

2019

Compendium of DSWD and Selected SWD Statistics

Policy Development and Planning Bureau

FOREWORD

Undisputedly, social welfare and development services and social protection are key factors that influence peoples well-being. The Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) have made considerable efforts to promote and protect the rights of the abandoned, abused and exploited individuals as well as develop capacities of marginalized and depressed communities. This is evident in the achievements of the DSWD Strategic Plan 2018-2022 that serve as a tool in measuring the progress of the organizational outcomes of the DSWD.

The first Compendium produced by PDPB was in 1998. It is a compilation of all major administrative data and social welfare and development (SWD) statistics including other data-produced by partner agencies. From thereon, the Compendium of DSWD and Selected SWD Statistics has become the technical compilation of data in the social welfare and development sector which responds to the increasing demands of external partners, researchers and institutions for SWD statistics.

This version of compendium is a five-year period compilation of data covering 2015-2019. It presents the Department's major programs, activities and projects along organizational outcomes using its recent Strategic Results Framework. It is intended to promote information sharing among DSWD offices and researchers.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This “Compendium of DSWD and Selected SWD Statistics” outlines the Department’s major Programs and Projects, Physical and Financial Accomplishments Rate for every Organizational Outcome and beneficiaries served by Region from CY 2015- 2018. It also describes clients served in DSWD Residential Facilities and Community Based Services within the period CY 2015-2018, and other Social Welfare and Development (SWD) data utilized by DSWD.

This Compendium serves as a reference material for individual researchers, statisticians, planners including legislators, primarily intended to be used for communicative planning processes.

Chapter 1 of the Compendium summarizes trends and figures on physical and financial targets and accomplishments by the Department’s Organizational Outcomes through its various Programs and Projects from CY 2015 to 2019. The figures described how well the program performed in terms of achieving its targets and utilizing its budget.

Chapter 2 describes the statistical data of DSWD major programs and projects indicating the number of beneficiaries provided with programs and services by region.

Chapter 3 shows the summary statistics generated on children and women served in DSWD residential facilities and community-based services. It explains the different type of clients by category such as child abuse, child placement services and women in difficult circumstances. These data are the most frequently requested by researchers and other stakeholders.

Chapter 4 and last part of this compendium are other social welfare and development (SWD) data utilized by DSWD which includes summary of local government units (LGUs) by region, PSA 2015 Census-based Population Projections, summary of cities/municipalities/barangays and population by Region and Province, among others.



COMPENDIUM TERMINOLOGY

The Compendium defines **Organizational Outcome (OOs)** as the intended changes in clients lives or behavior and capacity whether as beneficiaries or intermediaries. OOs is achieved through production of the DSWD's Major Output. Output are public goods and services that DSWD is mandated to deliver to external clients through the implementation of its Influence activities which are its core operations and strategic initiatives. In Chapter I of the Compendium, four (4) Organizational Outcomes were described however it is important to note that these are output that are non-mutually exclusive to achieve the Organizational Outcomes.

Organizational Outcome 1: Well-Being of poor families improved

Promotive Social Welfare Program are programs that provides investment to human capital among the target clients of the DSWD particularly to poor and vulnerable sectors. These are provision of conditional cash transfers, community driven development and sustainable livelihood programs.

Organizational Outcome 2: Rights of the poor and vulnerable sectors promoted and protected

Protective Social Welfare Program are program to provide protection and rehabilitation to the abandoned, neglected or abused children, women, youth, persons with disabilities, senior citizens, displaced persons including individuals and families in crisis.

Organizational Outcome 3: Immediate relief and early recovery of disaster victims/survivors ensured

Disaster response and Management Program are programs that provides emergency services during or immediately after a disaster in order to save lives, reduce hunger, and ensure safety of the people.

Organizational Outcome 4: Continuing compliance of SWD agencies to standards in the delivery of social welfare services ensured

This ensure proper implementation of programs and services for the poor, vulnerable and marginalized thru performing quality assurance measures. It aims to set standards along registration, licensing of NGOs and accreditation of service providers and SWADAs implementing social welfare and development programs and services



DSWD MAJOR PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS

This section gives an overview of the SWD statistics presented in this compendium. This is divided into two parts. Part I is the summary of DSWD Programs and Projects for CY 2015 to 2019 presenting the trends of physical and financial targets and accomplishments and the Organizational Outcome they contribute to. The figures show the trend of the physical accomplishment vis-à-vis the financial accomplishment. The figures also depicts how well the program performs in terms of achieving its targets and in utilizing its budget. Specific tables were cited for the actual figures of targets and accomplishment presented in Chapter I and II.

Part II is the summary statistics generated from the DSWD Residential and Community-Based services. These data are frequently requested by researchers and other stakeholders from national government agencies and non-government organizations. These includes Child Abuse Cases, Children in Conflict with the Law, and Women in Especially Difficult Circumstances (WEDC).

PART I. DSWD MAJOR PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS TARGETS AND ACCOMPLISHMENT TRENDS



ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 1: Well-being of Poor Families Improved

Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program

As depicted in Figures 1 and 2, the physical accomplishment rate of the Pantawid Pamilya were consistently close to its target, during the last five years. Financial accomplishment in terms of current year obligation was lower from 2015 to 2016 ranging from 85-88%, while it increased to 99% in 2017 and 2018 and a slight decrease of 1.26% in 2019.

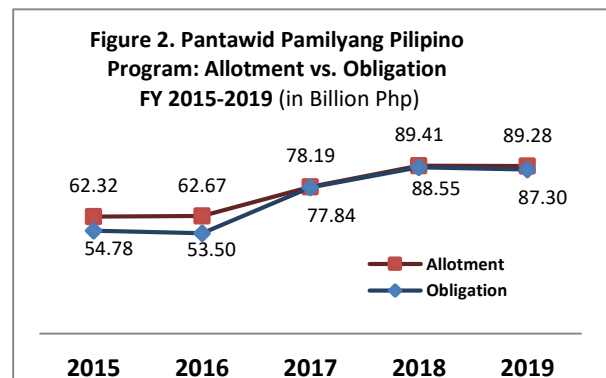
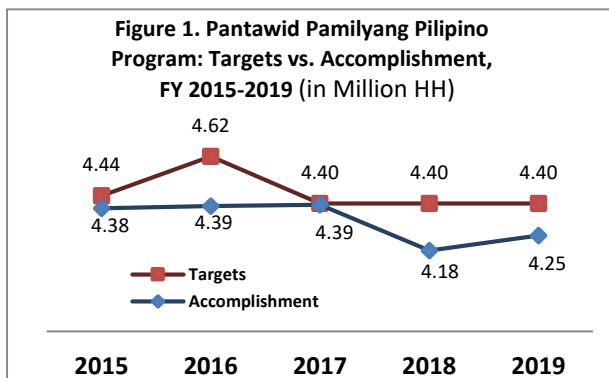


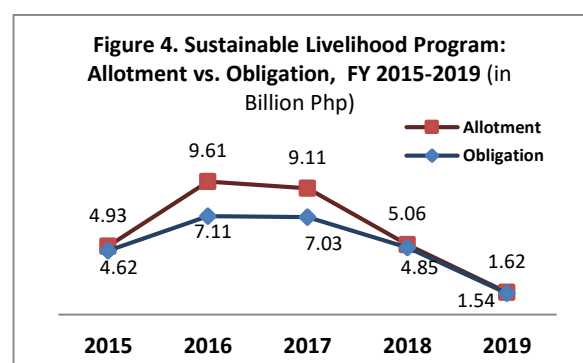
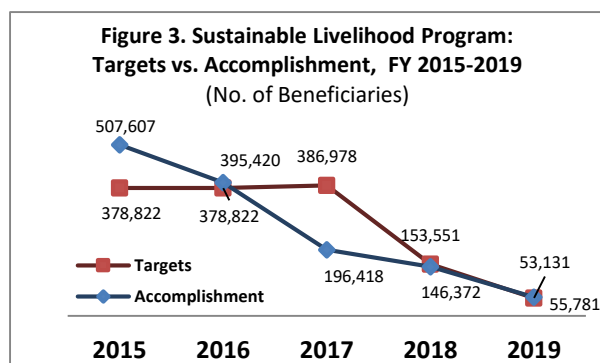
Figure 2 shows the trend of financial accomplishment rate from CY 2015 to 2019. The trend indicates that in terms of financial accomplishment, it is improving in reaching its targets for the past five years.

This implies an increasing efficiency in terms of fund obligations. Thus, a bettering program performance.

Sustainable Livelihood Program (SLP)

SLP is being implemented through the two major tracks: 1) Micro-Enterprise Development; and 2) the Employment Facilitation. Physical accomplishment rate was higher from 2015 to 2016 at 134.0%, and 104.38%, respectively (as shown in Figure 3). In 2017, the program accomplished only half of its target. The physical accomplishments are the total of the current fund (GAA) and the other fund sources (continuing fund, disaster fund, revolving settlement fund, among others). In 2018 and 2019 the accomplishments reached 95.32% and 104.99% respectively.

Figure 4 shows the trend in the physical accomplishment rate of the SLP. The trend illustrates decreasing lines in both physical targets and accomplishments. This implies that there is a reduction in the number of beneficiaries targeted and served by the program, for the past five years.

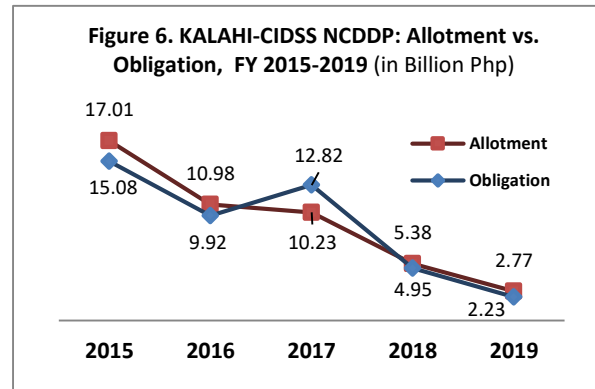
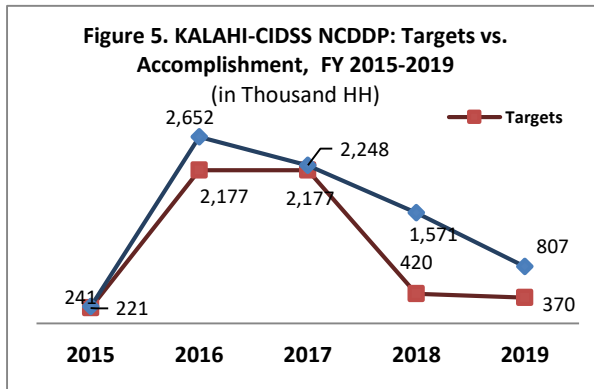


Current year obligation of the program on the other hand was lower in 2016 and 2017, at 73.99% and 77.19%, respectively, while the remaining years ranged from 90-95%. Although the physical targets and accomplishments of the program was shown to be decreasing, the financial targets and accomplishments of the program is seemingly increasing for the past years (except in 2018). This may imply that there is an increasing budget allotment or costs per household beneficiaries.

KALAHI-CIDSS National Community-Driven Development Program (KC-NCDDP)

KC-NCDDP physical accomplishment rate is relatively higher than the financial accomplishment rate. Physical accomplishment pertains to the estimated number of households benefitted from the completed sub-projects for the year. The lowest physical accomplishment rate at 109.14% was in 2015, while the highest was in 2018 with 373.83%. The spike was due to the large spill-over from the previous year's sub-project which were completed in 2018 to 2019.

In Figure 7, the trend in physical target and accomplishment shows that there is an increasing number of household beneficiaries of the program from 2015 to 2016. On the other hand, the trend is reversed when referring from 2016 to 2019.



In terms of financial accomplishment rate, there are lower rates in 2019 at 80.36% and 2015 at 88.54% respectively. The highest utilization rate was in 2017 at 125.37%. These figures were based on the total program expenditure which include current and continuing funds. However, the 2018 rate of 92.12%, pertains to the current year obligation. Figure 8 shows that there is a significant increase in the budget and expenditure of the program from 2015 to 2017. On the other hand, there is a significant decline if referring from 2017 to 2019.



ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 2
Rights of the poor and vulnerable sectors promoted and protected

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 2: Rights of the Poor and Vulnerable Sectors Promoted and Protected

Residential and Non-Residential Care Program

Accomplishment for 71 Residential and Non-residential care facilities from 2015 to 2016 exceeded its target, while below the target in 2018. In 2018, this only covers the 70 facilities with Processing Center for Displaced Persons (PCDP) was accounted under Services to Distressed Overseas Filipinos and Their Families. This caused a downward trend on the number of clients served. Additionally, in 2018 and 2019, actual clients served falls below the targets (Figure 7).

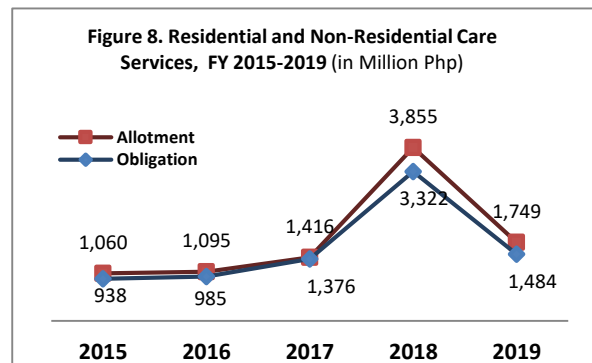
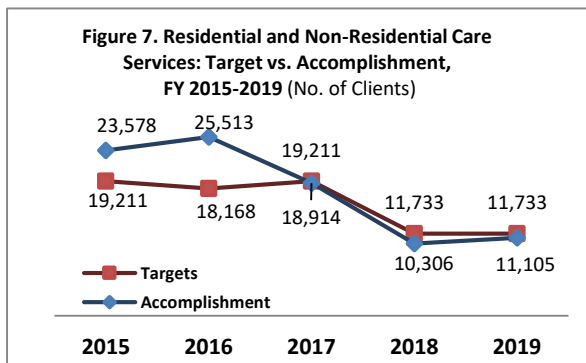
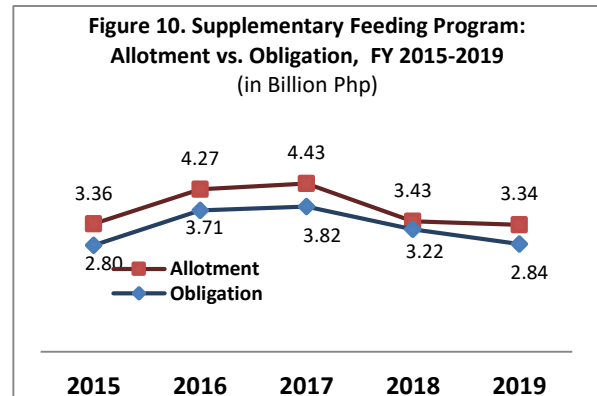
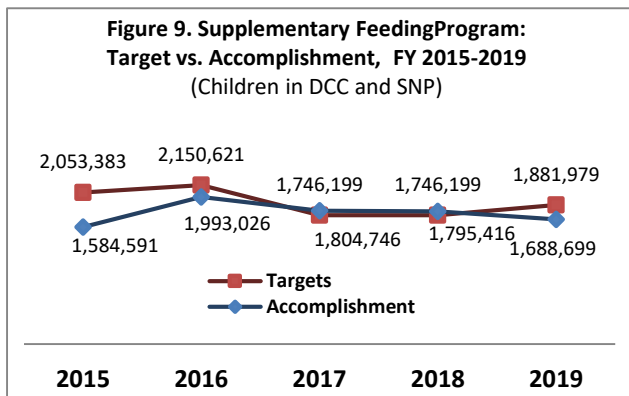


Figure 8 shows the financial accomplishment for the current year obligation were below the allocated budget (GAA) in the last five years. Highest obligation was in 2017 at 97.12%, while

lowest in 2019 at 84.84% (see Chapter I, table 1.4). Nevertheless, it shows that in terms of fund obligation, the program is consistently close to maximizing its budget. Thus, may imply a higher efficiency in financial performance.

Supplementary Feeding Program

Physical and Financial accomplishment rate for SFP consistently falls below the targets over the last five years. Lowest rate was posted in 2015 at 77.17% for physical and 83.39% for financial. Improved accomplishment was noted in 2018 at 95.37% for physical and 94.03% in terms of financial performance. In 2019, there is a significant decline in physical and financial at 89.73% and 84.85%, respectively (see Chapter I, table 1.5).

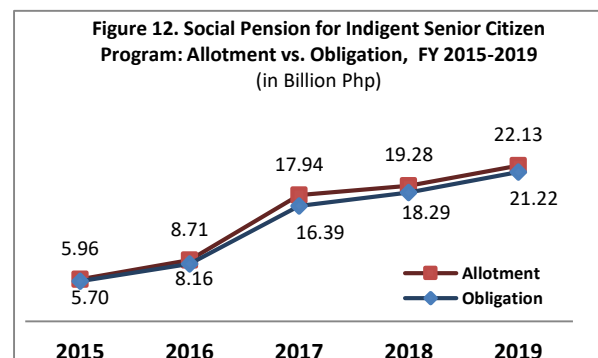
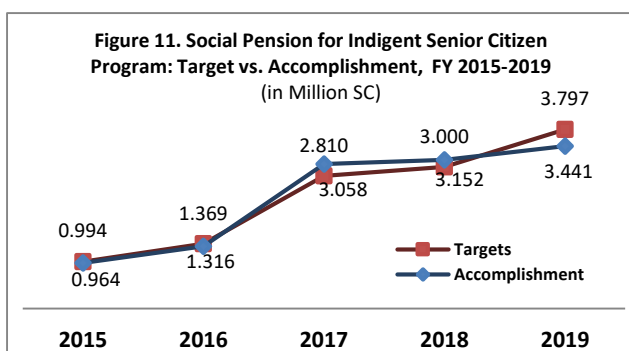


As shown in Figure 9, there is consistency in terms of number of beneficiaries targeted and served. Although, the closeness of these figures to each other does not denote stagnancy of the program in the number of clients served. The average difference of targets and accomplishments per year still accounts for thousands of beneficiaries.

In terms of financial performance, the trend in the budget is seemingly paralleled to the trend in obligation of the program (see Figure 10).

Social Pension for Indigent Senior Citizen

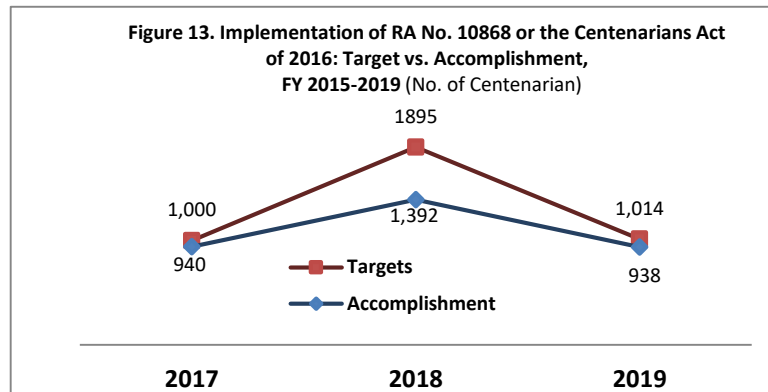
Social Pension program shows consistently high physical and financial accomplishment in the previous five years of implementation. Physical accomplishment for 2017 and 2018 exceeded the corresponding targets.



Parallel to physical accomplishment, current year obligation ranged from 91-95% from 2015 to 2018. In the last five years, lowest rate was recorded in 2019 at 84.85%.

Implementation of RA 10868 or the Centenarians Act of 2016

In 2017, the program achieved 94% from the 1,000 target Centenarians while 73% or 1,392 from the 1,895 target in 2018. Despite of the decreased accomplishment rate from 2017 to 2018, there is a noted increased in 2019 recorded at 92.50% from the previous year (see Chapter 1, table 1.8). In Figure 13, a wider gap on target and accomplishment is recorded in 2018.

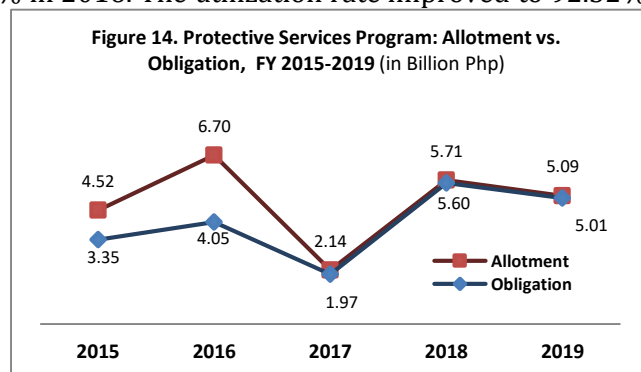


Incentives given to Centenarians include the grant of P100,000 as a one-time Centenarian Gift, and a Letter of Felicitation signed by the President of the Philippines.

Protective Program for Individuals, Families and Communities in Need or in Crisis

Various protective services are being implemented under the *Protective Program for Individuals, Families and Communities in Need or in Crisis*. Financial accomplishment in terms of current year obligation falls from 93.57% in 2015 to 60.48% in 2016. The utilization rate improved to 92.32% in 2017 and up to 98.40% in 2019 (see Chapter II, table 1.9).

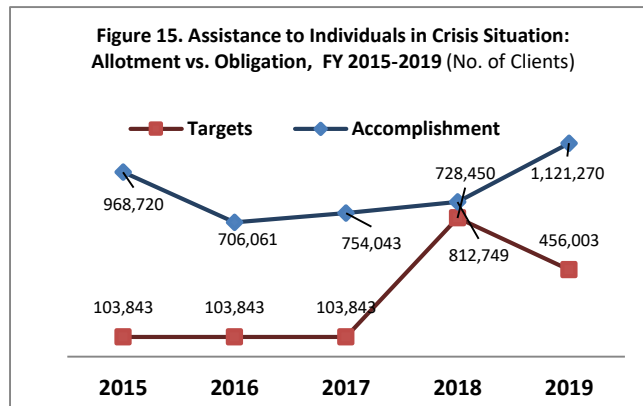
Figure 17 shows the trends in the budget and current year obligation of the program from 2015 to 2019. A significant drop in allotment is apparent in 2017.



Assistance to Individuals in Crisis Situation (AICS)

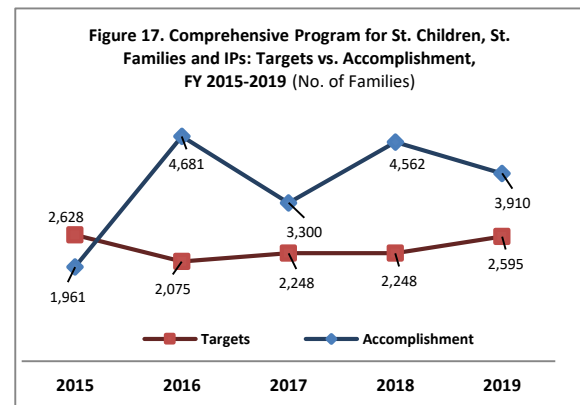
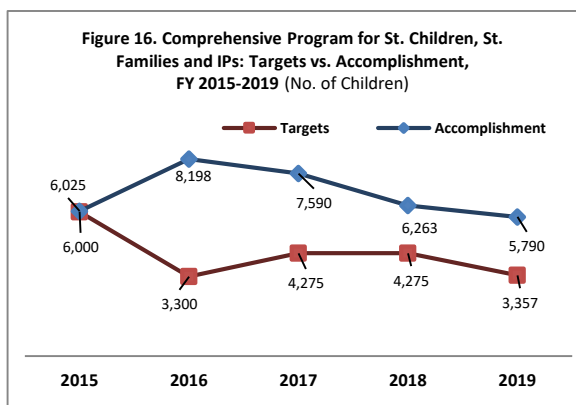
AICS is the major activity under the Protective Services for Individuals and Families in Especially Difficult Circumstances. Physical accomplishment shows a very high accomplishment compared to targeted from 2015 to 2017. This is because targets were based on the past year’s regular Protective Services Program fund physical accomplishment (see Figure 15) hence always lower

than the actual. The total accomplishment composed of the regular Protective Services Fund, AICS and the Expanded-AICS fund. In 2018 onwards, target has been adjusted considering the consistent high clients being served.

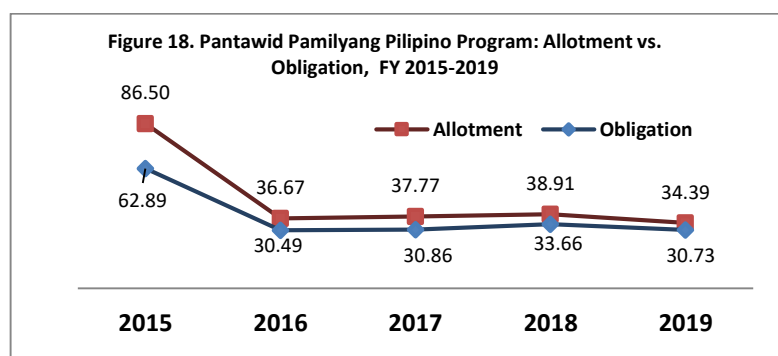


Comprehensive Program for Street Children, Street Families and IPs, Esp. Badjaos

The program is being implemented by DSWD in pilot areas covering major cities in NCR, Regions III, IV-A, V, VI, VII, IX and XI. In the last five years, physical accomplishment was consistently higher than the target both for the number of street families and street children or children-at-risk (see Figures 16 and 17). A decreasing trend in the accomplishment in terms of number of street children is depicted in the graph starting in 2016. However, an increased in the number of families served can be observed from 2015 to 2019. High number of families served is recorded in 2016 and 2018.

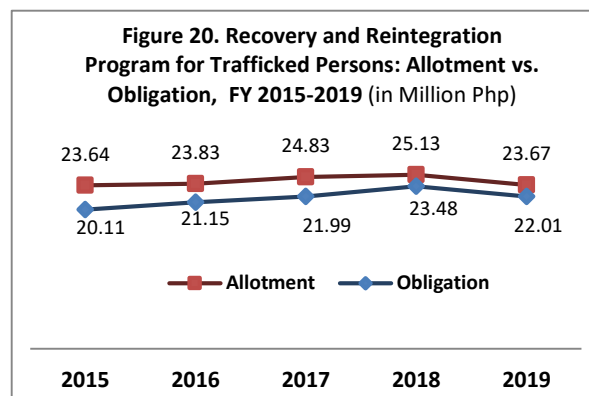
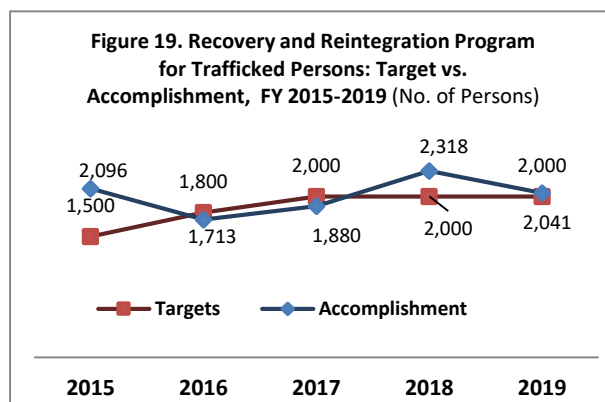


Financial accomplishment based on the current year obligation, however, shows a lower utilization rate. Improved utilization is recorded in 2019 at 89.36%. As shown in Figure 18, the trend in the budget is paralleled by its current year obligation for the past five years. Although, it also shows that the program is consistently falling below 90% in terms of fund obligation.



Recovery and Reintegration Program for Trafficked Persons

The program accomplishment is consistently high from 2015 to 2019. It is in 2016 and 2017 that the program falls below the target at 95.17% and 94%, respectively. In Figure 19, high accomplishment can be seen in 2015 and 2018.

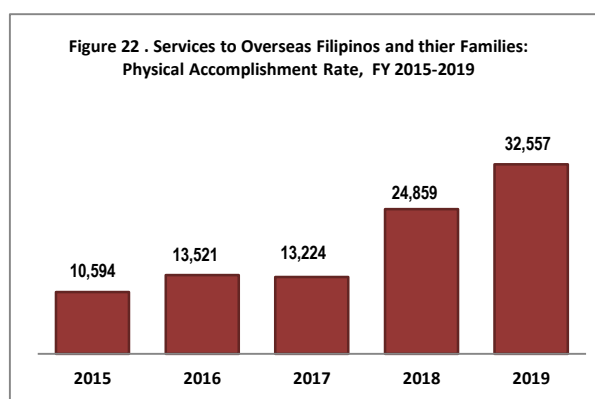


In Figure 20, financial accomplishment based on the current year obligation was below 90% from 2015 to 2017. Utilization was improved in 2018 and 2019 at 93.4% and 92.97%, respectively. Figure 25 shows a relatively constant amount in terms of budget, while there is an improving trend in terms of obligation.

Services to Distressed Overseas Filipinos and their Families

The International Social Services Office (ISSO) acts as central authority of the DSWD on matters related to international and local social services for trafficked persons, undocumented and distressed Overseas Filipinos (OFs) and their families.

In the last five years, overseas Filipinos served annually is increasing. From 2015, the number of OFs grew by almost three times in 2019. In 2019, there were 32,557 OFs including their families served by DSWD.



Higher distressed OFs served, estimated at 70% were undocumented from Malaysia.

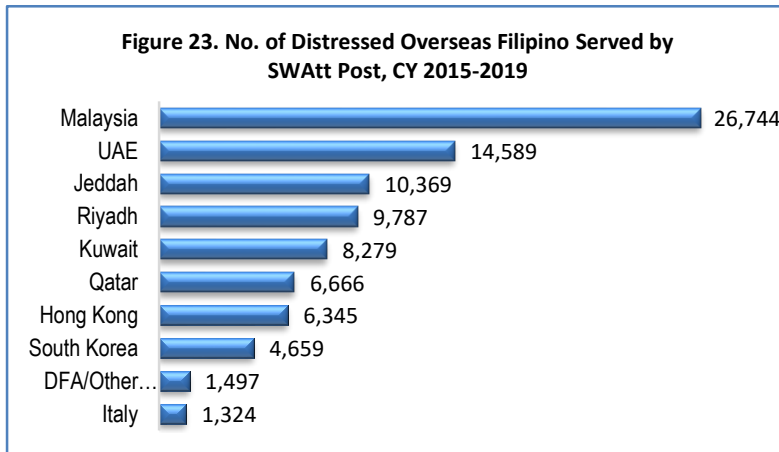


Figure 23 shows the number of Overseas Filipinos served by Social Welfare Attaché (SWAtt) post in the last five years. Highest OFs served remains from Malaysia at 26,744. Next higher OF served were from Middle East countries such as UAE (14,589), Jeddah (10,369) and Riyadh (9,787).

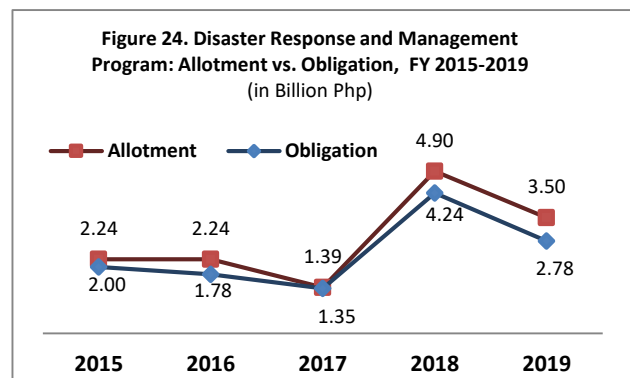
ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 3:

Immediate Relief and Early Recovery of Disaster Victims/Survivors Ensured



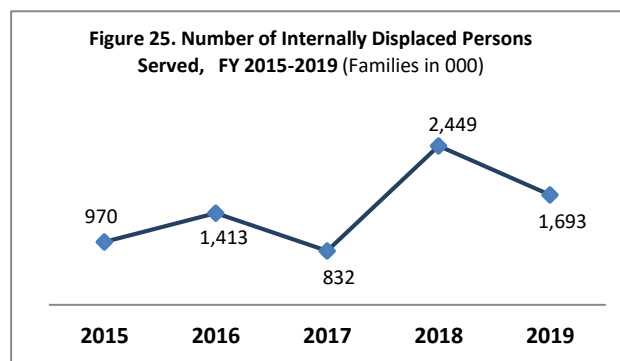
Disaster Response and Management Program

Response management involves activation of quick response teams, monitoring of disaster-affected localities, prepositioning of food and non-food items at strategic areas, provision of resource augmentation, distribution of relief goods, coordination meetings and replenishment of standby funds.



In Figure 24 shows financial accomplishment of the program from 2015 to 2019. A significant increase in allotment is observed in 2018. The budget composed of funds for Disaster Response and Rehabilitation, National Resource Operation and Quick Response fund.

Figure 25 shows the number of internally displaced Persons (in thousand families) served from the natural and human-induced disasters. These includes typhoons, flood/flashflood fire, insurgency and armed conflict.



In 2019, there were 1,047,857 families (4,630,642 individuals) served mostly affected by natural disasters.

(see Chapter II).

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 4:

Continuing Compliance of Social Welfare and Development Agencies (SWDAs) to Standards in the Delivery of Social Welfare Services Ensured



Social Welfare and Development Agencies Regulatory Program

With its regulatory function, the DSWD ensures that social welfare and development agencies (SWDAs) and service providers are implementing effective programs and services, through the registration, licensing and accreditation of SWDAs and service providers.

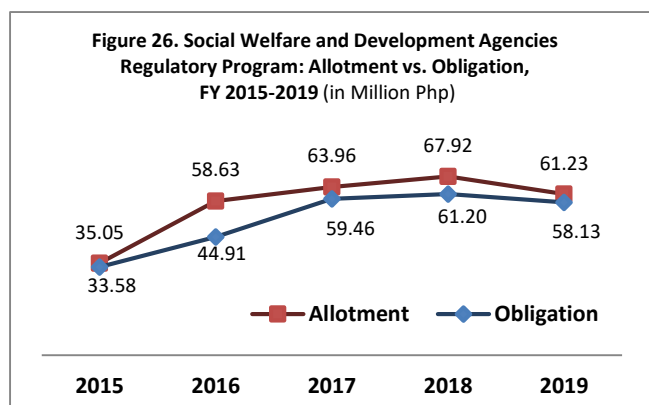
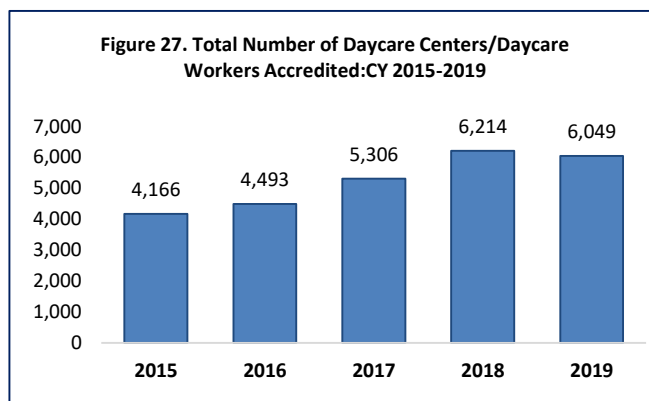


Figure 26 shows the trend in budget allocation and allotment for the regulatory program. Wider gap can be observed in 2016 with 77% utilization rate. The rest of the years ranged from 90% to 96% utilization rate.

Number of accredited Daycare Centers (DCCs) / Daycare Workers (DCWs) is increasing from 2015 to 2018. In 2019, there were 6,049 DCCs/DCWs were accredited from 1,516 Cities/Municipalities.





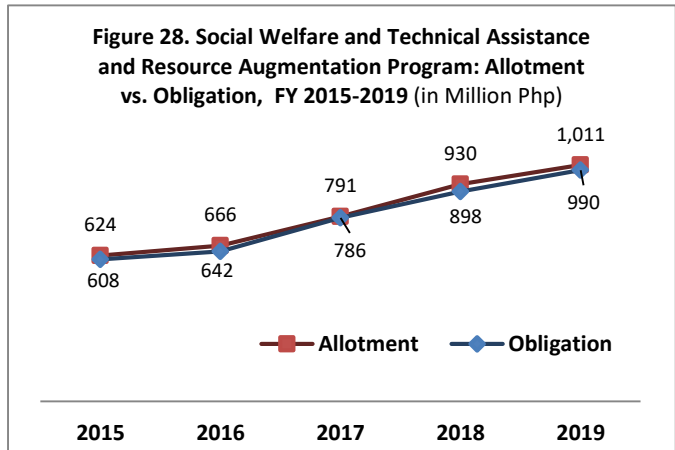
ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 5

Delivery of social welfare and development (SWD) programs by local government units (LGUs), through local social welfare and development offices (LSWDOs), improved

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 5: Delivery of Social Welfare and Development Programs by Local Government Units through Local Social Welfare and Development Offices Improved

The DSWD continue to strengthen the Local Social Welfare and Development (LSWDOs) for them to effectively respond to the urgent needs of our poor and vulnerable clientele, and adequately deliver comprehensive and social welfare and development programs services.

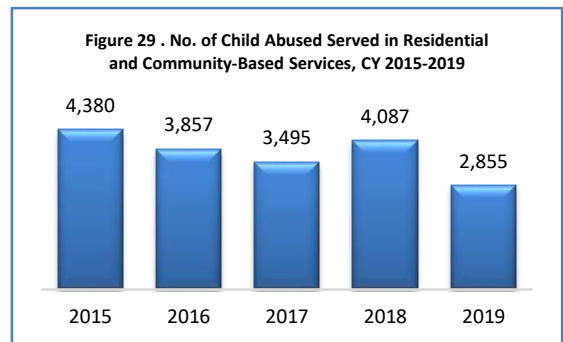
Budget accomplishment for Technical Assistance and Resource Augmentation from 2015 to 2019 ranged from 96% to 99% of the allotted budget. Under technical assistance(TA) and resource augmentation (RA, number of LGUs assisted exceeded the indicated annual targets except for the years 2018 for TA, and 2015 for RA (see Ch. 2).



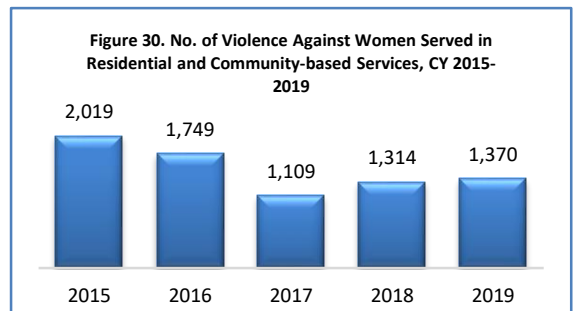
PART II. DISADVANTAGE CLIENTS SERVED FROM RESIDENTIAL AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES

On the average, the number of child abused cases served in Residential and Community-Based services is decreasing in the last 5 years. Increased in 2018 is observed from the community-based services reports.

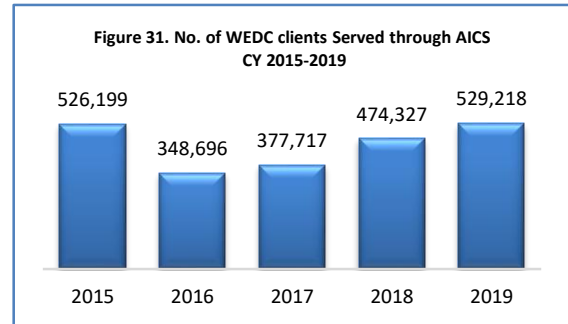
The highest case category served are neglected followed by sexually-abused, abandoned, trafficked and physically-abused (see Chapter III table 3.1)



The number of Women in Especially Difficult Circumstances (WEDC) showed an increasing trend from 2015 to 2019. This number includes clients provided with Assistance to Individuals in Crisis Situation (AICS), clients in Residential Care facilities and those served from Community-based services. Majority are the AICS clients composed of 97% to 98% of the total WEDC served.

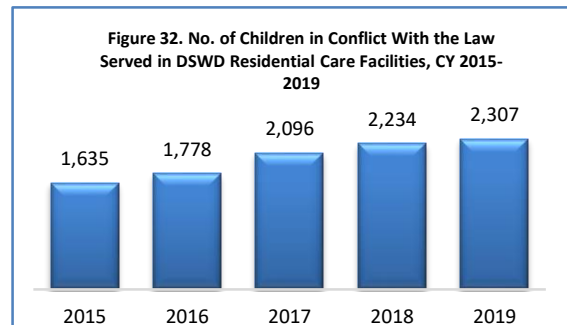


The trend in AICS clients served correspond to the increased in budget allocated for the program. The top 3 form of assistance sought by adult female clients are (1) medical assistance, (2) education assistance, and (3) transportation assistance.



Children in Conflict with the Law (CICL) are being catered in Regional Rehabilitation Center for the Youth (RRCY), National Training School for Boys (NTSB), MiMaRoPa Youth Center (MYC) and Marillac Hills for female clients.

From 2015 to 2019, CICL served are increasing. Higher increase is observed in 2017 at around 18% from the 2016 served.



CHAPTER I

**DSWD MAJOR PROGRAMS AND
PROJECTS**

**ANNUAL PHYSICAL AND
FINANCIAL ACCOMPLISHMENT
CY 2015-2019**

CHAPTER I
DSWD MAJOR PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS
Annual Physical and Financial Accomplishment

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 1: Well-Being of poor families Improved

Table 1.1. Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program Physical and Financial Accomplishment Report
 CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical (Household Beneficiaries)			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	4,461,732	4,478,562	100.38%	62,614,247,000	53,873,381,861	86.04%
2015	4,436,732	4,377,762	98.67%	62,322,890,000	54,784,472,205	87.90%
2016	4,620,630	4,387,689	94.96%	62,665,628,000	53,504,974,014	85.38%
2017	4,400,000	4,394,813	99.88%	78,186,551,000	77,840,988,206	99.56%
2018	4,400,000	4,178,828	94.97%	89,408,303,000	88,550,921,890	99.04%
2019	4,400,000	4,250,272	96.60%	89,282,439,000	87,303,887,000	97.78%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2019 BFARs

Table 1.2. Sustainable Livelihood Program (SLP) Physical and Financial Accomplishment Report,
 CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical (Household Beneficiaries)			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	111,314	343,326	308.43%	2,439,368,000	2,212,984,256	90.72%
2015	378,822	507,607	134.00%	4,932,977,000	4,615,300,883	93.56%
2016	378,822	395,420	104.38%	9,609,403,000	7,109,980,871	73.99%
2017	386,978	196,418	50.76%	9,112,556,000	7,033,550,847	77.19%
2018	153,551	146,372	95.32%	5,060,000,000	4,850,940,726	95.87%
2019	53,131	55,781	104.99%	1,622,308,000	1,537,475,000	94.77%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2019 BFARs

Table 1.3. KALAHI-CIDSS National Community-Driven Development Program (KC-NCDDP)
 CY 2015-2018

Year	Physical (Household Beneficiaries)*			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Expenditure**	Rate
2015	220,500	198,450	90.00%	1,788,392,000	1,600,944,690	89.52%
2015	220,500	240,652	109.14%	17,012,753,000	15,080,632,767	88.64%
2016	2,176,650	2,651,637	121.82%	10,982,783,000	9,919,558,606	90.32%
2017	2,176,650	2,248,428	103.30%	10,229,160,000	12,824,299,656	125.37%
2018	420,345	1,571,369	373.83%	5,375,085,000	4,951,667,243	92.12%
2019	369,675	806,845	218.26%	2,770,271,000	2,226,199,000	80.36%

* Accomplishment refers to the number of Households benefitted from the completed Subprojects

** 2015-2017 Financial Expenditure is the total for the current and continuing funds, 2018 and 2019 is based on the current year obligation.

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2019 BFARs

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 2:

Rights of the Poor and Vulnerable Sectors Promoted and Protected

Table 1.4. Residential and Non-Residential Care Facilities, CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical (Clients Served)*			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	19,211	23,578	122.73%	1,059,506,000	938,450,420	88.57%
2016	18,168	25,513	140.43%	1,095,464,000	985,233,957	89.94%
2017	19,211	18,914	98.45%	1,416,408,000	1,375,576,665	97.12%
2018	11,733	10,306	87.84%	3,854,808,000	3,321,791,530	86.17%
2019	11,733	11,105	94.65%	1,748,975,000	1,483,890,000	84.84%

*2015-2017 data still include clients served at Processing Center for Displaced Persons (PCDP), however starting 2018, this was being counted under Social Welfare for Distressed Overseas Filipinos and Trafficked Persons Sub-Program

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2019 BFARs

Table 1.5. Supplementary Feeding Program, CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical (DCC and SNP Children Served)			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	2,053,383	1,584,591	77.17%	3,360,383,000	2,802,305,000	83.39%
2016	2,150,621	1,993,026	92.67%	4,271,022,000	3,714,558,375	86.97%
2017	1,746,199	1,804,746	103.35%	4,427,077,000	3,819,003,076	86.26%
2018	1,746,199	1,795,416	102.82%	3,428,462,000	3,223,653,456	94.03%
2019	1,881,979	1,688,699	89.73%	3,341,245,000	2,835,069,000	84.85%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2019 BFARs

Table 1.6. Bangsamoro Umpungan sa Nutrisyon (BangUN) Program, CY 2019

Year	Physical (Children)			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2018	15,000	14,800	98.67%	156,011,000	128,160,268	82.15%
2019	15,000	15,890	105.93%	158,819,000	153,563,000	96.69%

Sources: DSWD 2018 and 2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2018 and -2019 BFARs

Table 1.7. Social Pension for Indigent Senior Citizens Program, CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical (Indigent Senior Citizen Served)			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	993,771	963,804	96.98%	5,962,628,000	5,697,537,814	95.55%
2016	1,368,941	1,315,816	96.12%	8,711,203,000	8,159,792,636	93.67%
2017	2,809,542	3,058,355	108.86%	17,940,258,000	16,389,762,727	91.36%
2018	3,000,000	3,151,910	105.06%	19,282,858,000	18,288,503,764	94.84%
2019	3,796,791	3,441,423	90.64%	22,127,312,000	21,215,515,000	95.88%

Sources: DSWD 2018 and 2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2018 and -2019 BFARs

Table 1.8. Implementation of RA No. 10868 or the Centenarians Act of 2016, CY 2017-2019

Year	Physical			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2017	1,000	940	94.00%	100,000,000	94,000,000	94.00%
2018	1895	1,392	73.46%	189,500,000	139,200,000	73.46%
2019	1,014	938	92.50%	109,140,000	82,909,000	75.97%

Sources: DSWD 2017-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2017-2019 BFARs

Table 1.9. Protective Services for Individuals and Families Especially in Difficult Circumstances CY 2015-2019

Year	Financial		Obligation Rate
	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	
2015	4,517,755,000	3,348,411,048	74.12%
2016	6,697,558,000	4,050,505,415	60.48%
2017	2,137,526,000	1,973,454,329	92.32%
2018	5,708,078,000	5,602,370,271	98.15%
2019	5,087,951,000	5,006,412,901	98.40%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2018 GAA and BFARs

Table 1.10 Assistance to Individuals in Crisis Situation (AICS), CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate
2014	98,493	486,913	494.36%
2015	103,843	968,720	932.87%
2016	103,843	706,061	679.93%
2017	103,843	754,043	726.14%
2018	728,450	812,749	111.57%
2019	456,003	1,121,270	245.89%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2018 BFARs

Table 1.11. Comprehensive Program for Street Children, Street Families and IPs Especially Badjaus CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical						Financial		
	Targets		Accomplishment		Rate		Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
	Families	Children	Families	Children	Families	Children			
2014	1,300	3,606	1,971	6,171	151.62%	171.13%	36,500,000.00	31,290,346	85.7%
2015	2,628	6,000	1,961	6,025	74.62%	100.42%	86,500,000.00	62,888,657	72.7%
2016	2,075	3,300	4,681	8,198	225.59%	248.42%	36,674,000.00	30,494,887	83.2%
2017	2,248	4,275	3,300	7,590	146.80%	177.54%	37,774,000.00	30,858,970	81.7%
2018	2,248	4,275	4,562	6,263	202.94%	146.50%	38,907,000.00	33,657,122	86.51%
2019	2,595	3,357	3,910	5,790	150.67%	172.48%	34,387,000.00	30,728,000	89.36%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2019 BFARs

Table 1.12. Unconditional Cash Transfer (UCT) Project, CY 2018-2019

Year	Physical			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2018	10,000,000	9,755,263	97.55%	1,184,705,000	845,295,920	71.35%
2019	10,000,000	8,863,479	88.63%	1,062,954,000	124,196,994	11.68%

Source: UCT NPMO Annual Report

Table 1.13. Services to Distressed Overseas Filipinos and Their Families, CY 2018-2019

Year	Physical			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2018	18,000	24,859	138.11%		67,824,897	#DIV/0!
2019	18,000	32,557	180.87%	90,000,000	70,339,000	78.15%

Source: DSWD 2018-2019 GAA, and 2018-2019 BFARs

Table 1.14. Recovery and Reintegration Program for Traffic Persons, CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical			Financial		
	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate	Budget (GAA)	Obligation	Rate
2015	1,500	2,096	139.7%	23,635,000	20,105,854	85.1%
2016	1,800	1,713	95.2%	23,834,000	21,148,734	88.7%
2017	2,000	1,880	94.0%	24,827,000	21,988,329	88.6%
2018	2,000	2,318	115.9%	25,128,000	23,479,769	93.4%
2019	2,000	2,041	102.05%	23,670,000	22,006,000	92.97%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 GAA, DSWD Annual Reports and 2015-2019 BFARs

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 3:

Immediate Relief and Early Recovery of Disaster Victims/Survivors Ensured

Table 1.15. Assistance to Victims of Disasters and Natural Calamities:
Budget and Current Year Obligation CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical (No. of Families Served)			Financial	
	Targets	Accomplishment	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	ANA	969,560	2,238,905,000	2,002,088,333	89.42%
2016	ANA	1,413,335	2,237,324,000	1,781,502,791	79.63%
2017	ANA	831,718	1,389,203,000	1,353,692,340	97.44%
2018	ANA	2,448,921	4,899,866,000	4,236,614,781	86.46%
2019	ANA	1,693,353	3,495,988,000	2,784,076,730	79.64%

Financial data: 2015-2017: Assistance to Victims of Disasters and Natural Calamities
2018-19: Includes Disaster Response and Rehabilitation, National Resource Operation, Quick Response Fund, and Implementation and Monitoring of PAMANA

Data Source: 2015-2019 Annual Report and BFARs

Table 1.16. Number of Disaster Affected Barangays, Families and Persons, and
Total Cost of Assistance, CY 2015-2019

Indicator	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total No. of Disasters	164	105	80	103	286
Total No. of Barangays Affected	9,743	10,572	7,520	15,140	16,705
Total No. of Families Affected	1,784,143	3,442,242	1,454,981	2,542,547	2,793,582
Total No. of Persons Affected	7,919,155	15,616,709	6,636,276	21,066	12,170,025
No. of Families Served	969,560	1,410,506	831,718	1,080,887	1,047,857
No. of Persons Served	4,313,010	6,322,984	3,803,550	4,490,327	4,630,642
Cost of Assistance By Source:					
Total	463,219,365	450,154,487	1,140,728,375	849,522,064	784,780,930
DSWD Augmentation	358,435,898	414,556,138	915,657,924	497,472,092	484,020,994
DSWD - ARMM	90,000	549,000	-	-	-
LGUs	97,093,167	31,273,360	177,663,161	217,018,361	234,139,159
NGOs/GOs & Others	7,600,300	3,775,989	47,407,290	135,031,611	66,620,777

Source: DROMIC Report, DRMB

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 4:

Continuing Compliance of Social Welfare and Development Agencies (SWDAs) to Standards in the Delivery of Social Welfare Services Ensured

Table 1.17. Regulatory Services: Budget and Current Year Obligation, CY 2015-2019

Year	Physical Accomplishment			Financial		
	Registered	Licensed	Accredited	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	172	190	120	35,046,000	33,576,332	95.81%
2016	174	204	121	58,629,000	44,914,880	76.61%
2017	229	339	161	63,960,000	59,462,773	92.97%
2018	181	241	151	67,918,000	61,198,686	90.11%
2019	183	256	167	61,230,000	58,125,000	94.93%

*Sources: 2015-2017: CO and Regional MFO Reports
2018-2019: from Standards Bureau HPMS Report*

Table 1.18. Number of Social Welfare Development Agencies (SWDAs) Assessed and Registered 2015-2019

Year	Assessed	Registered	% of Registration
2015	273	172	63.00%
2016	218	174	79.82%
2017	314	229	72.90%
2018	217	181	83.00%
2019	310	254	82.00%

*Sources: 2015-2017: CO and Regional MFO Reports
2019: from Standards Bureau HPMS Report*

Table 1.19. Number of Social Welfare Agencies (SWAs) Assessed and Licensed, CY 2015-2019

Year	Assessed	Licensed	% of Licensed
2015	339	190	56.05%
2016	289	216	76.06%
2017	320	266	83.13%
2018	328	241	78.47%
2019	291	243	87.97%

*Sources: 2015-2017: CO and Regional MFO Reports
2018-2019: from Standards Bureau HPMS Report*

Table I.20. Number of Social Welfare Agencies (SWAs) Assessed and Accredited, CY 2015-2019

Year	Assessed	Accredited	% of Accredited
2015	316	120	37%
2016	343	121	35%
2017	371	161	43%
2018	293	151	51%
2019	290	167	58%

Sources: 2015-2017: CO and Regional MFO Reports
 2018: from Standards Bureau HPMS Report

Table I.21. Number of Facilities (Day Care Centers) Assessed and Accredited, CY 2015-2018

YEAR	Total Number of Cities/ Municipalities	Number of Assessed and Accredited Facilities	
		Assessed	Accredited
2015	1,459	4,468	4,166
2016	1,495	5,283	4,493
2017	1,516	5,878	5,306
2018	1,516	4,642	6,214

Sources: 2015-2017: CO and Regional MFO Reports

ORGANIZATION OUTCOME 5:

Delivery of social Welfare and social Welfare and Development Programs (SWDs) by Local Government Units (LGUs) through Local Social Welfare and Development Offices (LSWDOs) Improved

Social Welfare and Development Technical Assistance and Resource Augmentation Program

Table I.22. Financial Accomplishment, CY 2015-2019*

Year	Budget (GAA)	Current Year Obligation	Rate
2015	624,412,000	607,848,324	97.35%
2016	666,114,000	641,531,987	96.31%
2017	791,011,000	785,693,447	99.33%
2018	929,862,000	898,431,417	96.62%
2019	1,011,162,000	989,803,178	97.89%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 Annual Reports, 2015-2019 BFARs

*Include budget for the Provision of technical/advisory assistance and other Related Support Services and Provision of Capability Training Program

Table 1.23. Number of LGUS Provided with Technical Assistance, CY 2015-2019

Year	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate
2015	730	844	115.62%
2016	1,007	1,201	119.27%
2017	619	1,065	172.05%
2018	1,592	1,390	87.31%
2019	1,109	1,426	128.58%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 Annual Reports, 2015-2019 BFARs

Table I.24. Number of LGUS Provided with Resource Augmentation, CY 2015-2019

Year	Targets	Accomplishment	Rate
2015	633	566	89.42%
2016	378	537	142.06%
2017	558	626	112.19%
2018	878	878	100.00%
2019	214	331	154.67%

Sources: DSWD 2015-2019 Annual Reports, 2015-2019 BFARs

CHAPTER II

DSWD MAJOR PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS

BENEFICIARIES/CLIENTS SERVED BY REGION

CY 2015-2019

CHAPTER II
DSWD PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS
BENEFICIARIES/CLIENTS SERVED BY REGION

ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 1: Well-being of Poor Families Improved

Promotive Social Welfare Program

**Table 2.1. Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program Household Beneficiaries Served
By Region, CY 2015-2019**

Regions	Household Beneficiaries				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Grand Total	4,377,762	4,387,689	4,394,813	4,178,828	4,250,272
NCR	231,529	231,427	229,824	215,690	214,935
CAR	63,333	63,364	62,907	60,652	60,081
I	202,868	202,614	201,164	194,235	205,110
II	102,523	103,204	103,851	100,883	103,333
III	289,232	290,116	291,858	282,011	288,484
IV-A	318,329	317,352	319,573	308,854	311,506
IV-B	198,337	197,574	197,623	190,596	193,988
V	374,423	375,242	374,255	358,845	362,831
VI	320,404	319,655	318,030	308,648	315,896
VII	282,469	287,921	288,328	279,758	281,757
VIII	285,264	284,101	283,309	272,559	279,104
IX	321,199	320,472	318,470	307,159	299,597
X	271,365	270,333	268,659	258,520	249,379
XI	261,814	263,143	263,229	254,907	251,420
XII	227,792	256,310	256,374	242,767	245,518
Caraga	187,828	188,678	187,404	179,784	187,951
ARMM	439,053	416,183	429,955	362,960	399,382

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports

Table 2.2. Sustainable Livelihood Program (SLP) Families Served By Region and Program Track, CY 2015-2019

Regions	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019
	MD Track	EF Track	Total	MD Track	EF Track	Total	MD Track	EF Track	Total	MD Track	EF Track	Total	Total
Grand Total	380,068	127,539	507,607	196,822	165,984	362,806	145,350	51,068	196,418	134,789	11,583	146,372	55,781
NCR	13,242	8,037	21,279	6,574	5,299	11,873	892	3,049	3,941	5,846	234	6,080	2,207
CAR	5,192	1,372	6,564	2,895	3,086	5,981	3,175	1,143	4,318	4,979	274	5,253	1,642
I	22,568	2,156	24,724	9,451	4,693	14,144	11,932	2,281	14,213	13,698	302	14,000	2,482
II	14,166	1,117	15,283	811	1,284	2,095	4,808	3,589	8,397	8,964	952	9,916	2,417
III	28,138	695	28,833	8,855	1,725	10,580	13,818	1,314	15,132	6,460	405	6,865	3,094
IV-A	18,343	2,155	20,498	12,028	12,234	24,262	9,204	7,475	16,679	893	52	945	3,612
IV-B	16,500	2,273	18,773	5,017	1,739	6,756	4,216	3,119	7,335	8,909	722	9,631	2,213
V	36,169	6,361	42,530	8,482	8,355	16,837	5,474	3,684	9,158	4,448	777	5,225	4,580
VI	19,132	41,231	60,363	22,385	41,292	63,677	13,114	688	13,802	29,769	198	29,967	4,055
VII	45,747	3,027	48,774	33,209	27,352	60,561	28,385	3,125	31,510	5,313	1,491	6,804	6,425
VIII	21,311	38,705	60,016	12,252	26,472	38,724	11,607	7,997	19,604	13,463	3,103	16,566	3,088
IX	36,359	2,191	38,550	2,946	4,348	7,294	1,943	2,616	4,559	5,365	1,091	6,456	3,702
X	37,011	4,204	41,215	12,008	10,626	22,634	12,185	5,787	17,972	17,201	1,413	18,614	5,608
XI	25,891	4,884	30,775	25,747	6,008	31,755	13,570	2,272	15,842	1,657	5	1,662	3,850
XII	16,428	7,701	24,129	1,932	2,589	4,521	1,681	1,258	2,939	7,745	435	8,180	3,451
Caraga	23,871	1,430	25,301	12,423	1,814	14,237	1,488	1,671	3,159	79	129	208	3,350
ARMM			0	11,875		11,875	7,858		7,858	0	0	0	5
NIR				7,932	7,068	15,000						0	

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports
 *2019 data from SLP updated report



**Table 2.3. KALAHI-CIDSS National Community-Driven Development Program (KC-NCDDP) Accomplishment
By Region, CY 2015-2019**

Regions	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Areas covered	Sub-projects Completed	Households Beneficiaries	Areas covered	Sub-projects Completed	Households Beneficiaries	Areas covered	Sub-projects Completed	Households Beneficiaries	Areas covered	Sub-projects Completed	Households Beneficiaries	Areas covered	Sub-projects Completed	Households Beneficiaries
Grand Total	18,092	6,055	1,452,505	18,318	8,915	2,404,923	18,760	5,558	1,203,096	18,781	4,941	1,571,369	17,533	2,561	768,057
CAR	317	2	496	317	84	10,969	477	179	27,592	477	219	20,314	358	138	8,676
I	133			133	58	8,736	133	41	5,590	133	41	4,406	125	49	5,060
III	64			64	20	5,498	64	7	2,774	64	20	11,292	51	24	1,792
IV-A	719	362	77,565	676	377	83,626	771	312	55,820	771	125	45,785	712	200	31,773
IV-B	1,204	240	79,840	1,269	644	118,076	1,278	328	163,920	1,278	334	135,375	1,195	133	50,451
V	2,691	97	21,436	2,864	851	192,757	2,864	683	97,442	2,864	1,028	173,226	2,292	138	57,963
VI	3,418	840	203,016	3,418	2,675	901,087	3,418	363	132,155	3,418	544	283,765	3,196	134	98,911
VII	2,096	1,045	320,323	2,058	671	261,559	2,174	699	181,885	2,174	948	305,663	2,151	320	76,415
VIII	3,585	2,015	366,233	3,654	2,082	433,329	3,654	1,651	202,168	3,654	359	197,579	3,609	215	76,757
IX	1,038	302	43,817	1,038	736	172,314	1,068	256	34,957	1,068	272	54,561	1,063	302	64,809
X	1,166	170	42,910	1,166	171	37,847	1,182	286	91,200	1,203	470	107,987	1,160	566	173,452
XI	496	269	107,792	496	87	19,108	496	267	77,913	496	189	104,178	490	140	82,147
XII	386	27	16,336	386	214	106,181	386	142	62,663	386	157	71,315	359	148	19,626
Caraga	779	686	172,741	779	245	53,836	795	344	67,017	795	235	55,923	772	54	20,225

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports



ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 2: Rights of the Poor and Vulnerable Sectors Promoted and Protected

Protective Social Welfare Program

Table 2.4. Clients Served in Residential and Non-Residential Care Facilities By Region, CY 2015-2019

Regions	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Residential	Non-Residential	Total	Residential	Non-Residential	Total	Residential	Non-Residential	Total	Residential	Non-Residential	Total	Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Grand Total	22,492	1,186	23,678	24,686	988	25,674	18,273	894	19,167	10,367	1,153	11,520	6,368	4,056	10,424
NCR	6,061	560	6,621	5,775	461	6,236	4,732	514	5,246	5,069	654	5,723	569	3,516	4,085
CAR	203		203	273		273	247		247	197		197	208		208
I	285	118	403	418	127	545	340	92	432	454	74	528	449	160	609
II	111		111	183		183	189		189	149		149	165		165
III	917		917	890		890	876		876	881		881	889		889
IV-A	846		846	1,011		1,011	1,022		1,022	809		809	867		867
IV-B	23		23	41		41	41		41	40		40	42		42
V	275		275	214		214	180		180	187		187	190		190
VI	128		128	124		124	114		114	134		134	136		136
VII	282	252	534	393	213	606	388	152	540	487	209	696	511	143	654
VIII	204		204	280		280	279		279	222		222	201		201
IX	12,104	153	12,257	14,067	98	14,165	8,787	54	8,841	628	148	776	1,038	162	1,200
X	314		314	283		283	342		342	396		396	404		404
XI	433		433	374		374	371		371	448		448	451		451
XII	187	103	290	110	89	199	115	82	197	102	68	170	83	75	158
Caraga	119		119	250		250	250		250	164		164	165		165

Sources: Residential and Community-Based Services Forms

PCDP clients of 2018 = 10,240; and 2019 =



Table 2.5. Supplementary Feeding Program Beneficiaries Served By Region and By Cycle of Implementation, CY 2015-2019

Region	Implementation Cycle				
	5th Cyle of Implementation (SY 2015-2016)	6th Cyle of Implementation (SY 2016-2017)	7th Cyle of Implementation (SY 2017-2018)	8th Cyle of Implementation (SY 2018-2019)	9th Cyle of Implementation (SY 2019-2020)
Total	1,584,591	2,001,142	1,574,679	1,665,393	1,688,611
NCR	109,100	162,753	67,437	93,441	103,392
CAR	37,047	45,447	37,143	24,819	42,999
I	77,530	105,349	61,369	63,373	75,127
II	76,127	83,679	87,686	73,689	85,244
III	85,348	167,158	93,642	73,603	112,214
IV-A	183,616	208,209	155,253	184,307	175,285
IV-B	52,363	81,907	76,541	50,563	50,923
V	146,292	138,494	155,061	146,027	43,584
VI	198,369	131,741	106,447	192,453	193,922
VII	99,254	86,024	41,090	94,741	117,411
VIII	10,689	51,342	42,114	65,006	44,492
IX	73,126	102,434	89,819	113,399	111,376
X	131,674	167,148	133,683	154,467	154,989
XI	74,191	106,136	154,327	77,539	135,246
XII	80,824	105,435	92,863	84,985	101,395
Caraga	75,522	76,442	74,305	78,072	76,280
ARMM	73,519	84,218	14,921	94,909	64,732
NIR	-	97,226	90,978		

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports



Table 2.6. Social Pension for Indigent Senior Citizens Program Beneficiaries Served By Region, CY 2015-2019

Region	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total	963,804	1,371,924	3,058,355	3,151,910	3,441,423
NCR	42,385	66,405	117,544	169,735	157,997
CAR	35,546	69,413	79,316	84,880	90,814
I	66,658	84,397	185,801	127,031	189,024
II	58,761	79,308	218,659	215,049	218,446
III	52,366	71,292	95,983	105,581	106,165
IV-A	60,770	85,043	159,824	175,500	276,123
IV-B	47,991	80,950	113,195	180,520	164,498
V	56,826	82,658	177,301	191,872	261,533
VI	69,910	65,977	367,205	365,971	365,494
VII	64,714	67,560	222,231	267,731	274,039
VIII	68,928	82,203	242,262	251,413	205,415
IX	60,962	81,251	151,988	177,934	194,985
X	50,593	75,003	186,760	186,760	194,480
XI	62,437	82,531	133,767	254,526	262,855
XII	60,857	99,030	341,730	251,124	253,064
Caraga	63,235	82,754	128,466	130,796	140,000
ARMM	40,865	71,087	136,323	15,487	86,491
NIR	-	45,062	-	-	-

Source: Program Management Bureau

Table 2.7. Implementation of RA No. 10868 or the Centenarians Act of 2016 Program Beneficiaries by Region, CY 2017-2019

Region	2017	2018	2019
Total	940	977	938
NCR	48	193	92
CAR	28	15	34
I	221	138	126
II	36	75	61
III	101	75	120
IV-A	205	89	72
IV-B	31	10	15
V	32	26	43
VI	26	113	129
VII	59	72	85
VIII	30	40	31
IX	20	25	28
X	13	25	25
XI	38	21	20
XII	52	47	42
CARAGA	0	13	15
ARMM	0	0	0

Source: Program Management Bureau, DSWD

Protective Program for Individuals, Families and Communities in Need or in Crisis

Table 2.8. Clients Served Through Assistance to Individuals in Crisis Situation (AICS), By Region, CY 2015-2019

Regions	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total	968,720	706,061	754,043	812,749	1,121,270
CO	32,465	50,241	64,129	81,465	80,299
CAR	278,247	202,518	142,294	10,630	139,195
NCR	15,778	7,849	7,698	32,510	24,559
I	21,217	61,805	66,125	57,912	85,369
II	118,539	40,961	35,140	37,463	104,627
III	64,824	47,807	59,845	60,456	72,427
IV-A	97,748	34,298	81,403	8,369	51,572
IV-B	6,705	6,740	8,005	39,233	9,655
V	40,671	29,179	33,440	167,140	61,359
VI	37,091	45,103	26,632	58,530	64,074
VII	65,522	44,401	29,755	52,078	79,562
VIII	21,575	18,298	36,744	23,035	30,747
IX	20,807	18,558	27,431	37,384	40,871
X	27,681	18,148	13,662	19,839	39,722
XI	67,879	42,633	52,722	71,092	118,531
XII	26,777	16,171	35,626	19,831	64,146
CARAGA	25,194	18,556	23,034	35,782	54,555
NIR		2,795	10,358	-	-

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports

Table 2.9. Types of Assistance Provided Through AICS, CY 2015-2019

Types of Assistance	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Educational Assistance	301,698	234,314	201,861	151,950	344,696
Medical Assistance	355,201	293,105	406,259	470,713	572,165
Transportation Assistance	12,849	10,357	9,349	24,061	28,933
Burial Assistance	94,039	69,882	82,613	92,294	92,232
Food Assistance	195,979	94,824	49,441	68,683	64,072
Non-Food Assistance	8,954	3,579	4,520	3,363	3,353
Cash Assistance	-	-	-	288	28,506
Others	-	-	-	265,601	598,274
Total Served	968,720	706,061	754,043	1,076,953	1,732,231

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports

Table 2.10. Unconditional Cash Transfer (UCT) Project Household Beneficiaries by Region, CY 2018-2019

Region	2018				2019			
	Household Uploaded with Grants	Amount Uploaded	Household with Claimed Grants	Amount Uploaded	No. of Households Uploaded	Amount Uploaded	No. of Households	Amount Uploaded
Total	9,723,457	23,336,296,800	7,642,218	18,341,323,200	5,701,475	20,525,310,000	3,846,684	13,848,062,400
NCR	426,415	1,023,396,000	384,407	922,576,800	234,635	844,686,000	218,116	785,217,600
CAR	165,644	397,545,600	141,594	339,825,600	84,263	303,346,800	60,762	218,743,200
I	488,880	1,173,312,000	363,300	871,920,000	253,805	913,698,000	195,152	702,547,200
II	385,873	926,095,200	302,090	725,016,000	164,654	592,754,400	101,926	366,933,600
III	506,318	1,215,163,200	455,162	1,092,388,800	357,541	1,287,147,600	285,726	1,028,613,600
IV-A	575,466	1,381,118,400	545,498	1,309,195,200	376,476	1,355,313,600	311,768	1,122,364,800
IV-B	450,760	1,081,824,000	273,870	657,288,000	522,278	1,880,200,800	522,078	1,879,480,800
V	683,136	1,639,526,400	650,759	1,561,821,600	121,118	436,024,800	8,660	31,176,000
VI	878,322	2,107,972,800	751,325	1,803,180,000	523,597	1,884,949,200	309,646	1,114,725,600
VII	786,027	1,886,464,800	640,222	1,536,532,800	573,892	2,066,011,200	291,164	1,048,190,400
VIII	590,888	1,418,131,200	447,872	1,074,892,800	416,131	1,498,071,600	273,330	983,988,000
IX	600,653	1,441,567,200	509,703	1,223,287,200	413,364	1,488,110,400	302,096	1,087,545,600
X	691,258	1,659,019,200	492,231	1,181,354,400	422,003	1,519,210,800	257,268	926,164,800
XI	609,039	1,461,693,600	536,420	1,287,408,000	303,857	1,093,885,200	254,916	917,697,600
XII	658,067	1,579,360,800	530,067	1,272,160,800	335,570	1,208,052,000	233,823	841,762,800
CARAGA	401,354	963,249,600	317,282	761,476,800	260,276	936,993,600	179,765	647,154,000
ARMM	825,357	1,980,856,800	300,416	720,998,400	338,015	1,216,854,000	40,488	145,756,800

Sources: UCT-NPMO, DSWD

Grants for UCT beneficiaries is lodged at Landbank of the Philippines, only Administrative Cost is lodged at DSWD

**Table 2.11. Recovery and Reintegration Program for Traffic Persons (RRPTP)
Clients Assisted By Region, CY 2015-2019**

Regions	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total	2,096	1,713	1,659	2,318	2,041
NCR	551	331	328	606	553
CAR	23	19	15	14	39
I	29	48	59	64	128
II	40	22	153	63	55
III	144	138	173	259	190
IV-A	118	108	91	220	128
IV-B	137	31	13	35	37
V	40	17	9	32	38
VI	69	82	41	73	83
VII	151	136	173	194	199
VIII	28	24	59	100	73
IX	456	536	342	389	296
X	109	52	37	86	102
XI	81	61	60	80	37
XII	35	54	39	14	40
Caraga	63	54	30	78	43
ARMM	22	0	17	11	-
NIR			20		

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports

Table 2.12. Number of Distressed Overseas Filipinos and Their Families Served By Country, CY 2015-2019

Social Welfare Attache' (SWAtt) Post	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Docu-mented	Undocu-mented	Total	Docu-mented	Undocu-mented	Total	Docu-mented	Undocu-mented	Total	Docu-mented	Undocu-mented	Total	Docu-mented	Undocu-mented	Total
Grand Total	7,186	3,408	10,594	6,518	7,003	13,521	3,791	9,769	13,224	9,590	15,269	24,859	8,483	16,376	32,557
Malaysia	269	1,067	1,336	151	2,480	2,631	61	3,529	3,590	3,228	3,285	6,513	1,293	11,381	12,674
Hong Kong	228	265	493	733	170	903	225	80	305	158	1,126	1,284	2,533	827	3,360
South Korea	3,284	112	3,396	1,224	39	1,263			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jeddah	41	289	330	36	33	69	740	3,531	4,271	2,235	2,290	4,525	598	576	1,174
Kuwait	291	375	666	660	589	1,249	1,213	676	1,889	497	1,750	2,247	420	1,808	2,228
Riyadh	1,155	760	1,915	276	1,825	2,101	345	1,183	1,528	511	1,302	1,813	478	1,952	2,430
UAE	1,334	232	1,566	1,814	835	2,649	372	337	709	1,082	2,853	3,935	2,397	3,333	5,730
Qatar	584	308	892	312	876	1,188	818	114	932	248	1,263	1,511	643	1,500	2,143
Italy				1,305	19	1,324	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
DFA/Other Countries				7	137	144	17	319	336	281	206	487		530	530
OFW Family Members that are provided services				-	-	-	-	-	-	1,350	1,194	2,544	2,288		2,288

Source/s: International Social Services Office, and DSWD Annual Report



ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 3: Immediate Relief and Early Recovery of Disaster Victims/Survivors Ensured

Table.2.13. Number of Disaster Affected Barangays, Families and Persons, and Total Cost of Assistance, CY 2015-2019

Region	2014						2015					
	Affected			Served		Cost of Assistance (In Pesos)	Affected			Served		Cost of Assistance (In Pesos)
	Brgys.	Families	Persons	Families	Persons		Brgys.	Families	Persons	Families	Persons	
Total	21,066	3,173,607	14,094,861	2,136,077	9,654,293	718,325,565	9,743	1,784,143	7,919,155	969,560	4,313,010	463,219,365
NCR	315	38,354	170,865	36,860	163,789	27,156,198	51	10,570	46,791	10,182	45,089	12,565,262
CAR	389	16,740	73,803	4,790	20,498	1,025,594	497	36,458	173,209	9,905	45,492	6,936,235
I	1,757	226,446	1,014,080	56,606	272,941	22,227,361	2,131	353,323	1,502,718	127,876	554,782	45,797,464
II	318	10,922	46,756	8,065	33,214	3,096,847	1,229	169,271	733,086	168,621	732,084	33,468,264
III	967	171,295	789,172	83,320	390,878	35,495,940	1,982	580,343	2,603,841	275,145	1,228,450	106,016,471
MIMAROPA	2,767	443,796	1,843,077	103,200	481,708	38,596,036	251	13,650	64,936	12,606	59,659	2,803,940
CALABARZON	1,083	83,745	366,434	65,081	270,070	16,062,206	528	112,486	504,670	103,690	460,175	26,319,805
V	4,363	880,380	3,876,616	861,739	3,823,749	190,796,724	1,496	186,756	816,230	138,292	616,942	99,783,382
VI	1,539	138,755	555,987	86,531	352,891	28,925,914	28	3,340	15,969	3,072	14,677	-
VII	747	149,849	669,388	55,434	237,291	24,388,220	10	333	1,490	192	853	353,162
VIII	4,594	612,894	2,835,405	397,407	1,861,647	126,919,634	937	194,053	855,150	49,821	217,840	79,097,361
IX	3	2,126	9,063	1,812	8,600	14,460,698	9	2,086	13,545	2,086	13,545	13,198,242
X	396	41,873	187,194	29,726	130,966	8,422,532	3	178	502	178	502	-
XI	301	102,002	489,641	99,599	479,714	106,484,506	36	8,414	33,317	6,544	26,437	174,353
XII	111	23,767	118,307	17,738	88,273	2,724,292	101	24,256	118,683	12,985	63,614	5,946,369
CARAGA	1,210	178,244	787,078	177,917	786,904	65,279,613	142	13,996	62,808	13,483	59,511	12,174,008
ARMM	206	52,419	261,995	50,252	251,160	6,263,250	312	74,630	372,210	34,882	173,358	18,585,048

Source: DROMIC Report, DSWD-DRMB



... Number of Disaster Affected Barangays, Families and Persons, and Total Cost of Assistance, CY 2015-2019

Region	2016						2017					
	Affected			Served		Cost of Assistance (In Pesos)	Affected			Served		Cost of Assistance (In Pesos)
	Brgys.	Families	Persons	Families	Persons		Brgys.	Families	Persons	Families	Persons	
Total	10,572	3,442,242	15,616,709	1,410,506	6,322,984	450,154,487	7,520	1,454,981	6,636,276	831,718	3,803,550	1,140,728,335
NCR	84	14,847	66,533	12,550	57,834	7,436,163	32	6,723	29,338	6,049	26,060	14,328,760
CAR	1,055	131,496	576,161	113,955	514,110	55,054,220	43	865	3,289	147	528	53,571
I	1,556	165,811	768,760	135,434	616,704	23,070,167	161	3,144	13,779	3,132	13,752	348,077
II	2,062	317,699	1,441,105	315,979	1,432,122	48,916,452	3	9,662	44,324	9,662	44,324	1,776,690
III	1,369	272,430	1,214,002	99,205	433,865	38,242,548	65	2,761	11,403	2,059	8,121	439,510
MIMAROPA	654	61,162	257,431	53,899	225,446	18,406,174	169	10,412	57,943	8,381	36,615	47,037,222
CALABARZON	494	81,882	406,151	32,330	155,946	36,717,053	417	16,712	73,833	16,646	73,119	14,193,230
V	2,020	559,909	2,490,680	532,176	2,345,650	194,862,198	166	7,692	32,679	7,692	32,679	2,152,129
VI	341	421,065	1,687,211	16,821	70,235	468,000	59	5,280	25,769	2,073	9,734	2,879,088
VII	63	211,868	848,148	842	6,949	534,000	321	23,423	117,132	23,295	114,926	11,493,111
VIII	322	37,561	163,911	23,477	103,227	5,774,666	2,422	453,151	1,928,073	174,519	767,297	198,320,033
IX	49	45,717	224,629	5,231	22,204	5,453,010	385	55,392	266,163	28,278	128,002	13,199,874
X	29	78,856	353,867	821	2,709	1,683,126	670	119,654	539,049	119,754	535,700	509,515,370
XI	27	100,925	403,414	1,151	4,404	1,131,350	499	224,579	1,068,548	58,568	280,998	25,509,949
XII	71	714,144	3,581,943	2,199	10,986	1,681,600	200	98,765	470,372	36,698	176,917	60,209,505
CARAGA	32	4,466	21,891	611	2,616	208,430	1,101	289,874	1,430,203	209,258	1,032,077	188,589,475
ARMM	344	222,404	1,110,872	63,825	317,977	10,515,330	807	126,892	524,379	125,507	522,701	50,682,739
NIR	54	23,556	117,147	2,829	13,589	-						

Source: DROMIC Report, DSWD-DRMB



...Number of Disaster Affected Barangays, Families and Persons, and Total Cost of Assistance, CY 2015-2019

Region	2018						2019					
	Affected			Served		Cost of Assistance (In Pesos)	Affected			Served		Cost of Assistance (In Pesos)
	Brgys.	Families	Persons	Families	Persons		Brgys.	Families	Persons	Families	Persons	
Total	15,140	2,542,547	10,549,118	1,080,887	4,490,327	849,522,064	16,705	2,793,582	12,170,025	1,047,857	4,630,642	784,780,930
NCR	175	30,434	133,486	28,645	126,975	43,642,869	89	15,068	58,607	8,119	30,578	21,107,652
CAR	1,684	153,162	654,785	35,363	140,111	46,104,129	572	37,355	159,527	7,836	29,696	9,310,124
I	4,485	780,653	3,229,805	71,966	291,791	173,029,649	697	46,337	195,494	13,286	51,313	12,540,118
II	3,170	392,786	1,580,058	351,117	1,399,365	73,135,274	1,167	195,461	735,603	52,383	211,380	69,422,045
III	2,280	710,091	2,900,017	269,892	1,098,654	114,205,979	359	37,038	175,071	7,054	31,877	7,705,824
MIMAROPA	489	38,606	169,721	38,603	168,356	14,368,862	854	27,050	124,941	21,008	97,516	17,914,065
CALABARZON	236	19,279	86,070	19,050	85,284	11,229,431	777	94,430	395,803	55,806	214,718	40,421,987
V	548	104,833	468,670	104,828	468,670	260,509,400	3,470	456,091	2,034,211	196,119	882,947	121,763,571
VI	249	27,039	112,192	7,036	32,224	2,498,554	2,129	479,869	2,146,602	133,573	583,539	37,122,289
VII	159	9,625	36,983	8,920	34,793	33,096,773	112	26,744	126,869	16,796	77,936	39,186,603
VIII	1,143	173,551	689,381	43,082	161,237	25,351,424	4,009	716,973	2,884,837	141,754	565,302	100,136,395
IX	3	641	3,167	588	3,072	8,176,413	532	39,854	197,762	15,235	74,683	8,258,103
X	29	1,971	8,126	1,970	8,124	31,696	360	94,951	469,957	67,921	334,798	91,978,301
XI	22	3,990	19,435	3,941	19,264	1,378,990	835	367,442	1,676,927	250,432	1,145,243	145,218,921
XII	27	7,010	28,233	7,010	28,233	2,363,937	456	129,274	644,486	47,025	234,375	48,170,991
CARAGA	236	22,919	99,094	22,919	99,094	14,719,416	249	13,383	62,564	9,547	45,472	8,858,013
ARMM	205	65,957	329,895	65,957	325,080	25,679,270	38	16,262	80,764	3,963	19,269	5,665,931

Source: DROMIC Report, DSWD-DRMB



ORGANIZATIONAL OUTCOME 4: Continuing Compliance of Social Welfare and Development Agencies (SWDAs) to Standards in the Delivery Of Social Welfare Services Ensured

Social Welfare and Development Agencies Regulatory Program

Table 2.14. Number of Social Welfare Development Agencies (SWDAs) Assessed and Registered By Region, CY 2015-2019

Region	Number of SWDAs Assessed and Registered														
	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Assessed ^{1/}	Registered	% of Registration	Assessed ^{1/}	Registered	% of Registration	Assessed ^{1/}	Registered	% of Registration	Assessed ^{1/}	Registered	% of Registration	Assessed ^{1/}	Registered	% of Registration
Total^{2/}	273	172	63.00%	218	174	79.82%	314	229	72.93%	264	181	68.56%	310	254	81.94%
CO	73	34	46.58%	21	39	185.71%	80	55	68.75%	62	48	77.42%	82	59	71.95%
NCR	44	45	102.27%	53	37	69.81%	82	63	76.83%	97	43	44.33%	79	55	69.62%
CAR	8	5	62.50%	8	3	37.50%	10	4	40.00%	4	4	100.00%	5	4	80.00%
I	4	4	100.00%	8	5	62.50%	6	2	33.33%	3	3	100.00%	7	6	85.71%
II	12	3	25.00%	12	3	25.00%	14	11	78.57%	8	4	50.00%	4	4	100.00%
III	4	4	100.00%	12	11	91.67%	21	18	85.71%	18	13	72.22%	31	28	90.32%
IV – A	22	19	86.36%	17	16	94.12%	11	11	100.00%	16	16	100.00%	26	26	100.00%
IV – B	8	1	12.50%	6	4	66.67%	13	13	100.00%	4	1	25.00%	2	1	50.00%
V	27	10	37.04%	17	5	29.41%	13	11	84.62%	3	3	100.00%	9	9	100.00%
VI	22	22	100.00%	15	13	86.67%	13	13	100.00%	13	13	100.00%	13	13	100.00%
VII	10	5	50.00%	4	3	75.00%	12	7	58.33%	6	5	83.33%	11	10	90.91%
VIII	4	1	25.00%	8	2	25.00%	4	2	50.00%	9	7	77.78%	7	7	100.00%
IX	4	4	100.00%	6	4	66.67%	22	10	45.45%	5	5	100.00%	9	9	100.00%
X	5	0	0.00%	7	7	100.00%	3	3	100.00%	4	4	100.00%	7	5	71.43%
XI	5	5	100.00%	11	10	90.91%	3	3	100.00%	6	6	100.00%	9	9	100.00%
XII	13	5	38.46%	4	2	50.00%	2	0	0.00%	2	2	100.00%	6	6	100.00%
CARAGA	8	5	62.50%	8	10	125.00%	4	3	75.00%	4	4	100.00%	3	3	100.00%
NIR				1	0	-	1		-						

Sources: 2015-2017 Regional MFO Reports, 2018-2019 from the HPMS Report



Table. 2.15. Number of Social Welfare Agencies (SWAs) Assessed and Licensed By Region, 2015-2019

Region	Number of SWAs Assessed and Licensed														
	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Assessed ^{1/}	Licensed	% of Licensed	Assessed ^{1/}	Licensed	% of Licensed	Assessed ^{1/}	Licensed	% of Licensed	Assessed ^{1/}	Licensed	% of Licensed	Assessed ^{1/}	Licensed	% of Licensed
Total ^{2/}	339	190	56.05%	289	204	70.59%	339	264	77.88%	328	241	73.48%	291	256	87.97%
CO	70	38	54.29%	41	41	100.00%	82	74	90.24%	77	54	70.13%	67	50	74.63%
NCR	28	18	64.29%	46	21	45.65%	40	30	75.00%	45	23	51.11%	39	27	69.23%
CAR	3	3	100.00%	6	4	66.67%	2	0	0.00%	4	2	50.00%	5	5	100.00%
I	15	10	66.67%	14	10	71.43%	8	4	50.00%	11	8	72.73%	13	12	92.31%
II	6	5	83.33%	11	7	63.64%	7	6	85.71%	6	6	100.00%	5	3	60.00%
III	13	8	61.54%	30	21	70.00%	29	24	82.76%	34	31	91.18%	23	19	82.61%
IV - A	30	24	80.00%	25	18	72.00%	18	10	55.56%	24	24	100.00%	35	35	100.00%
IV - B	19	10	52.63%	6	3	50.00%	9	8	88.89%	18	11	61.11%	5	3	60.00%
V	30	14	46.67%	21	9	42.86%	27	18	66.67%	11	7	63.64%	8	8	100.00%
VI	12	12	100.00%	6	8	133.33%	7	7	100.00%	12	12	100.00%	10	9	90.00%
VII	57	21	36.84%	19	19	100.00%	38	38	100.00%	44	24	54.55%	29	40	137.93%
VIII	6	0	0.00%	4	1	25.00%	3	3	100.00%	3	3	100.00%	9	6	66.67%
IX	5	2	40.00%	1	4	400.00%	29	3	10.34%	8	7	87.50%	4	4	100.00%
X	3	0	0.00%	17	16	94.12%	14	13	92.86%	4	4	100.00%	14	12	85.71%
XI	8	8	100.00%	8	8	100.00%	7	15	214.29%	15	15	100.00%	15	12	80.00%
XII	24	13	54.17%	11	10	90.91%	10	7	70.00%	10	8	80.00%	8	9	112.50%
CARAGA	10	4	40.00%	8	4	50.00%	3	4	133.33%	2	2	100.00%	2	2	100.00%
NIR				15	12	80.00%	6	2	33.33%						

Sources: 2015-2017 Regional MFO Reports, 2018-2019 from the HPMS Report



Table 2.16. Number of Social Welfare Agencies (SWAs) Assessed and Accredited, 2015-2019

Region	Number of SWAs Assessed and Accredited														
	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Assessed ^{1/}	License d	% of Accredited	Assessed ^{1/}	License d	% of Accredited	Assessed ^{1/}	License d	% of Accredited	Assessed ^{1/}	License d	% of Accredited	Assessed ^{1/}	License d	% of Accredited
Total^{2/}	316	120	37.97%	343	121	35.28%	371	161	43.40%	293	151	51.54%	432	167	38.66%
CO	120	120	100.00%	121	121	100.00%	161	161	100.00%	151	151	100.00%	290	167	57.59%
NCR	13	-	-	28	-	-	13	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-
CAR	6	-	-	5	-	-	5	-	-	7	-	-	7	-	-
I	23	-	-	8	-	-	32	-	-	4	-	-	4	-	-
II	4	-	-	31	-	-	7	-	-	5	-	-	5	-	-
III	0	-	-	17	-	-	7	-	-	19	-	-	19	-	-
IV - A	16	-	-	13	-	-	11	-	-	6	-	-	6	-	-
IV - B	13	-	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	9	-	-	9	-	-
V	18	-	-	14	-	-	33	-	-	12	-	-	12	-	-
VI	12	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	-	6	-	-	6	-	-
VII	9	-	-	5	-	-	0	-	-	35	-	-	35	-	-
VIII	1	-	-	8	-	-	7	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-
IX	4	-	-	14	-	-	49	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-
X	22	-	-	30	-	-	8	-	-	7	-	-	7	-	-
XI	10	-	-	6	-	-	13	-	-	14	-	-	14	-	-
XII	26	-	-	20	-	-	3	-	-	14	-	-	14	-	-
Caraga	19	-	-	10	-	-	8	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-
NIR				2	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-

Sources: 2015-2017 Regional MFO Reports, 2018-2019 from the HPMS Report



Table 2.17. Number of Daycare Centers (DCCs) Assessed and Accredited, 2015-2018

Region	Number of Day Care Centers									
	2015		2015		2016		2017		2018	
	Assessed	Accredited	Assessed	Accredited	Accredited	Assessed	Assessed	Accredited	Assessed	Accredited
Total	4,636	4,029	4,468	4,166	5,283	4,493	5,878	5,306	4,642	4,680
NCR	254	254	219	190	377	343	456	456	280	164
CAR	120	120	196	147	200	170	306	276	250	122
I	498	360	410	293	477	290	394	308	234	338
II	402	374	484	699	450	251	469	455	238	250
III	709	698	206	206	642	627	848	848	275	234
IV - A	304	279	452	412	620	554	280	271	318	237
IV - B	160	143	282	282	110	164	208	204	174	270
V	225	189	197	190	165	98	215	209	122	308
VI	409	409	584	587	406	406	405	405	354	174
VII	87	80	258	256	46	46	309	290	352	122
VIII	500	420	13	13	203	203	460	69	286	354
IX	0	0	242	242	101	76	418	418	720	357
X	186	186	47	22	148	164	202	193	126	286
XI	351	322	260	213	379	337	121	117	625	720
XII	339	95	249	170	366	200	80	80	164	126
CARAGA	92	100	369	244	265	240	267	267	124	618
NIR					328	324	440	440		

Source: DSWD Standards Bureau



CHAPTER III

CLIENTS SERVED FROM CENTER AND RESIDENTIAL-BASED SERVICES, COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES AND OTHER DSWD PAPS CY 2015-2019



CHAPTER III

CLIENTS SERVED FROM CENTER AND RESIDENTIAL-BASED SERVICES, COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES AND OTHER DSWD PAPS

Table 3.1. Child Abused Cases by Case Category, Age and Sex from CY 2015-2019

Case Category	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	4,380	1,396	2,984	3,857	1,212	2,645	3,495	1,078	2,417	4,087	1,402	2,685	2,855	931	1,924
1. Abandoned	665	338	327	740	392	348	637	320	317	507	265	242	278	180	98
2. Neglected	1,582	853	729	1,302	630	672	948	498	450	764	395	369	584	305	279
3. Sexually-Abused	1,147	7	1,140	1,045	32	1,013	985	15	970	764	5	759	644	7	637
a. Rape	644	6	638	525	19	506	487	9	478	368	4	364	344	2	342
b. Incest	455	0	455	453	6	447	427	1	426	358	1	357	256	0	256
c. Acts of Lasciviousness	48	1	47	67	7	60	71	5	66	38	0	38	44	5	39
4. Sexually-Exploited	116	6	110	135	16	119	126	5	121	137	5	132	174	10	164
a. Victims of Pedophilia	5	2	3	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
b. Victims of Prostitution	53	0	53	40	0	40	41	0	41	22	0	22	59	0	59
c. Victims of Pornography	14	3	11	30	6	24	28	3	25	49	3	46	22	7	15
d. Victims of Cyber Pornography	44	1	43	61	6	55	57	2	55	62	2	60	89	3	86
e. Sexual Harrasment										4	0	4	3	0	3
5. Physically Abused/Maltreated	306	134	172	230	99	131	185	84	101	148	66	82	126	51	75
6. Victims of Child Labor	35	7	28	21	5	16	66	24	42	85	17	68	24	8	16
7. Victims of Illegal Recruitment	51	2	49	26	0	26	26	0	26	74	0	74	41	3	38
8. Victims of Child Trafficking	425	33	392	301	23	278	321	37	284	432	61	371	354	18	336
9. In situation of Armed Conflict	27	10	17	17	2	15	153	85	68	13	5	8	16	7	9
10. Others	26	6	20	40	13	27	48	10	38	1,163	583	580	614	342	272
Age Group															
0 to below 1	241	118	123	220	113	107	168	85	83	225	120	105	117	59	58
1 to below 5	711	348	363	629	289	340	596	295	301	693	356	337	365	185	180
5 to below 10	967	427	540	807	338	469	642	271	371	850	392	458	418	207	211
10 to below 14	1,018	296	722	871	251	620	759	176	583	923	272	651	698	274	424
14 to below 18	1,371	185	1,186	1,247	193	1,054	1,143	186	957	1,286	217	1,069	1,149	169	980
18 and above	66	17	49	83	28	55	151	65	86	110	45	65	108	37	71

Sources: Residential and Community-Based Services Forms



Table 3.2. Children in Conflict with the Law (CICL) Served By Sex, By Age, By Region from CY 2015-2019

Age Bracket	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	1,635	1,501	134	1,778	1,636	142	2,096	1,938	158	2,234	2,020	214	2,307	2,157	150
NCR	81	0	81	73	0	73	68	0	68	87	0	87	97	0	97
CAR	47	45	2	33	30	3	45	43	2	34	34	0	34	34	0
I	133	133	0	161	158	3	185	184	1	228	228	0	251	250	1
II	30	29	1	54	54	0	86	86	0	57	57	0	69	69	0
III	180	158	22	224	197	27	285	255	30	303	254	49	275	273	2
IV - A	459	459	0	432	432	0	329	329	0	386	386	0	435	435	0
IV - B	23	23	0	21	21	0	41	41	0	40	40	0	40	40	0
V	80	78	2	95	92	3	114	113	1	112	111	1	100	99	1
VI	43	42	1	57	57	0	54	54	0	67	67	0	67	66	1
VII	97	95	2	120	118	2	125	122	3	195	191	4	215	214	1
VIII	76	74	2	82	82	0	144	138	6	91	84	7	89	73	16
IX	98	94	4	124	118	6	152	144	8	115	115	0	133	131	2
X	56	55	1	59	57	2	68	60	8	158	155	3	178	174	4
XI	146	136	10	145	128	17	140	117	23	176	154	22	180	164	16
XII	34	32	2	28	26	2	58	57	1	34	33	1	26	24	2
CARAGA	52	48	4	70	66	4	202	195	7	151	111	40	118	111	7

Sources: Residential and Community-Based Services Forms

Notes

- As stipulated in RA 9344, DSWD is mandated to provide rehabilitation services to CICL through its Regional Rehabilitation Center for Youth (RRCY)
- Facilities catering to CICL are Regional Rehabilitation Center for Youth, National Training School for Boys (IV-A), Home For Boys (V), and Marillac Hills (NCR) for female CICL
- Includes female CICL who are temporarily served at Home For Girls and Haven For Women



Table 3.3. Number of Street Children/Children-At-Risk Served By Program/Service, CY 2015-2019

Program/Service	CY 2015	CY 2016	CY 2017	CY 2018	CY 2019
Street Children served in Residential Facilities ¹	1,436	1,172	779	437	974
No. of street children served under the Comprehensive Program for Street Children, Street Families and IPs, Especially Bajaus ²	10,772	7,812	7,073	6,263	5,790

Sources: Residential and Community-Based Forms, DSWD Annual Reports

Notes:

1. Street children served in Residential facilities were from Haven for Children (NCR and Reg. I), Nayon ng Kabataan, and Jose Fabella Center (NCR)
2. The Comprehensive Program for Street Children, Street Families and IPs, especially Badjaos, aims to work within a sustained collaborative work with partner agencies and stakeholders in the community to ensure that a package of services shall be provided to the beneficiaries. It also aims to maximize the resources for greater impact in the lives of street children and their families and the Badjaos.
It is an integrated approach in responding to the needs of street children and their families, with an ultimate goal of contributing to the reduction of vulnerabilities of children, families and indigenous peoples at-risk on the streets.

The program is being piloted in National Capital Region (since 2011), Region III, IV-A, VII and IX (since 2013), and Region V, VI, and XI since (2015).



Table 3.4. Number of Women in Especially Difficult Circumstances (WEDC) Served by Case Category, Age and Sex, CY 2015-2019

Case Category	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total	532,998	355,133	381,907	5,812	4,035
1. Sexually Abused	153	157	137	214	164
a. Rape	96	90	81	115	72
b. Incest	49	57	50	81	81
c. Acts of Lasciviousness	8	10	6	18	11
2. Physically Abused/Maltreated	544	399	258	237	198
3. Illegal Recruitment	110	219	103	197	85
4. Prostitution/Involuntary Prostitution	148	269	52	108	170
5. Victims of Trafficking	664	439	162	252	420
6. Victims of Armed Conflict	36	2	102	16	13
7. Psychological/Emotionally Abused	364	259	271	255	268
8. Others 1/	4,780	4,693	3,105	14	21
9. AICS clients 2/	526,199	348,696	377,717	4,533	2,717
Sub-Total for Residential/Non-Residential and Community-Based Services	6,799	6,437	4,190	1,279	1,318

Sources: Residential and Community-Based Services Forms

Notes:

0 - No reported cases

1/ - Includes Women in Crisis, strandeers, deportees, grieving mothers and OFW's

2/ - These are clients served at Crisis Intervention Unit (CIU) generally categorized as WEDC. CIU served clients who are in crisis seeking for government assistance such as Medical, Transportation, Education, Burial, Food and Non-Food.



Table 3.5. Number of Children Served thru Adoption Services By Region and Sex, CY 2015-2019

Regions	2015									2016									2017								
	Issued with CDCLAA			Issued with ACA/PAPA			Cleared for Inter-Country Adoption (ICA)			Issued with CDCLAA			Issued with ACA/PAPA			Cleared for Inter-Country Adoption (ICA)			Issued with CDCLAA			Issued with ACA/PAPA			Cleared for Inter-Country Adoption (ICA)		
	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F
Grand Total	687	367	320	357	147	210	348	195	153	821	421	400	357	161	196	419	246	173	753	367	386	361	152	209	330	173	157
NCR	13	7	6	7	3	4	4	1	3	231	124	107	91	39	52	144	90	54	174	84	90	66	30	36	81	42	39
CAR	16	6	10	21	9	12	9	7	2	24	11	13	11	6	5	12	7	5	30	18	12	16	8	8	17	10	7
I	26	9	17	27	8	19	15	8	7	12	5	7	13	5	8	1	1	0	32	17	15	25	12	13	6	4	2
II	119	68	51	60	19	41	59	38	21	27	9	18	22	8	14	3	1	2	31	11	20	20	5	15	8	4	4
III	17	9	8	7	3	4	4	4	0	73	37	36	23	8	15	18	12	6	62	32	30	36	13	23	36	15	21
IV-A	15	4	11	10	5	5	8	5	3	97	51	46	50	24	26	87	47	40	110	56	54	31	13	18	57	30	27
IV-B	55	31	24	35	17	18	25	13	12	29	12	17	10	5	5	22	9	13	18	7	11	8	1	7	9	4	5
V	72	39	33	30	14	16	48	26	22	31	16	15	5	0	5	16	9	7	24	13	11	18	11	7	11	5	6
VI	22	9	13	2	1	1	9	3	6	46	28	18	35	18	17	19	14	5	11	4	7	3	2	1	9	6	3
VII	6	3	3	3	2	1	4	2	2	66	35	31	16	9	7	29	17	12	34	13	21	37	15	22	45	19	26
VIII	21	10	11	16	6	10	11	6	5	42	19	23	4	3	1	11	7	4	61	24	37	18	9	9	11	4	7
IX	42	24	18	29	16	13	10	6	4	16	7	9	10	3	7	4	0	4	22	9	13	12	4	8	5	5	
X	8	8	-	3	0	3	7	3	4	25	14	11	20	13	7	7	3	4	25	12	13	15	6	9	4	2	2
XI	10	4	6	7	1	6	2	0	2	65	32	33	29	11	18	41	27	14	46	25	21	28	11	17	17	13	4
XII	227	124	103	17	8	9	15	8	7	9	4	5	6	3	3	5	2	3	29	18	11	7	4	3	7	5	2
Caraga	18	12	6	83	35	48	118	65	53	18	12	6	11	5	6	0	0	0	17	8	9	12	7	5	0		
ARMM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5	5	1	1	0				27	16	11	9	1	8	7	5	2

Sources: 2015 was from Residential and Community-Based Forms, 2015-2018 was from PSB Annual Reports



...Number of Children Served thru Adoption Services By Region and Sex, CY 2015- 2019

Regions	2018									2019								
	Issued with CDCLAA			Issued with ACA/PAPA			Cleared for Inter-Country Adoption (ICA)			Issued with CDCLAA			Issued with PAPA / ACA / RCA			Cleared for Inter-Country Adoption (ICA)		
	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F
Grand Total	564	290	274	358	172	186	119	48	71	552	304	248	416	416	502	107	120	227
NCR	88	38	50	53	20	33	44	15	29	115	62	53	81	81	85	24	27	51
CAR	17	8	9	9	4	5	9	5	4	20	15	5	9	9	27	1	5	6
I	31	13	18	30	14	16	2	1	1	39	19	20	39	39	37	3	9	12
II	16	9	7	15	4	11	28	13	15	19	12	7	15	15	24	1	4	5
III	42	25	17	24	13	11	0	0	0	49	29	20	36	36	44	6	11	17
IV-A	64	30	34	45	18	27	0	0	0	57	27	30	49	49	43	25	17	42
IV-B	14	5	9	10	3	7	0	0	0	24	12	12	15	15	19	5	8	13
V	10	4	6	2	0	2	0	0	0	17	12	5	6	6	14	5	4	9
VI	51	26	25	39	25	14	5	3	2	38	21	17	33	33	47	3	3	6
VII	62	37	25	32	20	12	4	2	2	53	27	26	44	44	46	14	14	28
VIII	21	12	9	20	8	12	0	0	0	22	13	9	15	15	23	1	4	5
IX	25	14	11	23	12	11	1	0	1	23	17	6	14	14	32	2	1	3
X	30	20	10	19	10	9	17	5	12	21	14	7	12	12	21	5	0	5
XI	60	33	27	30	18	12	6	1	5	38	16	22	33	33	27	11	10	21
XII	21	11	10	4	2	2	3	3	0	7	3	4	8	8	6	1	1	2
Caraga	12	5	7	3	1	2	0	0	0	10	5	5	7	7	7	0	2	2
ARMM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports, and HPMES report



Table 3.6. Number of Children Served thru Foster Care Services By Sex, By Region, CY 2015-2019

Regions	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F	Both Sexes	M	F
Grand Total	1,985	898	1,087	1,447	706	741	1,723	834	889	538	241	297	169	206	375
NCR	290	145	145	174	88	86	233	123	110	58	28	30	17	14	31
CAR	67	29	38	153	86	67	220	93	127	98	55	43	18	32	50
I	44	23	21	58	31	27	81	45	36	25	12	13	8	11	19
II	172	55	117	165	67	98	146	66	80	21	9	12	8	22	30
III	110	28	82	59	23	36	51	20	31	12	6	6	3	7	10
IV-A	112	75	37	72	35	37	71	26	45	20	3	17	10	8	18
IV-B	55	37	18	37	19	18	44	19	25	17	8	9	8	7	15
V	54	25	29	70	32	38	85	31	54	24	6	18	12	16	28
VI	42	17	25	12	4	8	19	7	12	13	4	9	3	5	8
VII	70	33	37	51	29	22	74	46	28	38	21	17	14	17	31
VIII	74	26	48	34	15	19	56	34	22	18	2	16	1	8	9
IX	600	265	335	182	78	104	285	143	142	65	31	34	11	14	25
X	127	66	61	164	94	70	152	78	74	31	16	15	6	4	10
XI	101	43	58	86	41	45	86	45	41	47	19	28	28	19	47
XII	40	14	26	78	34	44	60	29	31	27	15	12	9	9	18
Caraga	27	17	10	47	26	21	60	29	31	24	6	18	13	13	26
ARMM				5	4	1	0	0	0				-	-	-

Sources: DSWD Annual Reports, and HPMS report



**Table 3.7. Number of Children Served in Residential Care Facilities by Sex, by Region
CY 2015-2019**

Regions	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Grand Total	3,162	3,783	6,945	2,613	3,269	5,882	2,562	2,811	5,373	2,541	2,734	5,275	2,817	2,493	5,310
NCR	1,170	949	2,119	915	842	1,757	722	786	1,508	557	650	1,207	412	581	993
CAR	48	82	130	66	110	176	40	102	142	27	77	104	41	44	85
I	41	92	133	60	131	191	56	66	122	67	79	146	49	108	157
II	18	55	73	35	48	83	46	69	115	47	55	102	21	30	51
III	195	364	559	128	294	422	259	279	538	226	262	488	202	212	414
IV-A	6	99	105	11	99	110	6	92	98	6	65	71	4	74	78
IV-B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V	49	119	168	25	68	93	9	42	51	11	38	49	18	62	80
VI	11	55	66	6	48	54	3	39	42	6	37	43	12	30	42
VII	35	108	143	45	178	223	43	131	174	38	140	178	31	142	173
VIII	32	84	116	34	92	126	26	91	117	25	87	112	18	86	104
IX	1,429	1,348	2,777	1,165	1,002	2,167	1,249	802	2,051	1,446	949	2,395	1,892	773	2,665
X*	50	167	217	50	144	194	43	129	172	45	117	162	52	113	165
XI	51	145	196	56	131	187	45	118	163	26	111	137	50	151	201
XII	26	68	94	17	32	49	15	25	40	14	27	41	15	42	57
Caraga	1	48	49	0	50	50	0	40	40	0	40	40	0	45	45

Source/s: Residential-Based Services Forms

*includes children clients from Processing Center for Displaced persons (PCDP)



Table 3.8. Issued Clearance for Minors Travelling Abroad By Sex, By Region, CY 2015-2019

Regions	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Grand Total	20,503	21,807	42,310	20,666	21,316	41,982	20,170	20,879	41,049	22,608	24,769	47,377	24,316	27,501	51,817
NCR	6,039	5,135	11,174	7,068	5,837	12,905	7,343	6,120	13,463	7,731	7,941	15,672	7,825	8,321	16,146
CAR	534	462	996	1,266	1,578	2,844	524	649	1,173	179	170	349	367	434	801
I	891	1,125	2,016	364	449	813	174	197	371	1,388	1,602	2,990	1,531	1,777	3,308
II	419	519	938	989	1,037	2,026	375	434	809	566	622	1,188	417	460	877
III	2,420	2,670	5,090	1,830	2,011	3,841	3,390	3,887	7,277	3,201	3,492	6,693	3,453	4,007	7,460
IV-A	4,319	4,966	9,285	4,372	4,966	9,338	2,795	3,163	5,958	4,653	5,141	9,794	6,119	6,717	12,836
IV-B	1,998	2,417	4,415	1,636	1,881	3,517	2,209	2,466	4,675	712	866	1,578	250	332	582
V	268	366	634	376	450	826	474	510	984	334	404	738	567	747	1,314
VI	941	1,064	2,005	1,043	1,235	2,278	1,099	1,399	2,498	913	1,192	2,105	764	1,001	1,765
VII	648	808	1,456	244	325	569	345	363	708	524	599	1,123	848	1,093	1,941
VIII	241	213	454	151	126	277	73	58	131	390	502	892	335	392	727
IX	313	262	575	55	75	130	56	69	125	285	328	613	270	327	597
X	445	476	921	478	478	956	463	541	1,004	301	347	648	365	460	825
XI	636	880	1,516	322	346	668	482	563	1,045	609	700	1,309	681	851	1,532
XII	260	276	536	291	320	611	212	233	445	677	701	1,378	417	429	846
Caraga	132	167	299	181	202	383	156	227	383	145	162	307	107	153	260
ARMM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source/s: Community-Based Services Forms, Program Management Bureau



Table 3.9. Number of Children Served thru Assistance to Individuals In Crisis Situation (AICS) By Sex, By Region, CY 2015-2019

Regions	2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Grand Total	14,350	18,551	32,901	14,117	15,405	29,522	16,102	16,873	32,975	1,550	1,870	3,420	1,663	2,527	4,190
NCR	339	600	939	46	99	145	36	73	109	7	16	23	0	0	0
CAR	267	503	770	70	186	256	7	13	20	1	2	3	0	0	0
I	1,296	1,802	3,098	8,805	8,608	17,413	13,937	13,760	27,697	25	57	82	36	55	91
II	7,228	8,383	15,611	4,104	4,499	8,603	27	33	60	1,321	1,416	2,737	913	1,275	2,188
III	156	287	443	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IV-A	935	1,591	2,526	22	61	83	0	5	5	0	5	5	0	0	0
IV-B	13	21	34	2	2	4	3	20	23	3	26	29	0	0	0
V	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VI	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	11	17	95	158	253	0	0	0
VII	107	270	377	118	135	253	1,876	2,474	4,350	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIII	0	0	0	214	553	767	97	266	363	19	27	46	1	2	3
IX	444	752	1,196	77	179	256	39	62	101	25	49	74	581	931	1,512
X	2,514	2,806	5,320	468	804	1,272	10	43	53	16	41	57	104	218	322
XI	179	332	511	28	55	83	20	29	49	11	29	40	7	11	18
XII	831	1,114	1,945	162	223	385	44	84	128	25	36	61	21	35	56
Caraga	40	89	129	0	0	0			0	2	8	10	0	0	0
NIR								4	4			0			0

Source/s: Regional Consolidation, Program Management Bureau



Table 3.10. Number of Women Served in Residential Care Services By Region, CY 2015-2019

Region	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Grand Total	3,514	3,594	1,678	2,069	2,199
NCR	1,277	1,064	857	874	802
CAR	26	50	43	9	0
I	17	42	21	31	27
II	9	14	16	8	29
III	109	50	43	11	98
IV-A	16	37	18	10	19
IV-B	-	-	-	-	-
V	28	5	3	5	10
VI	17	14	10	10	28
VII	42	49	53	41	82
VIII	14	16	12	9	31
IX	1,864	2,190	544	75	990
X	42	29	32	19	61
XI	10	18	17	12	8
XII	20	14	4	3	3
Caraga	23	2	5	5	11
ARMM	-	-	-	-	802
NIR					

Source/s: Residential-Based Services Forms

(-) - No residential care catering to women in FO IV-B



Table 3.11. Number of Women Served thru the Assistance To Individuals In Crisis Situation (AICS) By Region, CY 2015-2019

Region	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Grand Total	526,199	348,696	377,717	432,552	439,395
NCR	186,346	142,626	110,330	133,218	95,129
CAR	9,131	3,641	3,617	5,043	7,635
I	8,590	14,997	13,915	16,044	37,973
II	50,314	14,939	17,362	29,107	42,094
III	32,674	22,903	25,523	18,858	19,120
IV-A	52,926	20,754	49,106	39,883	24,728
IV-B	3,577	3,576	4,182	5,096	5,563
V	18,268	13,612	15,534	16,916	18,455
VI	23,979	27,954	19,048	29,706	22,784
VII	41,137	18,581	11,834	27,811	28,655
VIII	13,592	6,805	16,752	12,513	14,055
IX	8,607	7,898	14,083	20,570	16,007
X	11,916	7,404	6,797	10,690	11,982
XI	37,502	24,047	28,821	34,541	45,657
XII	11,638	8,665	21,210	11,345	25,179
Caraga	16,002	1,035	13,531	21,211	24,379
NIR		9,259	6,072		

Source/s: Regional Consolidation, Program Management Bureau



CHAPTER IV

OTHER SOCIAL WELFARE AND DEVELOPMENT (SWD) DATA UTILIZED BY DSWD

CHAPTER IV OTHER SWD STATISTICS UTILIZED BY DSWD

REGIONAL SUMMARY OF LGUS

Table 4.1. Number of Provinces, Cities, Municipalities and Barangays, By Region, as of September 2020

REGION	PROVINCES	CITIES	MUNICIPALITIES	BARANGAYS
Total	81	146	1,488	42,046
NCR	-	16	1	1,710
CAR	6	2	75	1,178
Region I (Ilocos Region)	4	9	116	3,267
Region II (Cagalayn Valley)	5	4	89	2,311
Region III (Central Luzon)	7	14	116	3,102
Region IV-A (CALABARZON)	5	20	122	4,019
Region IV-B (MIMAROPA)	5	2	71	1,460
Region V (Bicol Region)	6	7	107	3,471
Region VI (Western Visayas)	6	16	117	3,003
Region VII (Central Visayas)	4	16	116	3,003
Region VIII (Eastern Visayas)	6	7	136	4,390
Region IX (Zamboanga Peninsula)	3	5	67	1,904
Region X (Northern Mindanao)	5	9	84	2,022
Region XI (Davao Region)	5	6	43	1,162
Region XII (SOCCSKSARGEN)	4	5	45	1,195
Caraga (Caraga)	5	6	67	1,311
ARMM (Autonomous Region Of Muslim Mindanao)	5	2	116	2,490



Table 4.2. Philippine Standard Geographic Code (PSGC) with Summary of Cities/Municipalities/Barangays and Population By Region and Province, 2018

Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
CORDILLERA ADMINISTRATIVE REGION (CAR) - Code:14000000				
ABRA	140100000	27 Mun. and 303 Bgys	3rd	241,160
BENGUET	141100000	13 Mun., 1 City and 269 Bgys	2nd	444,224 (excluding BAGUIO CITY)
IFUGAO	142700000	11 Mun. and 176 Bgys	3rd	202,802
KALINGA	143200000	7 Mun., 1 City and 152 Bgys	3rd	212,680
MOUNTAIN	144400000	10 Mun. and 144 Bgys	4th	154,590
APAYAO	148100000	7 Mun. and 133 Bgys	3rd	119,184
REGION I (ILOCOS REGION) - Code:01000000				
(2015 Census)				
ILOCOS NORTE	12800000	21 Mun., 2 Cities and 559 Bgys	1st	593,081
ILOCOS SUR	12900000	32 Mun., 2 Cities and 768 Bgys	1st	689,668
LA UNION	13300000	19 Mun., 1 City and 576 Bgys	1st	786,653
PANGASINAN	15500000	44 Mun., 4 Cities and 1364 Bgys	1st	2,956,726
REGION II (CAGAYAN VALLEY) - Code:02000000				
BATANES	20900000	6 Mun. and 29 Bgys	5th	17,246
CAGAYAN	21500000	28 Mun., 1 City and 820 Bgys	1st	1,199,320
ISABELA	23100000	34 Mun., 3 Cities and 1055 Bgys	1st	1,593,566
NUEVA VIZCAYA	25000000	15 Mun. and 275 Bgys	2nd	452,287
QUIRINO	25700000	6 Mun. and 132 Bgys	3rd	188,991
REGION III (CENTRAL LUZON) - Code:03000000				
BATAAN	30800000	11 Mun., 1 City and 237 Bgys	1st	760,650
BULACAN	31400000	21 Mun., 3 Cities and 569 Bgys	1st	3,292,071
NUEVA ECIJA	34900000	27 Mun., 5 Cities and 849 Bgys	1st	2,151,461
PAMPANGA	35400000	19 Mun., 3 Cities and 538 Bgys	1st	2,198,110 (excluding
TARLAC	36900000	17 Mun., 1 City and 511 Bgys	1st	1,366,027
ZAMBALES	37100000	13 Mun., 1 City and 247 Bgys	2nd	590,848 (excluding
AURORA	37700000	8 Mun. and 151 Bgys	3rd	214,336
REGION IV-A (CALABARZON) - Code:04000000				
BATANGAS	41000000	31 Mun., 3 Cities and 1078 Bgys	1st	2,694,335
CAVITE	42100000	16 Mun., 7 Cities and 829 Bgys	1st	3,678,301
LAGUNA	43400000	24 Mun., 6 Cities and 681 Bgys	1st	3,035,081
QUEZON	45600000	39 Mun., 2 Cities and 1242 Bgys	1st	1,856,582 (excluding
RIZAL	45800000	13 Mun., 1 City and 189 Bgys	1st	2,884,227
MIMAROPA REGION - Code:17000000				
Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
(2015 Census)				
MARINDUQUE	174000000	6 Mun. and 218 Bgys	4th	234,521
OCCIDENTAL	175100000	11 Mun. and 164 Bgys	2nd	487,414
ORIENTAL	175200000	14 Mun., 1 City and 426 Bgys	1st	844,059
PALAWAN	175300000	23 Mun., 1 City and 433 Bgys	1st	849,469 (excluding
ROMBLON	175900000	17 Mun. and 219 Bgys	3rd	292,781



Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
REGION V (BICOL REGION) - Code:050000000				
ALBAY	50500000	15 Mun., 3 Cities and 720 Bgys	1st	1,314,826
CAMARINES NORTE	51600000	12 Mun. and 282 Bgys	2nd	583,313
CAMARINES SUR	51700000	35 Mun., 2 Cities and 1063 Bgys	1st	1,952,544
CATANDUANES	52000000	11 Mun. and 315 Bgys	3rd	260,964
MASBATE	54100000	20 Mun., 1 City and 550 Bgys	1st	892,393
SORSOGON	56200000	14 Mun., 1 City and 541 Bgys	2nd	792,949
REGION VI (WESTERN VISAYAS) - Code:060000000				
Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
(2015 Census)				
AKLAN	60400000	17 Mun. and 327 Bgys	2nd	574,823
ANTIQUE	60600000	18 Mun. and 590 Bgys	2nd	582,012
CAPIZ	61900000	16 Mun., 1 City and 473 Bgys	1st	761,384
ILOILO	63000000	42 Mun., 2 Cities and 1901 Bgys	1st	1,936,423 (excluding
NEGROS	64500000	19 Mun., 13 Cities and 662 Bgys	1st	2,497,261 (excluding
GUIMARAS	67900000	5 Mun. and 98 Bgys	4th	174,613
REGION VII (CENTRAL VISAYAS) - Code:070000000				
Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
(2015 Census)				
BOHOL	71200000	47 Mun., 1 City and 1109 Bgys	1st	1,313,560
CEBU	72200000	44 Mun., 9 Cities and 1203 Bgys	1st	2,938,982 (excluding
NEGROS ORIENTAL	74600000	19 Mun., 6 Cities and 557 Bgys	1st	1,354,995
SIQUIJOR	76100000	6 Mun. and 134 Bgys	5th	95,984
REGION VIII (EASTERN VISAYAS) - Code:080000000				
Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
(2015 Census)				
EASTERN SAMAR	82600000	22 Mun., 1 City and 597 Bgys	2nd	467,160
LEYTE	83700000	40 Mun., 3 Cities and 1641 Bgys	1st	1,724,679 (excluding
NORTHERN SAMAR	84800000	24 Mun. and 569 Bgys	2nd	632,379
SAMAR (WESTERN	86000000	24 Mun., 2 Cities and 951 Bgys	1st	780,481
SOUTHERN LEYTE	86400000	18 Mun., 1 City and 500 Bgys	3rd	421,750
BILIRAN	87800000	8 Mun. and 132 Bgys	4th	171,612
REGION IX (ZAMBOANGA PENINSULA) - Code:090000000				
Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
(2015 Census)				
ZAMBOANGA DEL	97200000	25 Mun., 2 Cities and 691 Bgys	1st	1,011,393
ZAMBOANGA DEL	97300000	26 Mun., 2 Cities and 779 Bgys	1st	1,010,674 (excluding
ZAMBOANGA	98300000	16 Mun. and 389 Bgys	2nd	633,129



Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
REGION X (NORTHERN MINDANAO) - Code:10000000				
Province	Code	Info	Income Class	Population
(2015 Census)				
BUKIDNON	101300000	20 Mun., 2 Cities and 464 Bgys	1st	1,415,226
CAMIGUIN	101800000	5 Mun. and 58 Bgys	5th	88,478
LANAO DEL NORTE	103500000	22 Mun., 1 City and 506 Bgys	2nd	676,395 (excluding
MISAMIS	104200000	14 Mun., 3 Cities and 490 Bgys	2nd	602,126
MISAMIS ORIENTAL	104300000	23 Mun., 3 Cities and 504 Bgys	1st	888,509 (excluding
REGION XI (DAVAO REGION) - Code:11000000				
DAVAO DEL NORTE	112300000	8 Mun., 3 Cities and 223 Bgys	1st	1,016,332
DAVAO DEL SUR	112400000	9 Mun., 2 Cities and 414 Bgys	1st	632,588
DAVAO ORIENTAL	112500000	10 Mun., 1 City and 183 Bgys	1st	558,958
COMPOSTELA	118200000	11 Mun. and 237 Bgys	1st	736,107
DAVAO	118600000	5 Mun. and 105 Bgys	4th	316,342
REGION XII (SOCCSKSARGEN) - Code:12000000				
COTABATO (NORTH COTABATO)	124700000	17 Mun., 1 City and 543 Bgys	1st	1,379,747
				915,289
				(excluding CITY OF GENERAL SANTOS)
SOUTH COTABATO	126300000	10 Mun., 2 Cities and 225 Bgys	1st	
SULTAN KUDARAT	126500000	11 Mun., 1 City and 249 Bgys	1st	812,095
SARANGANI	128000000	7 Mun. and 141 Bgys	2nd	544,261
REGION XIII (Caraga) - Code:16000000				
				354,503
				(excluding CITY OF BUTUAN)
AGUSAN DEL NORTE	160200000	10 Mun., 2 Cities and 253 Bgys	3rd	
AGUSAN DEL SUR	160300000	13 Mun., 1 City and 314 Bgys	1st	700,653
SURIGAO DEL	166700000	20 Mun., 1 City and 335 Bgys	2nd	485,088
SURIGAO DEL SUR	166800000	17 Mun., 2 Cities and 309 Bgys	1st	592,250
DINAGAT ISLANDS	168500000	7 Mun. and 100 Bgys	4th	127,152
AUTONOMOUS REGION IN MUSLIM MINDANAO (ARMM) - Code:15000000				
				346,579
				(excluding CITY OF ISABELA)
BASILAN	150700000	11 Mun., 1 City and 210 Bgys	3rd	
LANAO DEL SUR	153600000	39 Mun., 1 City and 1159 Bgys	1st	1,045,429
MAGUINDANAO	153800000	36 Mun. and 508 Bgys	1st	1,173,933 (excluding
SULU	156600000	19 Mun. and 410 Bgys	2nd	824,731
TAWI-TAWI	157000000	11 Mun. and 203 Bgys	3rd	390,715
Source: Philippines Statistics Authority				



Table 4.3. Household Population, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Region and Province: Philippines, 2015

Region, Province, City, and Municipality	Household Population	Number of Households	Average Household
PHILIPPINES	100,573,715	22,975,630	4.4
NCR	12,787,669	3,095,766	4.1
CAR	1,714,220	395,881	4.3
ABRA	240,233	53,062	4.5
BENGUET (excluding BAGUIO CITY)	444,634	106,838	4.2
KALINGA	212,003	42,115	5.0
APAYAO	118,653	25,560	4.6
REGION I	5,014,622	1,151,629	4.4
ILOCOS NORTE	591,198	139,336	4.2
ILOCOS SUR	687,511	157,043	4.4
LA UNION	784,646	180,675	4.3
PANGASINAN	2,951,267	674,575	4.4
REGION II	3,443,493	804,524	4.3
BATANES	17,108	4,761	3.6
CAGAYAN	1,195,523	271,967	4.4
ISABELA	1,591,017	372,950	4.3
NUEVA VIZCAYA	451,121	111,340	4.1
QUIRINO	188,724	43,506	4.3
REGION III (CENTRAL LUZON)	11,184,068	2,566,558	4.4
BATAAN	755,296	173,212	4.4
BULACAN	3,283,215	760,964	4.3
NUEVA ECIJA	2,147,656	496,977	4.3
PAMPANGA (excluding ANGELES CITY)	2,193,394	479,082	4.6
ANGELES CITY	408,885	96,219	4.2
TARLAC	1,361,763	311,994	4.4
ZAMBALES (excluding OLONGAPO CITY)	588,353	142,218	4.1
OLONGAPO CITY	231,823	56,482	4.1
AURORA	213,683	49,410	4.3
REGION IV-A	14,365,137	3,395,383	4.2
BATANGAS	2,686,444	613,825	4.4
CAVITE	3,662,844	877,767	4.2
LAGUNA	3,021,537	765,513	3.9
QUEZON (excluding LUCENA CITY)	1,851,792	425,837	4.3
LUCENA CITY (Capital)	265,011	59,836	4.4
RIZAL	2,877,509	652,605	4.4
REGION IV-B	2,946,505	682,668	4.3
MARINDUQUE	234,031	54,508	4.3
OCCIDENTAL MINDORO	483,472	111,714	4.3
ORIENTAL MINDORO	841,608	190,763	4.4
PALAWAN (excluding PUERTO PRINCESA CITY)	845,650	195,074	4.3
PUERTO PRINCESA CITY (Capital)	250,175	62,247	4.0
ROMBLON	291,569	68,362	4.3



Region, Province, City, and Municipality	Household Population	Number of Households	Average Household
REGION V	5,780,963	1,216,421	4.8
ALBAY	1,312,309	277,127	4.7
CAMARINES NORTE	581,809	129,999	4.5
CAMARINES SUR	1,947,487	400,615	4.9
CATANDUANES	258,874	53,814	4.8
MASBATE	890,170	188,013	4.7
SORSOGON	790,314	166,853	4.7
REGION VI	4,464,277	1,014,987	4.4
AKLAN	572,599	133,679	4.3
ANTIQUE	581,037	129,812	4.5
CAPIZ	760,307	180,098	4.2
ILOILO (excluding ILOILO CITY)	1,931,532	435,723	4.4
ILOILO CITY (Capital)	444,486	95,100	4.7
GUIMARAS	174,316	40,575	4.3
REGION VII	6,008,987	1,388,475	4.3
BOHOL	1,308,785	288,515	4.5
CEBU (excluding the cities of CEBU, LAPU-LAPU, and MANDAUE CITY)	2,928,034	669,322	4.4
CEBU CITY (Capital)	910,678	213,781	4.3
LAPU-LAPU CITY (OPON)	406,353	99,573	4.1
MANDAUE CITY	359,777	94,547	3.8
SIQUIJOR	95,360	22,737	4.2
NEGROS ISLAND REGION (NIR) ⁶	4,402,196	1,012,323	4.3
NEGROS OCCIDENTAL (excluding BACOLOD CITY)	2,492,432	572,574	4.4
BACOLOD CITY (Capital)	558,851	129,076	4.3
NEGROS ORIENTAL ⁸	1,350,913	310,673	4.3
REGION VIII	4,425,172	986,003	4.5
EASTERN SAMAR	465,426	106,324	4.4
LEYTE (excluding TACLOBAN CITY)	1,718,543	405,873	4.2
TACLOBAN CITY (Capital)	240,513	50,547	4.8
NORTHERN SAMAR	630,912	126,619	5.0
SAMAR (WESTERN SAMAR)	778,669	165,286	4.7
SOUTHERN LEYTE	420,374	92,836	4.5
BILIRAN	170,735	38,518	4.4
REGION IX	3,615,108	799,219	4.5
ZAMBOANGA DEL NORTE	1,008,000	224,828	4.5
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR (exc. ZAMBOANGA CITY)	1,007,448	216,714	4.6
ZAMBOANGA CITY	855,418	193,970	4.4
ZAMBOANGA SIBUGAY	632,122	140,791	4.5
CITY OF ISABELA	112,120	22,916	4.9



Region, Province, City, and Municipality	Household Population	Number of Households	Average Household
REGION X	4,663,108	1,042,929	4.5
BUKIDNON	1,406,764	308,777	4.6
CAMIGUIN	88,281	20,080	4.4
LANAO DEL NORTE (excluding ILIGAN CITY)	674,771	140,350	4.8
ILIGAN CITY	339,057	76,593	4.4
MISAMIS OCCIDENTAL	599,213	134,870	4.4
MISAMIS ORIENTAL (excluding CAGAYAN DE ORO CITY)	884,428	199,020	4.4
CAGAYAN DE ORO CITY (Capital)	670,594	163,239	4.1
REGION XI (DAVAO REGION)	4,867,168	1,177,461	4.1
DAVAO DEL NORTE	1,006,888	233,232	4.3
DAVAO DEL SUR (excluding DAVAO CITY)	630,672	158,796	4.0
DAVAO CITY	1,622,427	409,951	4.0
DAVAO ORIENTAL	557,025	128,574	4.3
COMPOSTELA VALLEY	734,402	169,477	4.3
DAVAO OCCIDENTAL ⁹	315,754	77,431	4.1
REGION XII (SOCCSKSARGEN)	4,531,642	1,050,680	4.3
COTABATO (NORTH COTABATO)	1,373,962	320,567	4.3
SOUTH COTABATO (excluding GENERAL SANTOS CITY)	912,957	217,944	4.2
GENERAL SANTOS CITY (DADIANGAS)	592,884	144,340	4.1
SULTAN KUDARAT	810,199	184,650	4.4
SARANGANI	543,417	124,313	4.4
COTABATO CITY	298,223	58,866	5.1
AUTONOMOUS REGION IN MUSLIM MINDANAO (ARMM)	3,771,249	620,385	6.1
BASILAN (excluding CITY OF ISABELA)	346,288	59,860	5.8
LANAO DEL SUR	1,038,883	160,132	6.5
MAGUINDANAO (excluding COTABATO CITY)	1,172,381	194,507	6.0
SULU	823,983	138,357	6.0
TAWI-TAWI	389,714	67,529	5.8
REGION XIII (Caraga)	2,588,131	574,338	4.5
AGUSAN DEL NORTE (excluding BUTUAN CITY)	353,595	77,641	4.6
BUTUAN CITY (Capital)	335,377	76,216	4.4
AGUSAN DEL SUR	698,764	153,653	4.5
SURIGAO DEL NORTE	482,821	108,814	4.4
SURIGAO DEL SUR	590,641	129,457	4.6
DINAGAT ISLANDS	126,933	28,557	4.4

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



Table 4.4. Updated Projected Mid-Year Population Based on 2015 POPCEN by Five- Year Age Group, Sex, and Single-Calendar Year: 2020 – 2025...

Region/ Province/ Age-Group	Projected Mid-Year Population								
	1-Jul-20			1-Jul-21			1-Jul-22		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	108,771,978	54,935,847	53,836,131	110,198,654	55,641,183	54,557,471	111,572,254	56,319,285	55,252,969
0-4	11,064,672	5,703,560	5,361,112	11,090,558	5,713,939	5,376,619	11,108,060	5,719,921	5,388,139
5-9	11,089,097	5,710,716	5,378,381	11,115,005	5,721,245	5,393,760	11,132,526	5,727,383	5,405,143
10-14	10,798,255	5,553,184	5,245,071	10,837,551	5,571,493	5,266,058	10,869,029	5,585,726	5,283,303
15-19	10,341,012	5,278,753	5,062,259	10,347,792	5,282,220	5,065,572	10,346,315	5,281,467	5,064,848
20-24	9,763,772	4,994,431	4,769,341	9,803,933	5,025,243	4,778,690	9,837,149	5,052,759	4,784,390
25-29	9,087,678	4,655,517	4,432,161	9,223,510	4,731,675	4,491,835	9,355,300	4,805,931	4,549,369
30-34	8,304,754	4,238,030	4,066,724	8,493,905	4,332,532	4,161,373	8,681,005	4,425,932	4,255,073
35-39	7,378,719	3,752,471	3,626,248	7,498,931	3,809,605	3,689,326	7,616,121	3,865,101	3,751,020
40-44	6,439,361	3,264,552	3,174,809	6,551,883	3,315,063	3,236,820	6,661,962	3,364,176	3,297,786
45-49	5,819,635	2,941,718	2,877,917	5,921,782	2,991,320	2,930,462	6,021,716	3,039,742	2,981,974
50-54	4,982,069	2,499,869	2,482,200	5,089,826	2,552,972	2,536,854	5,196,229	2,605,361	2,590,868
55-59	4,234,538	2,096,824	2,137,714	4,360,786	2,159,465	2,201,321	4,486,729	2,221,951	2,264,778
60-64	3,352,570	1,619,603	1,732,967	3,473,108	1,679,598	1,793,510	3,593,909	1,739,766	1,854,143
65-69	2,465,827	1,146,678	1,319,149	2,579,491	1,202,310	1,377,181	2,693,987	1,258,397	1,435,590
70-74	1,630,237	717,108	913,129	1,715,567	757,578	957,989	1,801,707	798,468	1,003,239
75-79	1,068,156	431,709	636,447	1,111,052	450,941	660,111	1,154,151	470,304	683,847
80 and over	951,626	331,124	620,502	983,974	343,984	639,990	1,016,359	356,900	659,459



...Updated Projected Mid-Year Population Based on 2015 POPCEN by Five- Year Age Group, Sex, and Single-Calendar Year: 2020 - 2025

Region/ Province/ Age-Group	Projected Mid-Year Population								
	1-Jul-23			1-Jul-24			1-Jul-25		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	112,892,781	56,970,271	55,922,510	114,163,719	57,595,828	56,567,891	115,377,992	58,192,462	57,185,530
0-4	11,117,368	5,721,607	5,395,761	11,118,639	5,719,078	5,399,561	11,112,056	5,712,451	5,399,605
5-9	11,141,820	5,729,224	5,412,596	11,143,064	5,726,845	5,416,219	11,136,427	5,720,360	5,416,067
10-14	10,892,845	5,595,981	5,296,864	10,909,171	5,602,331	5,306,840	10,918,058	5,604,824	5,313,234
15-19	10,336,756	5,276,599	5,060,157	10,319,270	5,267,679	5,051,591	10,294,118	5,254,844	5,039,274
20-24	9,863,532	5,077,019	4,786,513	9,883,276	5,098,142	4,785,134	9,896,365	5,116,039	4,780,326
25-29	9,483,063	4,878,275	4,604,788	9,607,083	4,948,862	4,658,221	9,726,680	5,017,303	4,709,377
30-34	8,865,923	4,518,176	4,347,747	9,049,077	4,609,469	4,439,608	9,229,318	4,699,235	4,530,083
35-39	7,730,259	3,918,956	3,811,303	7,841,624	3,971,302	3,870,322	7,949,556	4,021,825	3,927,731
40-44	6,769,564	3,411,876	3,357,688	6,874,926	3,458,278	3,416,648	6,977,432	3,503,115	3,474,317
45-49	6,119,432	3,087,006	3,032,426	6,215,133	3,133,197	3,081,936	6,308,260	3,178,046	3,130,214
50-54	5,301,183	2,657,007	2,644,176	5,404,934	2,708,026	2,696,908	5,506,833	2,758,095	2,748,738
55-59	4,612,268	2,284,246	2,328,022	4,737,641	2,346,463	2,391,178	4,862,061	2,408,205	2,453,856
60-64	3,714,882	1,800,058	1,914,824	3,836,239	1,860,574	1,975,665	3,957,203	1,920,938	2,036,265
65-69	2,809,188	1,314,874	1,494,314	2,925,296	1,371,850	1,553,446	3,041,556	1,428,939	1,612,617
70-74	1,888,553	839,744	1,048,809	1,976,246	881,468	1,094,778	2,064,224	923,366	1,140,858
75-79	1,197,400	489,772	707,628	1,240,902	509,388	731,514	1,284,342	529,011	755,331
80 and over	1,048,745	369,851	678,894	1,081,198	382,876	698,322	1,113,503	395,866	717,637

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



POVERTY STATISTICS

Adjusted Poverty Statistics released by Philippine Statistics Authority shows that in 2018 **poverty incidence** among Filipinos (in population) was estimated at 16.7 percent which translate to 17.7 million Filipinos whose per capita income is insufficient to meet their basic food and non-food needs. Poverty incidence among families on the other hand was estimated at 12.1 percent or equivalent to 3.0 million families (see Table 4.5, 4.6).

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Filipinos were poor in 2018

- ✓ **Poverty incidence** is the proportion of families/individuals with per capita income/expenditure less than the per capita poverty threshold to the total number of families/individuals.
- ✓ Poverty threshold is the minimum income/expenditure required for a family/individual to meet the basic food and non-food requirements. In 2018, the **Annual Per Capita Poverty Threshold** was estimated at PhP25,813. In other words, an individual should have a monthly income of at least Php1,813 to meet the basic food and non-food needs. A family of five (5) will need an average monthly income of PhP10,755 for their minimum basic food and non-food needs, (computed as, $25,813 / 12 \text{ mos.} = 2,151.08 \times 5 = 10,755.42$).
- ✓ **Annual Per Capita Food Threshold** was estimated at PhP18,216. That means a family of five will need Php7,590 per month to meet the family's basic food needs.
- ✓ Those below the threshold are the subsistence poor. **Subsistence incidence** is defined as the proportion of families/individuals with per capita income/expenditure less than the per capita food threshold to the total number of families/ individuals.
- ✓ Other Poverty Measures are the Income Gap, Poverty Gap, and Severity of Poverty. The **income gap** measures the average income required by the poor in order to get out of poverty, expressed relative to the poverty threshold. In 2018 it was estimated at 21.7%.
- ✓ **The poverty gap** also improved in 2018 at 2.6% from 4.5% in 2015. The difference in computation of income gap and poverty gap is the use of denominator. The poverty gap uses the total population/families as denominator, whereas the income gap uses the poor population with income/expenditure below the poverty threshold.
- ✓ **Severity of poverty** was estimated at 0.9% in 2018 which improved from 1.7% in 2015. This is the total of the squared income/expenditure shortfall (expressed in proportion to the poverty threshold) of families/ individuals with income/expenditure below the poverty threshold, divided by the total number of families/ individuals. This is a poverty measure that is sensitive to income distribution among the poor.



2018 FULL YEAR POVERTY THRESHOLDS AND INCIDENCES

Table 4.5. Poverty Thresholds: 2015, and 2018

Statistics	Estimate		Increase/Decrease
	2015	2018	
Annual Per Capita Poverty Threshold (PhP)	22,747	25,813	3,066
Poverty Incidence (%)			
Families	18.0	12.1	-5.9
Population	23.50	16.70	-6.8
Magnitude of Poor (in million)			
Families	4.14	3.00	-1.1
Population	23.68	17.67	-6.0

Table 4.6. Food Thresholds: 2015 and 2018

Statistics	Estimate		Increase/Decrease
	2015	2018	
Annual Per Capita Food Threshold (PhP)	15,887	18,126	2,239
Subsistence Incidence (%)			
Families	6.5	3.4	-3.1
Population	9.10	5.20	-3.9
Magnitude of Subsistence Poor (in million)			
Families	1.49	0.840	-0.7
Population	9.22	5.54	-3.7

Table 4.7. Income Gap, Poverty Gap and Severity of Poverty: 2015 and 2018

Statistics	Estimate	
	2015	2018
Income Gap	25.1	21.7
Poverty Gap	4.5	2.6
Severity of Poverty	1.7	0.9

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics



Table 4.8. Updated Poverty Incidence among Families and Population in Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao: 2015 and 2018

Major Island Group	Poverty Incidence among Families (%)		Poverty Incidence among Population (%)	
	2015	2018	2015	2018
PHILIPPINES	18.0	12.1	23.5	16.7
Luzon	10.9	6.6	14.8	9.3
<i>NCR</i>	2.8	1.4	4.1	2.2
<i>Rest of Luzon</i>	13.3	8.1	17.9	11.4
Visayas	24.2	15.2	30.2	20.2
Mindanao	30.9	23.8	38.7	31.6

Table 4.9. Updated Subsistence Incidence among Families and Population in Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao: 2015 and 2018

Major Island Group	Subsistence Incidence among Families (%)		Subsistence Incidence among Population (%)	
	2015 ^u	2018 ^u	2015 ^u	2018 ^u
PHILIPPINES*	6.5	3.4	9.1	5.2
Luzon*	3.0	1.4	4.4	2.2
<i>NCR</i>	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.4
<i>Rest of Luzon*</i>	3.7	1.7	5.5	2.7
Visayas*	9.4	3.9	12.5	5.8
Mindanao*	13.0	8.1	17.7	12.2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics



Table 4.10. Updated Annual Per Capita Poverty Threshold, Poverty Incidence and Magnitude of Poor Families, by Region: 2015 and 2018

Region/Province	Annual Per Capita Poverty Threshold (in PHP)		Poverty Incidence among Families		Magnitude of Poor Families	
	2015 ^u	2018 ^u	Estimates (%)		Estimate ('000)	
			2015 ^u	2018 ^u	2015 ^u	2018 ^u
PHILIPPINES	22,747	25,813	18.0	12.1	4,138.4	3,004.6
NCR	25,188	28,682	2.8	1.4	86.1	47.6
CAR	22,985	24,907	17.1	8.6	67.6	36.3
Region I	22,762	27,055	14.0	7.0	160.9	85.2
Region II	22,622	25,099	13.1	12.5	105.5	106.3
Region III	22,867	26,954	8.3	5.2	212.9	143.4
Region IV-A	25,642	27,928	9.2	5.1	312.8	190.4
MIMAROPA	20,369	23,315	18.0	10.5	123.0	77.4
Region V	22,503	24,461	31.0	20.0	377.2	256.3
Region VI	21,921	24,494	18.5	11.9	317.1	218.3
Region VII	22,644	25,745	24.9	13.4	423.1	246.2
Region VIII	22,398	24,987	33.0	23.9	325.7	253.3
Region IX	22,557	25,650	29.7	25.4	237.3	213.0
Region X	23,020	24,835	32.3	17.3	336.8	194.2
Region XI	23,146	25,953	18.0	13.9	212.0	178.5
Region XII	21,341	25,023	31.2	22.4	328.0	252.8
Caraga	22,788	25,375	31.5	24.1	178.7	149.4
ARMM	22,650	27,715	53.8	54.2	333.6	356.2

Source of Data: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics
2018 Full Year Poverty Statistics

u=updated; The 2018 estimates were updated following the availability of the final 2018 Family Income and Expenditure Survey (FIES), which now includes the new urban-rural classification based on the results of the 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015), in addition to other changes that were made. To ensure consistency, the 2015 estimates were also updated using 2015 FIES with the new urban-rural classification from the POPCEN 2015.



Table 4.11. Updated Annual Per Capita Poverty Threshold, Poverty Incidence and Magnitude of Poor Families, by Region: 2015 and 2018

Region/Province	Annual Per Capita Poverty Threshold (in PhP)		Poverty Incidence among Population		Magnitude of Poor Population	
	2015 ^u	2018 ^u	Estimate (%)		Estimate ('000)	
			2015 ^u	2018 ^u	2015 ^u	2018 ^u
PHILIPPINES	22,747	25,813	23.5	16.7	23,677.7	17,670.2
NCR	25,188	28,682	4.1	2.2	522.8	302.2
CAR	22,985	24,907	22.7	12.0	390.2	213.8
Region I	22,762	27,055	18.8	9.9	944.4	510.1
Region II	22,622	25,099	17.8	16.3	612.5	583.0
Region III	22,867	26,954	10.5	7.0	1,179.4	836.6
Region IV-A	25,642	27,928	12.5	7.1	1,793.3	1,102.0
MIMAROPA	20,369	23,315	25.2	15.1	746.6	466.7
Region V	22,503	24,461	39.8	27.0	2,307.2	1,621.0
Region VI	21,921	24,494	24.6	16.3	1,851.9	1,266.9
Region VII	22,644	25,745	29.4	17.7	2,168.3	1,370.6
Region VIII	22,398	24,987	41.3	30.7	1,831.4	1,420.3
Region IX	22,557	25,650	37.7	32.7	1,366.6	1,217.8
Region X	23,020	24,835	38.7	23.1	1,813.0	1,129.2
Region XI	23,146	25,953	23.5	19.1	1,148.8	978.2
Region XII	21,341	25,023	38.1	28.2	1,730.9	1,348.3
Caraga	22,788	25,375	39.7	30.5	1,028.5	822.2
ARMM	22,650	27,715	59.4	61.8	2,241.7	2,481.5

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics
2018 Full Year Poverty Statistics

u=updated; The 2018 estimates were updated following the availability of the final 2018 Family Income and Expenditure Survey (FIES), which now includes the new urban-rural classification based on the results of the 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015), in addition to other changes that were made. To ensure consistency, the 2015 estimates were also updated using 2015 FIES with the new urban-rural classification from the POPCEN 2015.



Table 4.12. Updated Per Capita Food Threshold, Subsistence Incidence and Magnitude of Subsistence Poor Families, By Region: 2015 and 2018

Region/Province	Annual Per Capita Food Threshold (in PhP)		Subsistence Incidence among Families		Magnitude of Subsistence Poor Families	
			Estimates (%)		Estimate ('000)	
	2015 ^u	2018 ^u	2015 ^u	2018 ^u	2015 ^u	2018 ^u
PHILIPPINES	15,887	18,126	6.5	3.4	1,489.8	839.5
NCR	17,589	20,029	0.4	0.2	12.4	8.1
CAR	16,213	17,434	5.7	2.2	22.4	9.4
Region I	15,765	19,097	3.5	1.0	39.8	12.3
Region II	15,695	17,544	2.3	3.0	18.8	25.4
Region III	16,140	19,084	2.0	1.0	51.9	26.6
Region IV-A	18,154	18,963	2.6	1.0	87.2	36.9
MIMAROPA	14,149	16,152	6.0	2.8	40.8	20.4
Region V	15,753	17,083	9.9	4.6	120.5	59.0
Region VI	15,317	16,981	5.4	2.7	93.3	49.2
Region VII	15,764	17,843	10.6	3.4	180.6	62.2
Region VIII	15,817	17,629	14.0	7.0	138.2	74.3
Region IX	16,091	18,195	11.1	8.7	89.0	72.9
Region X	16,135	17,370	14.9	3.9	155.0	43.3
Region XI	16,168	18,094	5.8	3.7	68.5	47.1
Region XII	14,841	17,352	16.3	8.4	171.6	95.0
Caraga	15,913	17,661	12.5	7.2	71.9	44.6
ARMM	16,116	19,557	20.6	23.3	128.0	153.2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics
2015 Full Year and 2018 1st Semester Poverty Statistics

u=updated; The 2018 estimates were updated following the availability of the final 2018 Family Income and Expenditure Survey (FIES), which now includes the new urban-rural classification based on the results of the 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015), in addition to other changes that were made. To ensure consistency, the 2015 estimates were also updated using 2015 FIES with the new urban-rural classification from the POPCEN 2015.



Table 4.13. Updated Per Capita Food Threshold, Subsistence Incidence and Magnitude of Subsistence Poor Population, By Region: 2015 and 2018

Region/Province	Annual Per Capita Food Threshold (in PhP)		Subsistence Incidence among Population		Magnitude of Subsistence Poor Population	
			Estimates (%)		Estimate ('000)	
	2015 ^u	2018 ^u	2015 ^u	2018 ^u	2015 ^u	2018 ^u
PHILIPPINES	15,887	18,126	9.1	5.2	9,215.7	5,540.6
NCR	17,589	20,029	0.7	0.4	84.1	54.1
CAR	16,213	17,434	8.0	3.3	138.5	58.8
Region I	15,765	19,097	5.1	1.7	256.2	89.8
Region II	15,695	17,544	3.4	4.3	117.8	153.8
Region III	16,140	19,084	2.7	1.5	301.1	172.7
Region IV-A	18,154	18,963	3.7	1.5	536.4	229.5
MIMAROPA	14,149	16,152	9.0	4.3	265.3	132.2
Region V	15,753	17,083	14.2	7.1	820.6	423.9
Region VI	15,317	16,981	8.1	4.2	610.6	322.3
Region VII	15,764	17,843	12.9	4.8	953.0	373.3
Region VIII	15,817	17,629	19.3	10.0	856.3	462.9
Region IX	16,091	18,195	15.7	12.4	570.6	460.6
Region X	16,135	17,370	19.5	5.9	913.9	289.9
Region XI	16,168	18,094	8.4	5.6	410.9	288.0
Region XII	14,841	17,352	21.4	11.4	971.2	545.7
Caraga	16,116	19,557	25.3	30.2	955.2	1,213.0

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics
2015 Full Year and 2018 1st Semester Poverty Statistics

u=updated; The 2018 estimates were updated following the availability of the final 2018 Family Income and Expenditure Survey (FIES), which now includes the new urban-rural classification based on the results of the 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015), in addition to other changes that were made. To ensure consistency, the 2015 estimates were also updated using 2015 FIES with the new urban-rural classification from the POPCEN 2015.



Poverty Incidence of Basic Sectors



It can be observed in Figure 33 that poverty incidence in all sectors declined in 2018 compared to 2015. Farmers, Fishermen, Individuals Residing in Rural areas and Children consistently share the highest poverty incidence among basic sectors. The sector with the lowest incidence on the other hand, are the individuals residing in urban areas in 2015 while it is the Migrant and Formal Sector Workers in 2018.

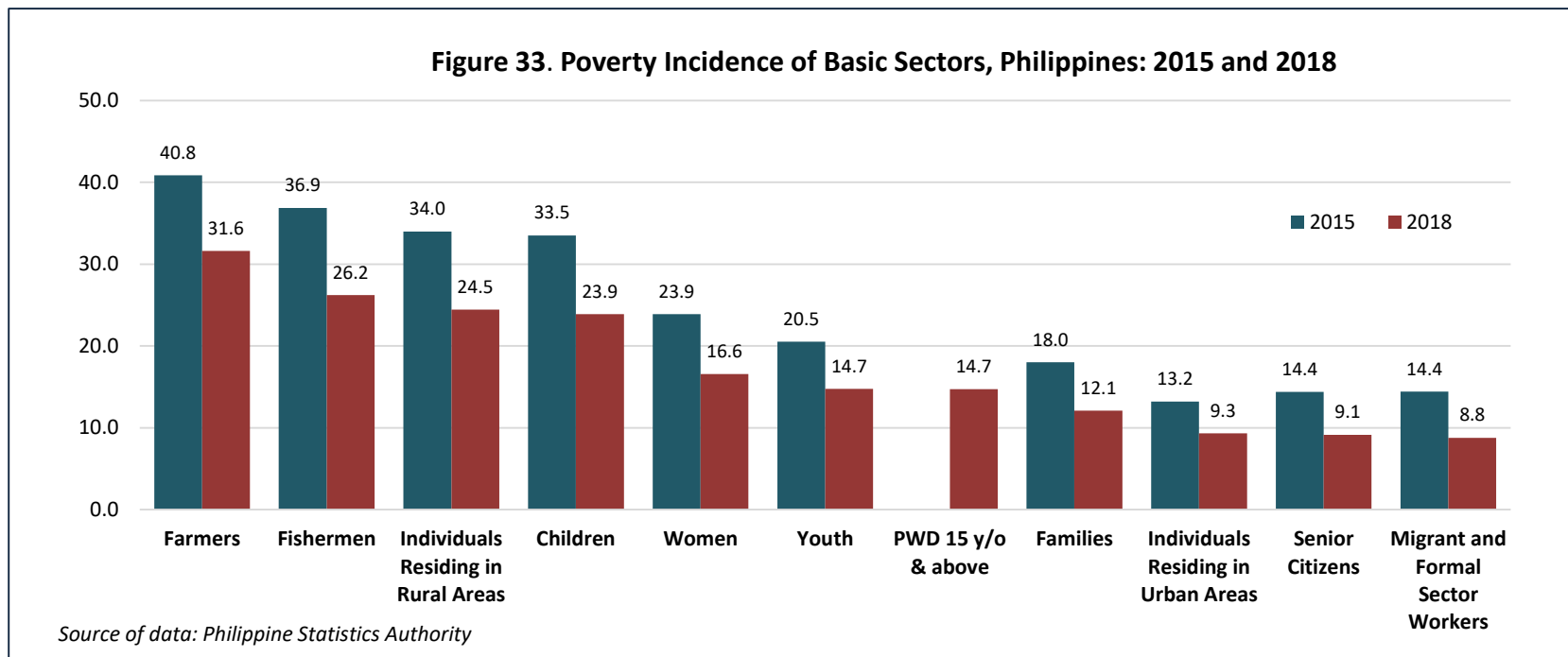


Table 4.14. Poverty Incidence for Women, by Region: 2015 and 2018

Region	Poverty Incidence among Women		Magnitude of Poor Women	
	Estimate (%)		Estimate ('000)	
	2015 ¹	2018	2015 ¹	2018
PHILIPPINES	23.9	16.6	11,844.6	8,655.7
NCR	4.3	2.3	275.1	153.6
CAR	23.6	11.9	197.9	103.7
Region I	18.3	10.1	456.1	258.6
Region II	17.7	16.2	300.6	284.9
Region III	10.8	7.0	597.9	411.0
Region IV-A	13.0	7.2	929.1	558.1
MIMAROPA	26.8	15.2	387.0	228.7
Region V	39.9	26.4	1,136.8	779.6
Region VI	25.6	16.1	942.1	611.8
Region VII	29.7	17.4	1,077.8	662.3
Region VIII	41.4	30.3	887.2	680.0
Region IX	36.3	32.6	639.0	593.6
Region X	39.4	22.9	898.7	548.1
Region XI	24.6	19.0	582.7	474.6
Region XII	38.9	27.9	864.7	655.7
Caraga	39.6	30.4	496.2	396.2
ARMM	61.5	61.7	1,175.6	1,255.2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics

1/ Poverty incidence among women refers to the proportion of women with per capita income less than the per capita poverty threshold to the total number of women.



Table 4.15. Poverty Incidence for Children, by Region: 2015 and 2018

Region	Poverty Incidence among Children		Magnitude of Poor Children	
	Estimate (%)		Estimate ('000)	
	2015 ¹	2018	2015 ¹	2018
PHILIPPINES	33.5	23.9	12,965.3	9,340.7
NCR	7.1	4.3	303.5	185.8
CAR	31.8	16.5	206.1	107.0
Region I	26.6	15.3	491.2	281.6
Region II	25.1	23.0	318.2	293.8
Region III	16.9	11.2	677.7	460.3
Region IV-A	19.6	11.4	1,017.6	614.4
MIMAROPA	35.4	21.0	452.5	272.3
Region V	50.8	35.4	1,305.8	903.0
Region VI	36.3	23.2	1,021.5	645.1
Region VII	39.9	24.9	1,137.5	711.3
Region VIII	52.5	40.0	971.5	744.6
Region IX	46.7	39.9	701.0	592.1
Region X	50.5	31.6	964.1	600.8
Region XI	34.2	26.9	643.5	522.3
Region XII	49.4	36.2	926.3	681.5
Caraga	50.4	39.8	545.1	431.3
ARMM	68.5	68.2	1,282.1	1,293.4

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics

1/ Child refers to individual below 18 years old based on, RA 7610, Special Protection of Children Against Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act.

2/ Poverty incidence among children refers to the proportion of children (belonging to poor families) with per capita income less than the per capita poverty threshold to the total number of children.



Table 4.16. Poverty Incidence for Youth, by Region: 2015 and 2018

Region	Poverty Incidence among Youth		Magnitude of Poor Youth	
	Estimate (%)		Estimate ('000)	
	2015 ¹	2018	2015 ¹	2018
PHILIPPINES	20.5	14.7	6,008.1	4,481.4
NCR	3.5	1.8	136.0	71.1
CAR	18.9	10.8	99.3	57.3
Region I	16.2	7.8	225.0	109.5
Region II	15.0	14.8	146.6	146.0
Region III	8.6	5.5	278.8	189.1
Region IV-A	10.0	5.2	428.1	231.6
MIMAROPA	21.3	13.0	175.2	110.4
Region V	36.7	24.3	584.6	410.4
Region VI	23.1	14.6	494.2	320.1
Region VII	24.1	14.1	509.3	309.8
Region VIII	37.1	27.4	462.3	361.7
Region IX	33.9	31.4	353.9	338.8
Region X	35.1	20.5	476.3	292.5
Region XI	20.2	16.6	288.2	242.8
Region XII	33.8	25.9	458.3	366.2
CARAGA	35.7	27.9	256.1	212.3
ARMM	56.8	58.9	635.8	711.8

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics

1/ Youth refers to individuals aged 15 to 30 years old, based on RA 8044, The Youth in Nation-Building Act.

2/ Poverty incidence among youth refers to the proportion of youth (belonging to poor families) with per capita income less than the per capita poverty threshold to the total number of youth.



Table 4.17. Poverty Incidence for Senior Citizens, by Region: 2015 and 2018

Region	Poverty Incidence among Senior Citizens		Magnitude of Poor Senior Citizens	
	Estimate (%)		Estimate ('000)	
	2015 ¹	2018	2015 ¹	2018
PHILIPPINES	14.4	9.1	1,128.7	829.2
NCR	2.1	0.9	18.4	10.6
CAR	15.5	7.2	21.4	10.9
Region I	10.3	5.0	51.9	27.5
Region II	9.8	6.7	28.8	23.0
Region III	6.6	3.3	62.3	35.5
Region IV-A	7.5	4.2	79.6	53.4
MIMAROPA	12.1	6.9	26.7	17.5
Region V	22.6	14.9	103.8	76.6
Region VI	12.2	9.2	89.8	73.3
Region VII	23.5	12.3	149.4	88.3
Region VIII	26.9	18.5	104.0	78.7
Region IX	26.5	22.4	69.4	65.8
Region X	25.5	12.4	86.0	49.5
Region XI	14.6	10.9	51.8	45.2
Region XII	25.1	16.5	72.1	56.1
CARAGA	30.3	18.8	60.6	41.9
ARMM	41.7	44.9	52.8	75.4

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics

1/ Senior citizen refers to an individual aged 60 years old and above, based on RA 9257, the Expanded Senior Citizens Act

2/ Poverty incidence among senior citizens refers to the proportion of senior citizens (belonging to poor families) with per capita income less than the per capita poverty threshold to the total number of senior citizens.



Table 4.18. Poverty Incidence among Persons Aged 15 Years and Above with Disability, by Region: 2015 and 2018

Region	Poverty Incidence among Persons Aged 15 Years and Above with Disability	Magnitude of Poor Persons Aged 15 Years and Above with Disability
	Estimate (%)	Estimate ('000)
PHILIPPINES	14.7	235.9
NCR	0.6	0.8
CAR	8.3	2.8
Region I	9.8	8.2
Region II	16.2	7.5
Region III	6.7	12.7
Region IV-A	9.4	18.5
MIMAROPA	11.5	7.5
Region V	22.9	27.6
Region VI	12.9	18.9
Region VII	14.5	18.1
Region VIII	26.9	23.0
Region IX	35.5	26.7
Region X	16.2	12.3
Region XI	18.9	14.8
Region XII	22.1	18.0
CARAGA	24.4	9.8
ARMM	44.5	8.6

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Poverty Statistics



Table 4.19. Key Employment Indicators, Philippines: October 2020, July 2020, April 2020 and October 2019

INDICATOR	October 2020 ^P	July 2020 ^P	April 2020 ^F	October 2019 ^R	Increment			Growth Rate		
					October 2020 - July 2020	July 2020 - April 2020	October 2020 - October 2019	October 2020 - July 2020	July 2020 - April 2020	October 2020 - October 2019
Total Population 15 Years Old and Over	74,307	74,061	73,722	72,603	246	339	1,704	0.3	0.5	2.3
Labor Force	43,649	45,877	41,058	44,582	(2,228)	4,819	(933)	(4.9)	11.7	(2.1)
New Entrants to the Labor Force	952	906	616	948	46	290	4	5.1	47.0	0.4
Employed	39,836	41,306	33,830	42,537	(1,470)	7,476	(2,701)	(3.6)	22.1	(6.3)
Underemployed	5,747	7,137	6,398	5,438	(1,390)	739	309	(19.5)	11.6	5.7
• Visible Underemployment ¹	3,605	5,161	5,489	3,354	(1,556)	(328)	251	(30.1)	(6.0)	7.5
• Invisible Underemployment	2,142	1,976	909	2,084	166	1,067	58	8.4	117.4	2.8
Unemployed	3,813	4,571	7,228	2,045	(758)	(2,657)	1,767	(16.6)	(36.8)	86.4
Not in the Labor Force	30,658	28,184	32,664	28,021	2,474	(4,480)	2,637	8.8	(13.7)	9.4
Total Population 15 Years Old and Over										
Labor Force Participation Rate (%)	58.7	61.9	55.7	61.4						
Proportion of New Entrants (%)	2.2	2.0	1.5	2.1						
Employment Rate(%)	91.3	90.0	82.4	95.4						
Underemployment Rate (%)	14.4	17.3	18.9	12.8						
Visible Underemployment Rate (%)	9.0	12.5	16.2	7.9						
Invisible Underemployment Rate (%)	5.4	4.8	2.7	4.9						
Unemployment Rate (%)	8.7	10.0	17.6	4.6						
Mean Hours of Work	40.8	38.2	35.0	42.0						
Youth Population 15-24 Years Old	20,052	19,996	20,010	19,924	56	(14)	128	0.3	(0.1)	0.6
Youth Labor Force	6,804	7,779	6,485	7,391	(975)	1,294	(588)	(12.5)	19.9	(8.0)
New Entrants Youth	716	784	452	791	(68)	332	(75)	(8.7)	73.5	(9.5)
Employed Youth	5,481	6,040	4,443	6,435	(559)	1,597	(954)	(9.3)	35.9	(14.8)
Underemployed Youth	687	951	803	699	(264)	149	(12)	(27.8)	18.5	(1.7)
Unemployed Youth	1,323	1,739	2,042	957	(416)	(303)	366	(23.9)	(14.8)	38.3
NEET (Unemployed) 15 - 24 years old	1,277	42	1,810	932	1,235	(1,768)	345	2,955.6	(97.7)	37.0
Youth Not in the Labor Force (NILF)	13,248	12,217	13,525	12,533	1,031	(1,308)	715	8.4	(9.7)	5.7
NEET (NILF) 15 - 24 years old	2,820	2,242	3,223	2,486	578	(981)	335	25.8	(30.4)	13.5
Youth Population										
Youth Labor Force Participation Rate (%)	33.9	38.9	32.4	37.1						
Youth Employment Rate (%)	80.6	77.6	68.5	87.1						
Youth Underemployment (%)	12.5	15.7	18.1	10.9						
Youth Unemployment Rate (%)	19.4	22.4	31.5	12.9						
Youth NEET as % of youth population	20.4	11.4	25.2	17.2						
Proportion of Youth New Entrants to the Youth Labor Force	10.5	10.1	7.0	10.7						
Youth Mean Hours of Work	38.3	35.2	31.5	40.0						



Table 4.20. Employment by Major Industry Group, Philippines: October 2020, July 2020, April 2020 and October 2019

MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP	October 2020 ^P	July 2020 ^P	April 2020 ^F	October 2019 ^R	Growth rate(%)			Percent Distribution			
					October 2020 - July 2020	July 2020 - April 2020	October 2020 - October 2019	October 2020 ^P	July 2020	April 2020 ^F	October 2019
PHILIPPINES	39,836	41,306	33,830	42,537	(3.6)	22.1	(6.3)	39,836	41,306	33,830	42,537
Agriculture ('000)	9,762	10,870	8,761	9,692	(10.2)	24.1	0.7	9,762	10,870	8,761	9,692
Agriculture and Forestry (%)	8,427	9,752	7,661	8,425	(13.6)	27.3	0.0	86.3	89.7	87.4	86.9
Fishing and aquaculture (%)	1,335	1,117	1,101	1,266	19.5	1.5	5.4	13.7	10.3	12.6	13.1
Industry ('000)	7,299	7,785	5,754	8,126	(6.2)	35.3	(10.2)	7,299	7,785	5,754	8,126
Mining and quarrying (%)	156	243	154	161	(36.0)	57.8	(3.2)	2.1	3.1	2.7	2.0
Manufacturing (%)	3,028	3,373	2,699	3,647	(10.2)	25.0	(17.0)	41.5	43.3	46.9	44.9
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply (%)	71	83	61	83	(15.1)	35.9	(14.5)	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities (%)	70	52	48	57	33.6	9.7	23.2	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.7
Construction (%)	3,974	4,034	2,792	4,179	(1.5)	44.5	(4.9)	54.4	51.8	48.5	51.4
Services ('000)	22,776	22,651	19,315	24,719	0.5	17.3	(7.9)	22,776	22,651	19,315	24,719
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles (%)	8,385	8,894	6,459	8,449	(5.7)	37.7	(0.7)	36.8	39.3	33.4	34.2
Transportation and storage (%)	2,824	2,913	2,593	3,481	(3.0)	12.3	(18.9)	12.4	12.9	13.4	14.1
Accommodation and food service activities (%)	1,342	1,281	1,236	2,009	4.7	3.7	(33.2)	5.9	5.7	6.4	8.1
Information and communication (%)	453	306	267	432	48.0	14.6	5.0	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.7
Financial and insurance activities (%)	601	558	438	644	7.7	27.5	(6.7)	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.6
Real estate activities (%)	176	218	163	237	(18.9)	33.6	(25.7)	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.0
Professional, scientific and technical activities (%)	288	248	233	309	15.8	6.4	(6.9)	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2
Administrative and support service activities (%)	1,733	1,535	1,503	1,690	13.0	2.1	2.5	7.6	6.8	7.8	6.8
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	2,428	2,555	2,482	2,740	(4.9)	2.9	(11.4)	10.7	11.3	12.8	11.1
Education (%)	1,460	1,192	1,142	1,388	22.5	4.4	5.2	6.4	5.3	5.9	5.6
Human health and social work activities (%)	602	545	460	591	10.4	18.6	1.8	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4
Arts, entertainment and recreation (%)	214	117	197	346	82.0	(40.3)	(38.2)	0.9	0.5	1.0	1.4
Other service activities (%)	2,267	2,286	2,144	2,401	(0.8)	6.6	(5.6)	10.0	10.1	11.1	9.7
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies (%)	2	4	0	1	(59.3)	2,092.4	24.0	0	0	0	0

Source of basic data: Philippine Statistics Authority, Labor Force Survey.



Table 4.21. Total Population 15 Years Old and Over and Rates of Labor Force Participation, Employment and Employment Rate by Region: October 2020, July 2020, April 2020 and October 2019

Region	Total Population 15 Years Old and Over				Labor Force Participation Rate				Employment Rate			
	October 2020 ^P	July 2020 ^P	April 2020 ^F	October 2019 ^R	October 2020 ^P	July 2020 ^P	April 2020 ^F	October 2019 ^R	October 2020 ^P	July 2020 ^P	April 2020 ^F	October 2019 ^R
Philippines	74,307	74,061	73,722	72,603	58.7	61.9	55.7	61.4	91.3	90.0	82.4	95.4
National Capital Region (NCR)	10,027	9,962	9,944	9,824	56.7	59.2	54.2	60.3	87.6	84.2	87.7	95.2
Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR)	1,233	1,229	1,230	1,218	62.0	64.6	56.0	61.5	94.5	90.4	74.7	97.2
Region I (Ilocos Region)	3,589	3,540	3,554	3,524	61.7	64.7	60.8	63.2	88.5	88.9	77.7	94.8
Region II (Cagayan Valley)	2,453	2,457	2,443	2,418	56.7	64.8	59.6	63.8	94.2	90.6	84.4	96.4
Region III (Central Luzon)	8,691	8,607	8,590	8,424	57.3	58.9	51.9	59.7	90.4	89.1	72.7	95.2
Region IV-A (CALABARZON)	11,226	11,206	11,042	10,771	60.6	63.9	58.3	63.9	89.0	87.6	83.3	94.2
MIMAROPA Region	2,055	2,049	2,049	2,028	62.0	64.2	53.4	58.8	92.1	94.3	87.5	96.3
Region V (Bicol Region)	3,950	3,972	3,968	3,890	59.1	62.1	55.2	62.1	91.8	90.9	84.3	95.4
Region VI (Western Visayas)	5,433	5,448	5,430	5,362	57.4	60.8	56.1	60.3	94.1	93.7	86.3	95.8
Region VII (Central Visayas)	5,464	5,482	5,420	5,362	55.9	57.8	57.3	63.0	90.1	88.3	83.3	95.7
Region VIII (Eastern Visayas)	3,149	3,144	3,127	3,096	56.2	60.9	56.2	58.7	94.7	91.9	85.7	95.8
Region IX (Zamboanga Peninsula)	2,520	2,522	2,512	2,494	55.7	60.8	52.0	57.2	92.5	93.7	76.1	98.1
Region X (Northern Mindanao)	3,393	3,382	3,372	3,320	63.8	68.8	62.8	66.6	94.4	94.0	88.9	96.5
Region XI (Davao Region)	3,580	3,565	3,555	3,519	56.5	59.5	55.3	61.6	93.2	92.0	82.1	95.8
Region XII (SOCCSKSARGEN)	3,226	3,222	3,233	3,148	62.5	66.4	57.4	62.5	93.7	93.3	78.8	95.9
Region XIII (Caraga)	1,807	1,808	1,806	1,778	63.8	68.6	57.0	61.4	92.4	93.3	87.7	95.4
Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (BARMM)	2,510	2,465	2,448	2,427	59.4	62.3	41.1	54.5	96.6	96.2	70.2	93.8

Source of basic data: Philippine Statistics Authority, Labor Force Survey

Notes: 1. Details may not add up to totals due to rounding.

2. Industry classification is based on the 2009 Philippine Standard Industrial Classification (PSIC).

3. Starting April 2016 round, the Labor Force Survey (LFS) adopted the 2013 Master Sample Design as well as the population projections based on the 2010 Census of Population and Housing (2010 CPH) while previous survey rounds were derived using the 2000 CPH population projections.

4. January 2016 data reflected were based on the 2010 CPH population projections to compute for the annualized data for 2016.



Table 4.22. Total Population 15 Years Old and Over Unemployment and Underemployment Rate by Region:
October 2020, July 2020, April 2020 and October 2019

Region	Unemployment Rate				Underemployment Rate			
	October 2020 ^P	July 2020 ^P	April 2020 ^F	October 2019 ^R	October 2020 ^P	July 2020 ^P	April 2020 ^F	October 2019 ^R
Philippines	8.7	10.0	17.6	4.6	14.4	17.3	18.9	12.8
National Capital Region (NCR)	12.4	15.8	12.3	4.8	11.1	11.5	10.2	3.6
Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR)	5.5	9.6	25.3	2.8	9.1	17.2	23.1	8.3
Region I (Ilocos Region)	11.5	11.1	22.3	5.2	16.7	15.8	20.7	16.9
Region II (Cagayan Valley)	5.8	9.4	15.6	3.6	11.1	21.8	17.5	12.8
Region III (Central Luzon)	9.6	10.9	27.3	4.8	8.0	15.8	12.4	8.3
Region IV-A (CALABARZON)	11.0	12.4	16.7	5.8	12.5	21.9	23.7	11.3
MIMAROPA Region	7.9	5.7	12.5	3.7	22.2	27.2	22.0	15.9
Region V (Bicol Region)	8.2	9.1	15.7	4.6	29.1	23.3	27.4	26.2
Region VI (Western Visayas)	5.9	6.3	13.7	4.2	12.9	10.4	10.9	10.6
Region VII (Central Visayas)	9.9	11.7	16.7	4.3	14.2	17.0	17.7	16.5
Region VIII (Eastern Visayas)	5.3	8.1	14.3	4.2	21.2	21.2	21.8	16.4
Region IX (Zamboanga Peninsula)	7.5	6.3	23.9	1.9	12.5	14.4	23.5	19.4
Region X (Northern Mindanao)	5.6	6.0	11.1	3.5	20.0	24.1	29.4	21.8
Region XI (Davao Region)	6.8	8.0	17.9	4.2	9.0	9.2	20.9	9.3
Region XII (SOCCSKSARGEN)	6.3	6.7	21.2	4.1	21.0	22.2	20.8	19.1
Region XIII (Caraga)	7.6	6.7	12.3	4.6	17.0	17.1	32.2	16.5
Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (BARMM)	3.4	3.8	29.8	6.2	14.4	9.0	7.8	8.5

Source of basic data: Philippine Statistics Authority, Labor Force Survey



ANNEX A: DSWD CENTERS AND INSTITUTIONS

AMOR (Accelerating Minors' Opportunity for Recovery) Village – A home for children ages 1 month to 16 years old with special needs that were abandoned, abused and neglected by their respective families. It is a world-class facility wherein the children will have access to different services for recovery, rehabilitation and development for purposes of mainstreaming them in the community later on. It is a 24-hour residential facility with 9 buildings with library, playground, bicycle lane, fishpond and other recreational facilities. This is located in Barangay San Francisco East, Anao, Tarlac.

Center for Handicapped – A non-residential facility that implements programs and provides services to Persons with Disability (PWDs) and other special groups 7 years old up to 40 years old. Target clients are provided with productive skills geared toward self-sufficiency, socio-economic independence and eventually to become participating members of their community. The center is located at San Isidro Ave., Rosary Heights, Cotabato City.

Elsie Gaches Village – A residential institution that provides care and rehabilitation services to abandoned and neglected children with special needs such as cerebral palsy, epilepsy, visual and hearing impairment, mental retardation, autism and others. This is located in Alabang, Muntinlupa City, NCR.

GRACES (Golden Reception and Action Center for the Elderly and other Special Cases) - A 24-hour, 7-day-a-week assessment/diagnostic and processing center for senior citizens and Spinal Cord Injured (SCI) clients referred by Philippine Orthopedic Center-Department of Rehabilitation Medicine (POC-DRM). This is located at Bago Bantay, Quezon City, NCR.

Home for the Aged/Haven for the Elderly – Provides care to senior citizens aged 60 and above, both male and female who are abandoned, neglected and needy. Haven for the Elderly (formerly Golden Acres in NCR) is located in Tanay, Rizal, Region IV-A and the two Homes for the Elderly are located in Regions IX and XI.

Haven for Children – A residential institution that provides rehabilitation facilities for boys 7 to 13 years old who are recovering from substance abuse. They are located in NCR and Region I.

Home for Girls – A residential institution that provides protection, care, treatment and rehabilitation to abused and exploited girls below 18 years old. The Home for Girls are located in Regions I, III, IV-A, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XII and CARAGA.

INA (Inang Naulila sa Anak) Healing Center – A facility where grieving mothers are given psychosocial support to help them deal with their grief. It is a place where mothers can ventilate their feelings of loss and depression over the death of a child or children. The center provides a nurturing environment where mothers can be provided with psychosocial counseling and venue for the organization of peer support group for grieving mothers. This is located at DSWD Central Office Compound, Batasan Pambansa Complex, Constitution Hills, Quezon City.



Jose Fabella Center – Provides temporary shelter for strandeers, vagrants and mendicants. This is located at Welfareville Compound, Correctional Road, Mandaluyong City, NCR.

Lingap Center – A residential institution that provides protection, care, treatment and rehabilitation to abused and exploited boys below 18 years old. Lingap Centers is located in Region III.

Marillac Hills – A rehabilitation center for young women which caters to abused, exploited or in conflict with the law, located in Alabang, Muntinlupa City, NCR.

National / Area Vocational Rehabilitation Center – A non-residential institution that provides programs and services particularly on vocational/social rehabilitation and skills training to persons with disabilities and other special groups for socio-economic independence and productivity. These are located in Regions I, VII and NCR.

National / Regional Rehabilitation Center for Youth (RRCY) – A residential facility that provides care and rehabilitation to juvenile in conflict with the law who are 9 to 17 years old. RRCY are located in Regions I, II, III, IV-A (National Training School for Boys), IV-B, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, CARAGA and CAR.

Nayon ng Kabataan – A residential institution that provides alternative family care for abused, orphaned, abandoned, neglected and exploited children 7 to 17 years old. This is located at Welfareville Compound, Mandaluyong City, NCR.

Reception and Study Center for Children – A child-caring institution that provides services to abandoned, neglected and/or surrendered children 0 to 6 years of age. RSCC are located in Regions II, III, V, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, NCR and CAR.

Rehabilitation Sheltered Workshop – A facility that provides vocational/social rehabilitation and skills training to persons with disabilities and other special groups for socio-economic independence and productivity. This is located in J.P. Burgos Street, Project 4, Quezon City, NCR.

Sanctuary – A residential institution that serves as halfway home to female 18 years old and who are improving from psychosis and other mental illness. This is located at Welfareville Compound, Correctional Road, Mandaluyong City, NCR.

The Haven for Women – Provides temporary shelter and protective custody to women ages 18 to 59 years old who are victims of involuntary or forced prostitution, illegal recruitment, battered/abused women, victims of sexual abuse, women in detention, women victims of armed conflict, and others. There are a total of 13 centers operated by the DSWD in Regions I, II, III, IV-A, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, NCR and CAR. The Congressional Spouses Foundation, Inc. also supports these centers.



ANNEX B: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Abandoned - Children without parental care or guardianship or whose parents/guardians have deserted them for a period of at least 3 continuous months.

Accreditation – is the recognition of a SWD program or service that such is implemented by a social work agency which meets nationally recognized standards as evidenced by a Certificate of Accreditation issued by the DSWD. It is a process of enabling social work agencies to achieve and demonstrate high quality service delivery.

Acts of Lasciviousness – Lascivious conduct means the intentional touching for sexual purposes, either directly or through clothing, of the sex organ, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh and buttocks. It may also refer to inserting any object in the genitalia, anus or mouth of a person, whether of the same or opposite sex, with the intent to abuse, humiliate, harass and/or degrade, in order to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of a person. (Ref. Trust and Power, Child Abuse in the Eyes of the Child and the Parent, 2001).

Adoption – is a socio legal process, which enables a child who can not be reared by his/her biological parents, acquire legal status wherein he/she can benefit from new relationships with a permanent family.

Armed Conflict – refers to any conflict between the government forces and organized groups, which involve the actual use of armed forces and which disrupt normal, social, economic, political and cultural activities in a specific geographical area.

Assistance to Individuals In Crisis Situation (AICS) - Provision of integrated services such as immediate rescue and protection, provision of direct financial and material assistance, and referrals for medical, legal, psychosocial, temporary shelter, and other services to clients in crisis situation, through the respective Field Offices' Crisis Intervention Units (a special unit of the DSWD which serves as an action center to immediately respond to cases of individuals and families in crisis situations)

Barangay – is the smallest political unit into which cities and municipalities in the Philippines are divided.



Battered/Abused Women – ages 18-59 years old who are physically, mentally and emotionally maltreated/abused for various reasons by their husbands, family, employer, etc. This would include abused wives, daughters, household helpers, etc. The following are forms of battering:

- a) **Physical** – single, manual series of different acts or a combination of assaults with use of weapons – use of fist (boxing ears, face, mouth, breast); slapping; pinching; poking victim’s eyes with fingers; strangling her while asleep; kicking different parts of victim’s body; kicking her belly while pregnant; shoving her down the floor; pushing her down the stairs; banging her head against the wall; slamming the door hitting her face; throwing hard objects at her; pouring boiling water over her; forcible injection with sedative drug; stabbing with knife or ice pick; striking her with bolo; burning her flesh with cigarette; hitting with butt of gun; shooting on upper thigh with intention of hitting her vagina; and shot on the abdomen
- b) **Psychological / Emotional** – threats and intimidation; verbal abuse – threat to kill; threat of physical harm by gestures, threatening with knife, gun or lethal weapon, constant threat of abandonment; unexplained disappearance; sudden unexplained demand for legal separation; taking children away from her; ordering victim out of the house; forced confinement in a room; using degrading insulting words; public humiliation; nagging accusing her of infidelity; openly siding with relatives against her; prolonged silence after arguments; and withdrawal of affection.
- c) **Sexual Abuse** – includes the employment, use, persuasion, inducement, enticement or coercion to engage in, or assist another person to engage in sexual intercourse or lascivious conduct or the molestation, prostitution, or incest.
- d) **Economic Abuse** – denial or withdrawal of financial support, prohibiting her from handling money; husband’s total control over conjugal financial resources; controlling women’s own earnings; using household money for drinking, gambling or drugs.

Center-Based – a service that is provided to clients in a facility, either residential or non-residential which are designed to address their psycho-social and developmental needs.

Child Abuse – refer to the maltreatment, whether psychological and physical abuse, neglect, cruelty, sexual and emotional maltreatment, any act of deeds or words which debases, degrades or demeans the intrinsic worth and dignity of a child as a human being; deprivation of his basic needs for survival and failure to immediate medical treatment.

Children in Conflict with the Law (CICL) – refers to a child who is alleged as, accused of, or adjudged as, has committed an offense under Philippine Laws who are subjected to an intervention program pursuant to Section 20 of Republic Act No. 9344 otherwise known as “*Juvenile Justice and Welfare Act of 2006.*”



Children in Need of Special Protection (CNSP) – include working children, street children, victims of commercial sexual exploitation, abused children, displaced children, children in conflict with the law, children with disabilities, and children of indigenous cultural communities. Children workers (child labor) are likewise included under this category.

Child Trafficking – an act of trading and dealing with children including, but not limited to, the act of buying and selling of a child for money, or for any other consideration, or barter.

Cities – a town of significant size; an incorporated municipality with definite boundaries and legal powers set forth in a state charter.

Clients – anyone who finds himself/herself, or is found to be in need of help in some aspect of his/her social-emotional living whether the need be for tangible provisions.

Community – is a population living within legally established (spatial) limits.

Community-Based – is a service delivery mode where services are provided to the beneficiary/client in his or her home or in the community in which he or she lives. An additional feature of this mode is community interaction or participation in the activities and management of the client system.

Crisis Intervention Unit (CIU) – it is located at the DSWD Field Offices. It provides immediate response to crisis situations affecting individuals and families, who are not considered constituents of LGUs where they are situated during the occurrence of crisis or when their respective LGUs cannot respond to their needs.

Crisis Situation – pertains to a condition whereby individual, family or group of persons are faced with a difficult and stressful situation resulting to the impairment of their psycho-social functioning, thereby needing immediate or urgent interventions to prevent further exposure to exploitation, abuse and neglect.

Day Care Center – is a facility, which provides care during part of the day in a barangay to children who are 3-6 years old.

Disaster – is a serious disruption of the functioning of a society causing widespread human, material, financial, and environmental losses, which exceed the ability of the society to cope using its own resources.



Types of Disaster:

- a) **Natural Disaster** – includes geologic climatic hazards such as earthquake, tsunamis, floods, typhoon, mudflows and environmental degradation, desertification, and deforestation and pest infestation.
- b) **Man-Made Disaster** – includes industrial/technological accidents such as fires, water and/or air pollution, chemical accident, nuclear leaks, toxic (solid wastes) and armed conflict such as war, civil strife, terrorism and insurgency.

Disaster Victim – refers to individual, family or a group of people who are victims of any misfortune, accidents and natural and man-made calamities.

Family – is the basic social institution that is founded in the violability of marriage. It is the single and most important source of security, belongingness, emotional and economic growth of its members.

Families – those members of the household who are related to a specified degree, through blood, adoption or marriage.

Foster Care – is the provision of planned substitute parental care to a child by a licensed foster family when his/her biological parents are unable to care for him/her temporarily or permanently.

Group Home Service – is a community-based living arrangement alternative to institutional care. It envisions responding to the needs of unattached persons – those who are abandoned, have no families to return to or whose reunification with family is not suitable and are assessed to need group living experience.

Incest – refers to male/female that has carnal relations with their parents, siblings or blood relatives to the fourth degree of consanguinity.

Intermediary – a person, group, network of SWD agencies, local government units and non-government units and non-government organizations authorized by the DSWD to perform specific functions within the process of registration, licensing and accreditation.



Internal Displaced Persons (IDPs or Persons Displaced by the Disaster) – are persons or group of persons who have been forced or obliged to flee or to leave their homes or places of habitual residence in particular as a result of or in order to avoid the effects of natural or human-induced disasters, and who have not crossed an internationally recognized State border.

KALAHI-CIDSS: KKB (Kapit-Bisig Laban sa Kahirapan-Comprehensive and Integrated Delivery of Social Services: Kapangyarihan at Kaunlaran sa Barangay) – is the government’s revolutionary approach to poverty alleviation. It addresses poverty in its economic, social and cultural dimensions. The project targets the poorest of the poor, the bottom 25 percent of municipalities of the 42 poorest provinces in the country.

Legal Guardianship – is a socio-legal process of providing substitute parental care through the appointment of a legal guardian of the child and his/her property until the child reaches the age of majority.

License – is the authority given by DSWD to an agency that is qualified to operate as a social work agency, evidenced by a certificate of license to operate.

Licensing – is the process conducted by the DSWD in assessing qualification and authorizing a registered SWD agency to operate as a social work agency.

Licensed NGOs by DSWD – has the authority to operate in compliance to Republic Act No. 4373 otherwise known as an *“Act to Regulate the Practice of Social Work and the Operation of Social Work Agencies in the Philippines and for Other Purposes.”*

Local Government Units (LGUs) – referred to as the territorial and political subdivisions of the state. This includes provinces, cities, municipalities and barangays.

Modified Conditional Cash Transfer (MCCT) - is a program of Pantawid Pamilya that caters to families in need of special protection. It aims to target beneficiaries that are not covered by the Regular Conditional Cash Transfer Program. On the other hand, Expanded Conditional Cash Transfer (ECCT) program covers Pantawid households with 15-17 year old children who were not able to complete the 5-year program period due to no-longer having 0-14 year old children. The general thrust of MCCT is to eventually mainstream their beneficiaries to the regular program while ECCT is a pilot project to see the differential effect of having grants extended to older group of children (specifically children aged 15-17), as basis for further program enhancement.

Municipalities – a political unit incorporated for local self-government.



Neglected Child – is one who is unreasonably deprived of his/her basic needs for survival such as food, shelter, medical, clothing and/or education so as to seriously endanger the physical, mental, social and emotional growth and development of the child.

Non-Government Organizations (NGOs) – are non-profit and voluntary organizations served by DSWD through technical assistance, e.g. capability building, consultation meetings/dialogue, etc.

National Government Agencies (NGAs) – are line agencies of government provided by DSWD in the form of capability building, exchange of expertise, etc.

Out-of-School Youth (OSY) – those who have dropped out of school in the elementary, secondary and college level.

Pantawid Pamilya Pilipino Program - is a rights based program that focuses on human capital investment through provision of health and education cash grants to eligible poor households. It is one of the poverty reduction strategies of the national government to enable poor households to meet certain human development goals aimed at breaking the intergenerational cycle of poverty.

Parental Travel Permit – is a duly notarized written permission given by anyone of the birth or adoptive parent, who will be left behind or not in the company of the child, allowing the concerned minor to travel with the other spouse.

Pedophilia – a psycho-sexual perversion in which the offender engages in sexually explicit conduct against the children.

People’s Organization (PO) – is a bonafide association of citizens with demonstrated capacity to promote the public interest and with identifiable leadership, membership and structure.

Persons with Disabilities (PWDs) – are those suffering from restriction of different abilities as a result of a mental, physical or sensory impairment, to perform an activity in the manner or within the range considered normal for a human being.

- **Emotionally Disturbed** – a person who displays behavior that deviates from an arbitrary and relative social norm. It occurs with a frequency that is not agreeable to ones age and social norm or developmental age.



- **Hearing Impaired** – one who has hearing impairment ranging from inability to hear clearly enough and tell the difference between certain sounds and words (can hear a little without hearing aid)

- **Mentally Challenged** – also known as mental retardation, a person who have significantly sub-average intellectual functioning resulting to or associated with concurrent Impairments in adaptive behavior, in coping with any demand of daily life manifested through their sensory motor, communication, self-help, socialization, academic and vocational skill.

- **Orthopedically Handicapped** – an individual who has a physical disability due to bones, joints tendons and muscles defects.
 - Post-polio – residue of polio myelitis

 - Fracture – break in the bones of cartilages

 - Dislocation – displacement of a part of the body from its usual place involving the bones due to accident or surgical intervention

 - Amputation – loss of a limb or any part of the body

 - Potts Disease- a chronic disease, tuberculosis in nature causing crippling or contracture of the spine and characterized by a sharp bend that bump in the middle portion of the backbone (hunch back)

 - Congenital Disease – deformities existing before, acquired at birth involving the bones and muscles and joint

 - Hemi-plegia – paralysis of one side of the body

 - Paraplegia – paralysis of both lower extremities
 - Cerebral Palsy – paralysis due to brain damage characterized by either muscle stiffness, poor balance, or slow, wringgly or sudden quick movement of the feet, arms, hands and face muscle

 - Osteolmyelitis – inflammation of the bones sometimes accompanied by deformities

 - Ankylosis – stiffness and permanent adhesion of joints



- Arthritis – a progressive disease of the joints resulting in contracture deformities
 - Claw Hand – paralysis of the muscles of the hand in contracture
 - Club Foot – a condition one or both feet deformed, usually where toes and feet are turned inward and sometime outward; others with heels down and toes upward; often accompanied by webbed toes or fingers and absence of toes and fingers.
- **Persons with Autism** – a person who has autism, a lifelong developmental disability which typically appears during first three years of a life resulting from a neurobiological disorder that affects the functioning of the brain and interferes with the normal development in the areas of reasoning, social interaction and communication skills.
 - **Speech Impaired** – a person who has speech impairment ranging from inability to speak to ability to speak but not sufficiently clear.
 - **Visually Impaired** – one who has a visual impairment ranging from inability to perceive light to inability to count fingers at a distance of 3 meters in daylight with limitation to perform certain visual task such as reading, writing and mobility.

Physical Abuse/Maltreatment – is any act which results in non-accidental physical injury and/or unreasonable infliction of physical injury to a child.

Pornography – written, graphic or other forms of communication intended to excite lascivious or lustful feelings. It generally appeals to those who want quick sexual gratification with a minimum of emotional investment.

Poverty – Sustained inability of a household to meet its minimal set of capabilities for human, physical, intellectual and psychological functioning.

Poverty Incidence - proportion of families/individuals whose annual per capita income fall below the annual per capita poverty threshold.

Poverty Threshold - minimum income required or the minimum amount to be spent by a reference family to satisfy the nutritional requirements (2,000 calories) and other basic needs.



Provinces – a territory governed as an administrative or political unit of a country; areas of a country situated away from the capital or population center.

Rape – is committed by:

- a. A man who shall have carnal knowledge of a women under any of the following circumstances:
 - ❖ Through force, threat or intimidation
 - ❖ When the offended party is deprived of reason or otherwise unconscious
 - ❖ By means of fraudulent machination or grave abuse of authority
 - ❖ When the offended party is under 12 years of age or is demented, even though none of the circumstances mentioned above the present
- b. By any person who, under any circumstances mentioned shall commit an act of sexual assault by inserting his penis into another person’s mouth or anal orifice, or any instrument or object, into the genital or anal orifice of another person.

Registration – is the system of recording agencies in the Registry of Social Welfare and Development (SWD) Agencies in recognition of their contribution or intent to contribute to social welfare and development, evidenced by a certificate of registration issued by DSWD.

Repatriates – refers to individuals, family and groups who were sent back to the Philippines due to presence of war, calamities and other circumstances of similar nature in the host foreign country.

Residential Care – is an alternative form of family care, which provides 24-hour residential group care to children, youth, women, and other clientele on a temporary basis whose needs can not at the time be adequately met by their biological parents and extended family.

Residential Care/Group Home, Residential Community or Retirement Village – refers to a facility, which provides 24-hour resident group care for the physical, mental, social and spiritual well-being of senior citizens in a homelife atmosphere, which is accredited by the DSWD and licensed by the concerned local government unit where the said residential care/group, residential community or retirement village is situated.



Resource Augmentation – is the provision of manpower, funding and other resources (facilities and supplies) to the LGUs, NGOs and POs to enable them to deliver basic social services devolved or transferred to their mandate by virtue of devolution, divestment or localization.

Senior Citizens Center – refers to the place established by RA 7876 (*“Senior Citizens Act of the Philippines”*) with recreational, educational, health and social programs and facilities designed for the full employment and benefit of the senior citizens in the city or municipality.

Senior Citizen or Elderly – refers to any resident citizen of the Philippines at least sixty (60) years old (Section 2 of RA 9257 otherwise known as the *“Expanded Senior Citizens Act of 2003”*).

Service Delivery Mode – is the primary manner by which a particular social welfare program is delivered that would include residential, center-based, community-based and street-based modes.

Sexual Abuse – includes the employment, use, persuasion, inducement, enticement or coercion of a child engage in, or assist another person to engage in, sexual intercourse or lascivious conduct or the molestation, prostitution, or incest with children.

Sexually Exploited – one who has been induced/forced by parents, guardians or other persons or circumstances to indulge in activities which endangers his morals, emotional and social development.

Social Technology – refers to the social welfare and development approaches, strategies, models of intervention that respond to emerging needs of specific clientele.

Social Work Agency – a person, corporation or organization, private or governmental, that engages mainly and generally, or represents itself to engage in social welfare work, whether casework, group work, community work and obtains its finances either totally or in part, from any agency or instrumentality of the government and/or from the community by direct or indirect solicitations and/or fund drives, and/or private endowment.



Standards Compliance Monitoring – is a set of organized activities conducted by authorized personnel of the DSWD Field Office or by the Standards Bureau on a regular basis or on agreed time frame to keep track of the operation of registered and licensed social work agencies and agencies with accredited service/s in accordance with established social welfare and development standards.

Strandee – refers to individuals, family or groups of people who are in need of temporary shelter unit they are able to trace/locate their lost relatives and friends.

Street Children – refers to boys and girls below 18 years who have adopted the street as their abode/or source of livelihood. Inadequately supervised, protected and directed by responsible adults, they spend about 6 to 14 hours daily working in the streets to augment family income.

Sustainable Livelihood Program - is a community-based capacity building program implemented through the Community Driven Enterprises Development approach, which equips program participants to actively contribute to production and labor markets by looking at available resources and accessible markets. It relies on multi-stakeholder partnerships and participatory community planning, implementation and monitoring. The capacity building of the SLP is implemented through a two-track program. The first track, the Micro-Enterprise Development Track, supports micro-enterprise in becoming organizationally and economically viable. Meanwhile, the second track, the Employment Facilitation, assists the participants to access appropriate employment opportunities. SLP implementation highlights five stages such as Pre-implementation, Social Preparation, Capacity Building, Resource Mobilization and Management and Sustainability.

Technical Assistance – a process of transferring technology from a person/organization with expertise in terms of knowledge, skills and attitude to another person/organization. This is provided through activities, which the DSWD imparts, technical and organization skills and know-how to internal staff, LGUs, other government organizations, groups and individuals.

Training – organizationally directed experiences that we systematically designed to increase the knowledge, attitude and skills/practice of personnel for the purpose of improving individual and organizational performance.

Transient – refers to individuals, family or group of people who have no place to stay and who are in need of temporary shelter.

Travel Clearance – is a document issued by the DSWD certifying that the child is authorized to travel abroad for valid reasons based on the assessment of the social worker. This shall be required only for minors traveling abroad who are in any of the following circumstances:

- ❖ A minor who is traveling alone

- ❖ A minor who is traveling with a person other than his/her parents or those exercising parental authority and custody of the child

- ❖ A minor traveling for the purpose of adoption abroad (inter-country adoption)



- ❖ A minor adopted in the Philippines
- ❖ An illegitimate child traveling with his/her father shall be required to secure travel clearance
- ❖ A minor traveling in group for sports competition, cultural presentation, pilgrimage or study tours shall be required to secure an individual travel clearance

Victims of Armed Conflict – refers to victims who have been traumatized by death, displacement and/or disorganization of family members as a result of armed struggle.

Victims of Child Labor – refers to children below 15 years of age who are employed, permitted or suffered to work in any public or private establishment where they are not directly under the responsibility of their parents or guardians and when conditions of work are hazardous and/or exploitative.

Victims of Illegal Recruitment – persons who were recruited usually for a fee for various forms of local or foreign employment but ended up being victimized i.e. no job placement were effected or who are actually job-placed but under exploitative/oppressive conditions (low salaries, long hours of work, etc.) and have lost their jobs.

Victims of Involuntary/Forced Prostitution – women who were recruited for various forms of employment such as receptionists, waitresses, entertainers, dancers, household help, who are later on forced into prostitution.

Volunteer – an individual who willingly contributes time, skills or means in the attainment of a common goal for a group/community well being without expecting material or financial remuneration.

Women in Especially Difficult Circumstances (WEDCs) – women 18-59 years old who are disadvantaged/marginalized, victims of illegal recruitment, involuntary prostitution, armed conflict, battering and abused women, and women in detention.

Women in Detention – women who were detained in jails for various reasons before a case is filed.



ANNEX C: THE DSWD STRATEGIC RESULTS FRAMEWORK 2018-2022

**AMBISYON
NATIN 2040**

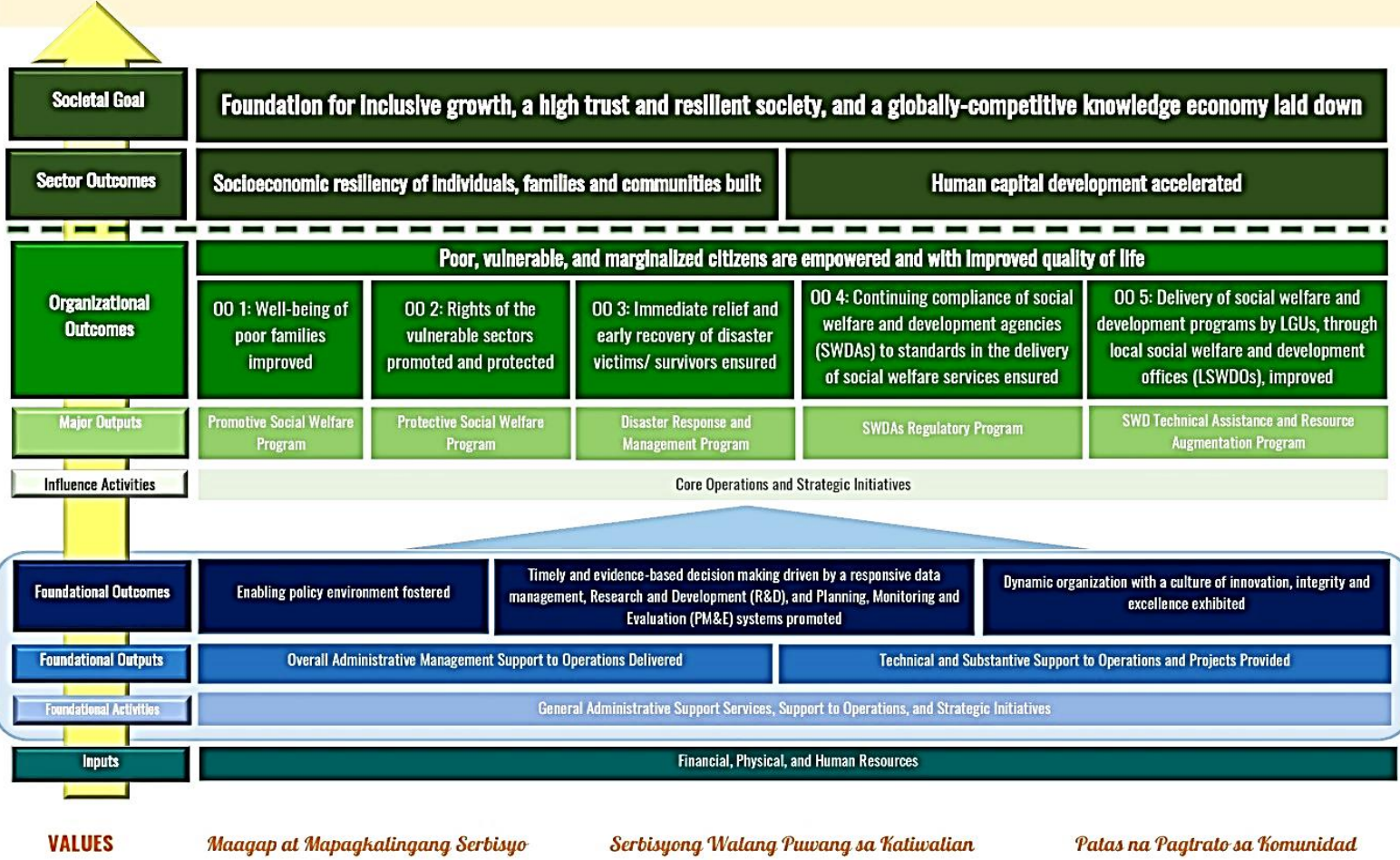
MATATAG, MAGINHAWA, AT PANATAG NA BUHAY

VISION

The Department of Social Welfare and Development envisions all Filipinos free from hunger and poverty, have equal access to opportunities, enabled by a fair, just, and peaceful society.

MISSION

To lead in the formulation, implementation, and coordination of social welfare and development policies and programs for and with the poor, vulnerable, and disadvantaged



Client-focused Objectives

Organization-focused Objectives

VALUES *Maagap at Mapaghalingang Serbisyo* *Serbisyong Walang Puwang sa Katiwalian* *Patas na Pagtrato sa Komunidad*

The **DSWD Strategic Results Framework** was developed focusing on the intended socio-economic and development outcomes for 2017-2022 as well as the **Ambisyon Natin 2040** which is the primary anchor of the country's development plans. These outcomes are expected to contribute to the sectoral and societal goals of the country as articulated in the Philippine Development Plan (PDP) 2017-2022, particularly on accelerating human capital development (Chapter 10) and building socio-economic resiliency of individuals and families (Chapter 11), which would contribute to the overall plan goal to lay down the foundation for inclusive growth, a high-trust and resilient society, and a globally-competitive knowledge economy.

The Strategic Results Framework has two major sections: the ***Client-focused Objectives*** and the ***Organization-focused Objectives***. The Client-focused Objectives section is comprised of objectives which are focused on bringing changes in clients' (beneficiaries and intermediaries) lives or behavior and capacity as a result of utilizing the Department's core outputs.

On the other hand, ***Organization-focused Objectives*** section focuses on ensuring organizational effectiveness of the Department. To guarantee that the implementation of programs and services will deliver the intended results reflected in the ***Client-focused Objectives*** section, the Department shall manage its resources efficiently and ensure that its institutional processes, systems and human resources are in place.

The DSWD shall contribute to the sectoral and societal goals through ensuring that the Department's ***Organizational Outcomes (OOs)*** are attained. OOs are the intended changes in clients' (beneficiaries and intermediaries) lives or behavior and capacity. The following OOs essentially aim to sustain the gains from the DSWD Strategic Goals and take into consideration the thrust of the new administration to intensify its disaster response operations, as well as its regulatory, licensing and accreditation functions.

- OO 1: *Well-being of poor families improved*
- OO 2: *Rights of the poor and vulnerable sectors promoted and protected*
- OO 3: *Immediate relief and early recovery of disaster victims/survivors ensured*
- OO 4: *Continuing compliance of SWD agencies to standards in the delivery of social welfare services ensured*
- OO 5: *Delivery of SWD programs by LGUs, through LSWDOs, improved*

The Department's outputs are delivered by following programs classified through the Program Expenditure Classification Approach (PREXC)¹: ***Promotive Social Welfare Program, Protective Social Welfare Program, Disaster Response and Management Program, SWDAs Regulatory Program, and SWD Technical Assistance and Resource Augmentation Program***. It is important to note that these outputs of the Departments are synergistic and non-mutually exclusive to achieve the Organizational Outcomes

(Source: DSWD Strategic Plan 2018-2022)

¹ PREXC is an approach which restructures an agency's budget to group all recurring activities as well as projects under appropriate programs or key strategies (DBM).



The CY 2019 Compendium of DSWD and Selected SWD Statistics is prepared by the Planning and Monitoring Division (PMD) of the Policy Development and planning Bureau (PDPB) of DSWD. For queries and clarification, please contact telephone numbers 951-7120 or at 931-8101 locals 317 and 318.

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