted and others.



Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
KEY RESULT AREA / PROG Filipinos	RAM: Provision of Social	Welfare Sei	rvices to Overseas
<ol> <li>Only 37% accomplishment rate for distressed (undocumented) overseas Filipinos and their families were provided with social welfare services</li> </ol>	Recommendations: 1) The Cluster Head should provide the Director with the correct guidance for identifying the correct targeting mechanism.	1Q 2023	Undersecretary for Operations
Meanwhile, accomplishment rate for Filipino deportees provided with social welfare services is only at 48%.	2) The Cluster Head shall remind the ISSO to do the monitoring of the accomplishment regularly (quarterly instead of annually) so that the guidance of the ISSO to the Social Welfare Attaches is more timely and appropriate to achieve what is being targeted. All these in time for the revision of the WFP based on the release of the 2023 General Appropriations Act (GAA).		
KEY RESULT AREA / PROG			
<ol> <li>There is no certainty that a transfer of a Social Welfare Officer (SWO) II of ISSO will be part of the transition of the program to the Department of Migrant Workers (DMW). Hence, the case management work will not automatically form part of the DMW on its programs and services.</li> </ol>	Recommendations: 1) Include the absorption of ISSO personnel especially the SWOs at the Central and Field Office levels as critical components of the negotiations with the DMW officials. Gather evidence to prioritize the inclusion of these personnel as they have or have developed the	2Q 2023	Secretary Undersecretary for Operations



## 6. Targeted Cash Transfer Program National Program Management Office (TCT NPMO)

The Targeted Cash Transfer (TCT) Program pertains to the cash grant program for the poorest 50 percent of Filipino households – to be implemented by DSWD – for six (6) months to alleviate the impact of rising fuel prices that resulted in an increase in the price of basic commodities. It is patterned after the 2018-2020 Unconditional Cash Transfer (UCT) Program under Republic Act (RA) No. 10963 or the Tax Reform for Acceleration and Inclusion (TRAIN) Law.

The TCT is an instruction from the President that shall provide cash grants amounting to ₱500.00 per month – for six (6) months – from April to September 2022, or a total of ₱3,000.00, to the bottom 50 percent of Filipino households or approximately 12.4 million beneficiaries subject to availability of funds.

#### a. Completion Rate

Due to the fact that this is a directive from former President Rodrigo Roa Duterte, it is not part of the regular programs that the DSWD implements, not identified to support the achievement of the strategic focus, nor is not subject to the usual monitoring and evaluation through the Harmonized Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation System (HPMES).

As of this writing, the TCT has halted its implementation in accordance with the directive from the TCT National Project Management Office on 9 December 2022. It mentioned that the program will no longer pursue per advise of the Department of Finance (DoF), DBM, and the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA). It was only able to develop a program framework and was carried out last 29 July 2022, with the assistance of the Policy Development and Planning Bureau (PDPB).



#### **b.** Program Review and Recommendations

-	ational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
emp proje impl is no acco beca put clari issue happ men carry in th	pite having ployed staff for the ect's lementation, there preport on pmplishments ause it has been on hold. No ification was ed on what will pen to the staff nbers recruited to y out the project his case as well as resources allotted t.	Recommendations: 1) Ensure that the TCT-National Project Manager must provide all Regional Project Management Offices with clear guidance on the matter.	1Q 2023	Undersecretary for Operations

#### C. Standards and Capacity Building Group (SCBG)

#### 1. Social Technology Bureau

The Social Technology Bureau (STB) is responsible for the formulation and enhancement of social welfare and development models of intervention addressing the current and emerging needs/issues of the poor, vulnerable, marginalized, and disadvantaged individuals.

The Key Results Areas (KRAs) of STB are the development of new social welfare and development technologies and enrichment of existing programs and services.

#### a. Completion rate

All performance indicators except for the "number of concepts responding to emerging needs" exceeded its targets for the 3rd quarter CY 2022. The variance for the first indicator is targeted for the last quarter of CY 2022. Given this, all indicators will likely achieve its target at the end of the year.

Performance Indicator	Accomplishment	Physical Targets	Variance
Number of concepts responding to emerging needs	0	1	-100%
No. of intermediaries institutionalizing completed STs	13	6	117%
No. of intermediaries oriented on completed models of intervention	350	116	202%

#### Targets vs. Accomplishments on Output Indicators (as of 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter 2022)



The STB is also expected to develop a social protection program for teenage mothers and their children as indicated in the DSWD Thrusts and Priorities CY 2022. Based on their 1<sup>st</sup> Semester Narrative Report, the following were accomplished by the Bureau:

- 1. Program and Evaluation Design of teenage pregnancy program (ProtecTEEN)
- 2. Pilot Implementation Guidelines

**YDSWD** 

- 3. Terms of Reference for the consultant
- 4. Pre-testing of modules in Region VIII
- 5. Terms of Reference and Special Order of the TWG on Social Protection Program for Adolescent Mothers and their Children (SPPAMC)
- 6. Memorandum of Agreement between DSWD and Commission on Population for the joint implementation of SPPAMC
- 7. Joint Implementation Guidelines for SPPAMC

#### **b.** Performance Review and Recommendations

	Operational Gaps and Challenges	a	Recommendations nd/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability	
KE	KEY RESULT AREA / PROGRAM: Social Technologies developed					
1)	Since Field Office personnel delivers carrying tasks and assignments, especially payouts for other programs and services, Social Technology development is seen as an add-on tasks or responsibility.	<b>A</b> (1) 2)	ctions taken: Requested additional staff besides the proposed conversion of COS items into permanent positions. Field Offices have to resort into pulling- out personnel across divisions and sections to meet overall office targets.	CY 2022	Regional Directors	
		<b>R</b> (1)	Ensure the conduct of strategic review of social marketing efforts to streamline process of replicating/ partnership with STB - profiling of LGUs and replication of MOA in order to	1Q 2023	Undersecretary Standards and Capacity Building Group	

Operational Gaps and	Recommendations	Timeline	Management Level			
Challenges	and/or Actions Taken		Accountability			
	complete the targets					
	with little resources.					
KEY RESULT AREA / PROGRAM: OBSUs, SWDAs, FOs, LGUs and other						
intermediaries deliver com	pleted models of interven	tion addres	sing the emerging			
needs of the target sectors		1				
1) Resistance of OBSUs	Actions Taken:	CY 2022	Undersecretary for			
to accept completed projects due to	1) Meetings with the		Standards and			
incomplete project	target receiving OBS in preparation for		Capacity Building			
documents and	the project transition					
absence of staff to be	as well as					
turned over.	formulation of a					
	transition plan.					
2) PMB and other OBSUs						
are referring to ST	2) STB is drafting of the					
guidelines for the complete list of	enhanced social					
project documents for	technology					
turnover. However, no	development					
provisions in the STB	guidelines.					
Omnibus Guidelines	Decommendations					
on actions to be taken	Recommendations:	4Q 2023	Undersecretary for			
on STs developed	<ol> <li>Comprehensive review and</li> </ol>	40 2025	Standards and			
before CY 2018 prior	packaging of the		Capacity Building			
to the approval of the	completed STs in		capacity ballaning			
ST Guidelines which	line with the					
decreases the chances	portfolio					
of full turnover of STs	development of all					
	STs to complete the					
	documentations					
	and revive old					
	projects that may					
	still be relevant.					
	2) Allot funds and					
	explore the					
	development of a					
	mobile application					
	for the ST Portfolio.					
KEY RESULT AREA / PROC						
intermediaries deliver com	-	tion addres	sing the emerging			
<i>needs of the target sector</i> s 1) Change of Leadership	Actions Taken:	CY 2022	Undersecretary for			
during National	1) Dialogue with the		Standards and			
election affects the	Local Chief		Capacity Building			
sustainability of	Executive and the					
implementing social	Multi-Disciplinary					
technologies.	Team for the					
-	identification of					
Yakap-Bayan Program	new pilot barangay					
(YBP) implementation	with qualified					
is affected because a						

Policy Development & Pepartment of Social Wefare and Development



### D. General Administrative and Support Services Group (GASSG)

#### 1. Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration (OASA)

The OASA is responsible for providing the Secretary and the Undersecretary for Administration and Support Services advice and assistance relevant to the operations of the Department, specifically on human resource management, asset management, infrastructure development, and related strategic support services.

Its KRAs are advisory to the Secretary and the Undersecretary, policy direction, strategic support supervision, and office performance management.

#### a. Review and Recommendations

Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability			
KEY RESULT AREA / PROC	KEY RESULT AREA / PROGRAM: Policy direction					
<ol> <li>Inadequate workforce complement among Field Offices operating units in meeting agency targets.</li> <li>Fast turnover of employees (who are mostly trained and have established stakeholder networks on the ground), resulting to added delays in field operations.</li> </ol>	Recommendations: 1) Ensure the inclusion of workforce assessment in pursuing the creation of plantilla positions to the DBM, the DSWD Institutional Contract of Service (ICOS), as well as Rightsizing measures of the government and the Devolution Transition Plan, should it resume. The assessment will supplement the	1Q-4Q 2023	Undersecretary for General Administration			

1	Operational Gaps and Challenges	Recommendations and/or Actions Taken	Timeline	Management Level Accountability
		needed information to appropriately allocate human resources to the strategic priorities and mandate of the agency.		
KE	EY RESULT AREA / PROG	RAM: strategic support su	pervision	
1)	Field Offices reporting congested workplaces affecting working conditions of employees.	Recommendations: 1) Technical assistance of the Administrative Service (AS) on the proposed capital outlay for concerned Field Offices given the approved 2023 GAA.	1Q 2023	Undersecretary for General Administration

The remaining operational gaps and challenges reported by OASA and Field Offices are manageable at their level.

OFFICE REPORTS PROCESSED AS OF 10 DECEMBER 2022: Access Central Office OBS documentation reports and summaries: <u>https://tinyurl.com/3hnzdcc6</u> Access Field Office documentation reports and summaries: <u>https://tinyurl.com/yc245b3w</u> Access digital copy of 2022 IPREW Management Report: <u>https://pdpb.dswd.gov.ph/</u>

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